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# The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

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VOL. XXV NO. 104 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

# Federation Doomed: Will Princes Join It?

## *Jawahar's Warning And Appeal*

### Treaty That People Will Make Will Alone Count In Future, He Says

### CHOICE BEFORE STATES

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President has issued the following statement through the "United Press":—

"The constitutional deadlock that has arisen in India, immediately on the introduction of the New Constitution, has brought home to many the real significance of that Constitution more than any amount of explanation and analysis.

The Act may remain on the Statute Book yet awhile and the shadow ministries function, backed by the British power. But all this is unreality, the land of ghosts and spooks.

#### FIGHT THIS FEDERAL STRUCTURE

**The reality of to-day is British Imperialism on one side and the Indian nationalism as represented by the Congress on the other. The Act has no place in the picture and so it is collapsing at the first touch. But we have to hasten this process at either end and so we must remember that the federal part still raises its ugly head in the mists of the future.**

**The Congress has directed us to fight this Federal structure and to prevent its introduction, for nothing is so bad in the Act as this Federal part.**

#### ALLIES OF BR. IMPERIALISM

"What of the Princes? We hear vague rumours of some agreeing and some doubting. These Princes, nearly all of them, have acted during the past years of the National struggle as the close allies of British Imperialism. Consistently they have been unfriendly to the National movement. Are they going to register another unfriendly act by joining the Federation despite the unanimous opposition of political India to this structure?

This will be a grave decision for them and they will thus align themselves even more than before in opposition to the people of India.

#### APPEAL TO PRINCES

**There is a great deal of talk of the Independence of the States and of their special treaties and the like. But the thing that is going to count in future is the treaty that people of India make with others. The Act will go inevitably with all its hundreds of sections and its special powers and its federation. So I would ask the Princes to consider this matter from this point of view and not to rush in where wiser people fear to tread."—United Press.**

## JAPANESE GOVT. CRISIS

### General Hayashi's Appeal To Party Leaders For Support

TOKIO, May 3.

General Hayashi announced this morning that his Government intended to remain in power. As a result of the election the Government supporters in the Diet number only 40 out of 466 seats.

General Hayashi's announcement was made after a Cabinet conference and an audience with the Emperor. The announcement expresses the hope that political patry men will reconsider their attitude and adds that a survey of Home and Foreign Affairs shows that the situation confronting Japan is "quite serious." The only way to overcome the difficulty lies in the execution of Reforms conforming to the trend of the times by deprecating both conservative and radical measures.

It is my hearty expectation that the newly elected members of Parliament will endeavour to assist the administration of the country by correctly understanding the current situation and by developing the constitutional Government peculiar to Japan in a spirit of devotion, public service and self effacement.—Reuter.

## MRS. SIMPSON BECOMES FREE

### Divorce Decree Made Absolute: Windsor Leaves St. Wolfang

LONDON, May 3.

Mrs. Ernest Simpson's divorce decree has been made absolute.

Mrs. Wallis Simpson's divorce was made absolute in the Divorce Court in London this morning by Sir Boyd Merriman. It was one of the 78 in the list and was undefended. The proceedings, which were purely formal, lasted 25 seconds, Sir Boyd Merriman asking: "Is there any appearance in any of these causes?" Upon receiving no response he pronounced the decrees absolute.

A message from Tours says:—Mrs. Simpson heard the news within a few mintes by telephone. She said she had no comment to make.

A message from St. Wolfgang says:—The Duke of Windsor, who was also informed promptly, is understood to be leaving here today.—Reuter.

## Bengal Premier's 'Volte Face'

### Jawahar Exposes Fazlul Haq's Pretentions And Performance

### JUTE WORKERS' FIGHT

CALCUTTA, May 3.

**"The Ministers in this province who secured their elections to the Provincial Legislative Assembly profusely swearing by their solicitude for redressing the grievances of the masses, are now behaving in a manner which shows that the voices of the down-trodden millions do not reach their high pedestal.**

**Or else how can one account for the astounding 'volte-face' of Mr. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, who after having declared the demands of the strikers as legitimate only some weeks back should now turn round and condemn the strike leaders as mere political agitators inspired by Moscow influences"?**

**Thus declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the course of a speech dealing with the Bengal strike situation at Town Hall this evening, the Mayor of Calcutta presiding.**

Continuing Pandit Jawaharlal said:—

"Though the present jute strike is for the moment confined to the areas round about Calcutta, it is merely symptomatic of Labour conditions in India and must influence the whole Labour movement in the country".

Referring to Mr. Fazlul Huq's remark in justification of his agreeing to serve as Minister under the new Constitution that the King's Government must go on, the Congress President said that only six months ago when the speaker was in Calcutta Mr. Fazlul Huq had seen him, declared himself as a "Khadem" (servant) of the Congress and even wanted money from the Congress to help him in his election expenses.

Concluding Panditji characterised the demands of the strikers as eminently reasonable and appealed to the people, not only of Bengal but of whole country to lend strength to the strikers.—United Press.

### *Congress President On Jute Strike*

Referring to the demands of jute mill strikers Pandit Nehru thought they were eminently reasonable. The fact remained that the Labour Commission themselves had recommended most of the strikers' demands. The employers were now resisting the demands simply because they were afraid of the labour movement developing in India. If public opinion strongly supported the demands of the strikers and came to their help, it would be quite impossible for the Government to resist them. Pandit Nehru added:

CONGRESS VINDICATED

To-day it was the problem of jute workers. To-morrow it might be a bigger agrarian problem of Bengal. If the Ministers concerned were helpless and powerless that was the position which the Congress took and for that purpose they had made it clear that unless they had an assurance that there would be no interference with the work of Ministers they would not accept office in the provinces where they were in a majority.

WHY DOES HE NOT INTERFERE?

That was the real significance of the Congress asking for that assurance. The Congress did not want a situation in which the ministers would come to the people and say that they were helpless and powerless and could only sympathise. If on the other hand Mr. Fazlul Huq had power to bring vital changes as regards the problem affecting labour, why did not he interfere in the presennt strike?.—A. P.

The "Flying Ranee": The photo shows the gathering at the Bombay Central on the occasion of the inaugural run to Surat on Saturday last.

## Madras Minister's Efforts To Tamper With Congress Loyalty Fails

MADRAS, May 3.

**Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has released for publication a statement of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Chairman of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee, in which the latter says that the public will be glad to know that efforts on the part of so-called "interim" ministers to tamper with the loyalty of Congress members of the legislatures have utterly failed.**

BRAVE AND NOBLE

**The brave and noble resitance of Bihar Harijan members to temptations offered by a Minister has been appreciated publicly by Mahatma Gandhi.**

MINISTER'S OVERTURES

**When Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar was in Mangalore on March 21. He was informed that some Congress members of the Madras Legislative Assembly had been approached by one of the 'interim' Council of Ministers in Madras.**

Mr. A. B. Shetty gave him detailed account of what had happened. A letter was thereupon addressed by Mr. Shetty to the Ministers concerned.

Mr. Shetty has been a member of the Madras Legislature for many years past and was returned on Congress ticket in the last general election.

DISREPUTABLE TACTICS

In publishing this correspondence Sardar Patel remarks that he has decided to release it for publication in order to expose the disreputable tactics to which these Ministers descent to retain the offices they have taken evidently not to serve the public but to serve themselves.

In the conversation the Minister in question is alleged to have had with Mr. Shetty, the Minister is stated to have proposed that some Congress members of the Madras Legislative Assembly should form a separate group with a view to accepting office unconditionally and that if about fifty such members could be got together the Ministry could be reshuffled.—A. P.

### *"NO CONFIDENCE" MEMORIAL*

MADRAS, May 3.

A memorial to the Governor of Madras by the members of the Madras Legislature expressing "no confidence" in the "interim" Ministry is now ready and will be despatched to the Governor to-morrow.

It is understood that 197 members have affixed their signatures to the memorial and two more are expected in time for despatch to-morrow

A very large number of members of Muslim and other minority communities are also signatories to the memorial.—United Press.

## India Impasse In Commons

### Butler Asked To Avoid Formalities And Face Realities

LONDON, May 3.

Series of supplementary questions were evoked by question of Mr. Morgan Jones requesting Government to suggest a formula for agreement with Congress leaders whereby judges of the Federal Court might act as arbitrators.

Mr. Butler drew attention to his reply on April 26 and said similar considerations applied to the present suggestion.

Mr. Morgan Jones sought an assurance that nothing would impede the Government doing their utmost to secure convening of the Assemblies.

Mr. Butler pointed out that it was for the Governors to summon the Assemblies within six months.

### *THE THREE MUSKETEERS*

#### *Story Begins To-day*

**The well-known story by Alexander Dumas with illustrations begins to-day in the "Bombay Chronicle" Please see page 8.**

Mr. Jones interposed: It is not desirable that six months should elapse before Government take the initiative.

Mr. Butler retorted: I said the Assemblies must be summoned within six months.

FACE REALITIES

Sir Alfred Knock suggested that Mr. Butler should avoid formalities and face the realities.

Mr. Wedgwood Benn asked what was the precise difficulty in summoning the leaders in six Provinces, where Congress has won the elections.

Mr. Butler said the Governors had summoned the leaders of majority parties.

Mr. Lansbury expressed the opinion that the Governor-General should take a hand and clear up the misunderstanding between the Government and the Congress.

Mr. Butler said if approached the Governor General would certainly give the matter consideration.

Mr. Lansbury deprecated any standing on dignity. "The Governor-General is very strong. It is his business to bring about a settlement."—Reuter

## Prepare For Future That Looms Ahead

### CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S CALL FOR ACTION

### Programme Of Work Explained: Circulars To Provinces

ALLAHABAD, May 3.

**Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, has circularised to all the Provincial Congress Committees to appoint an organising secretary in each of them according to the decision of the Faizpur Congress session.**

#### Coronation Functions

**In another circular the Congress President asks the Provincial Congress Committees to remind Congressmen and others that it is derogatory to the dignity and against the policy of the Congress to take any part whatever in the Coronation functions on whatever type and whatever scale they may be. He, therefore, enjoins on all non-participation in the same.**

#### The Two Flags

**In a third circular he has issued directions with regard to the treatment to be given to the Congress Flag and Red Flag at Congress meetings, about which reference had been made to the Working Committee.**

#### No Rivalry

**He points out that "so far as the Congress is concerned our flag is the National Tri-colour Flag. At all Congress functions the National Flag must dominate the scene, though between that and the Red Flag or any other flag there can be no rivalry".—United Press.**

### *PREPARE FOR FUTURE THAT LOOMS AHEAD*

#### *Allahabad Decision And Congress Programme*

ALLAHABAD, May 3.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, has issued circulars to all the Provincial Congress Committees explaining to them the implications of the resolution passed by the Congress Working Committee at Allahabad. The circular states:—

"You have no doubt read carefully in the press the resolution passed recently by the Working Committee on the present situation and the constitutional deadlock that has been created by the refusal of the Governors to give assurances asked for in terms of the A.I.C.C. resolution. This resolution clarifies the present position which has been already sufficiently discussed in statements issued by Gandhiji and others.

IMPORT OF RESOLUTION

"It is desirable that the full import of the resolution and the future possibilities should be explained to all Congressmen and the public generally so that we may have the intelligent co-operation of all in our future steps. What the future may bring we cannot say, but we have to be prepared for all contingencies. It is by our organised and disciplined strength alone that we can shape that future. Hence the stress on the constructive programme of the Congress.

CONGRESS PROGRAMME.

"Previous resolutions of the Congress and the Working Committee have laid stress on the Agrarian problem and on the questions affecting the industrial workers. All these together form the Congress programme and all these have to be worked for.

"Above all I would beg of you to remember the future that looms ahead and to prepare for this. Congress members of the Provincial Legislatures must keep in constant touch with their constituents.

BLACK FLAG DEMONSTRATION.

Then there is one matter which I should like to clarify. The Working Committee, while strongly condemning those who have accepted ministerships in defiance of the majority in the Legislatures and the popular will, have advised that hostile black flag demonstration should be avoided. This does not mean that such demonstrations are always illegitimate, nor is it, in any way, condemnation of those of our comrades, who have so far taken part in them. Several have gone to prison because of these and our sympathy goes to them. But the Committee felt that under existing circumstances such demonstrations were unnecessary and that they gave fictitious importance to certain individuals who are styled as ministers today. Therefore they have advised against them and this advice should be followed everywhere in disciplined manner. At the same time holding of meetings for denouncing the action of the so-called ministers has been encouraged."—United Press

## STOP PRESS.

FRANCO'S "NO" TO BRITAIN

LONDON, May 3.

Contrary to expectation Gen. Franco has declined to guarantee safety of operations in the Port of Bilbao in connection with the projected evacuation of refugees with the co-operation of British warships on the ground that air action is being taken against traffic and military objectives there.

He states that the Valencia Government have recently rejected the insurgents proposal for evacuation of non-combatants in the sanctuary of Virgen Delacabeza. Gen. Franco suggests that guaranteed safety zone could be established between Bilbao and Santander and he is also willing to admit non-combatants to Nationalist territory.—Reuter.

BRITAIN UNDETERRED

LONDON, May 3.

Notwithstanding Gen. Franco's rejection of Bilbao evacuation scheme the British Government intend to give the proferred assistance declared Mr. Eden at question time in the House of Commons amid cheers.

British warships will offer all possible protection on high seas to any ship leaving Bilbao with women, children, old people and refugees and insurgent authorities have been informed of this decision.—Reuter.

# OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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**CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

**SPECIAL REDUCTION** in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

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**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

### 42. SITUATIONS VACANT

**Wanted A Stenographer Strong in** English salary Rs. 75 or more according to experience. Apply Box No. 8177 "Bombay Chronicle."

**Clerks, storekeeper, stenographer,** doctor, nurse, female and male teachers wanting urgent posts consult:—"GLIC," Educational and Employment Agents, Kirti Bldg., Forbes St., Bombay. (8227)

### 56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS.

**It may sound strange but it is** true that Unemployment, in this Land of Hopes, and hardly anything but Hopes, is very excessive and the effects felt by the unfortunate people are dire. In such condition it would be Irony of Fate to expect the victims to spare even the smallest amount to pay for an Advertisement expressing their desire to get a job—any job. Most of the Applicants seem to be extremely anxious to get work of any kind and at any salary—just enough to help them exist on the face of this Earth and not to exit untimely. The Management of this Paper gives space to the following Announcements without any charge and sincerely appeals to the Employers to go through the list and see if they can be of any help to anyone who may seem to be suitable. Even a ray of Hope from the Employer-Readers would be appreciated by these people. (Of).

**Young, experienced undergraduate,** well up in English, knowing typewriting and independent correspondence. Now Unemployed, seeks situation as assistant in watch shops, medical shops or anywhere on reasonable salary. Please write to: K. Naga Jois, C/o South Indian Lodge, Faredoon Terrace, Matunga, Bombay, 19. (10—23).

**15 years experience in printing,** business, Hindu. Now Unemployed, seeks position as Manager, Superintendent or Canvasser, write to G. V Bhagwat, Bhagirathi Bldg., No. 2, Block No. 7, Chikalwadi, Grant Road, Bombay. (11—3).

**An experienced Advocate with 10** years' secretarial experience. Now Unemployed, seeks any position, such as, Private Secretary to any Chief, or Police Prosecutor, or Judicial or Revenue Officer, in any Native State or office assistant. Good references. Please write to, V. C. Satoskar, Cadel Road, Dadar, Bombay, No. 14. (12—40).

**Young Parsee. Now Unemployed,** seeks job of clerk, typist or salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. Please write to S. R. Lala, c/o Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club, Esplanade Maidan, Bombay. (13—26).

**Marine First Class Engineer, with** extra qualifications and experience. Now Unemployed, desires job on land or with a shipping concern. Excellent references. Terms reasonable. Please reply to K. P. Ghandy, New Bombay-Agra Road, Thana. (14—16).

### 62. TO BE LET

**To let for vegetarian Hindus, airy** well ventilated westerly blocks, at Hira Villa, Baptista Road, Ville Parle West. Apply within. (8180).

### 64. ACCOMMODATION OFFERED

**To Let—Second and third floor of** Heera House, Sandhurst Road. Spacious accommodation for Hindus only for office or residential purposes. (8217)

### 68. FLATS TO LET

**For Hindus Only.—Airy Flats of** five, three and two rooms in Parvati Mansion Plot No. 164 A Vincent Road, Dadar at Reduced Rents. Apply Receiver's Office at the premises between 9 and 11 a.m. or to Lowji 60, Forbes Street, Fort, Telephone 20280. (8220)

### 146 SCHOOLS (BOARDING).

**Applications Invited for Boarders** attending Gujarati primary classes by Bania family residing on seashore sixty miles from Bombay annual charges 132 onwards all found only children under ten accepted. Apply R. Vanmalidass Company, 52, Vithabhai Patel Road, Bombay. (8209)

### 251. INSURANCE AGENTS.

**The Scottish Union & National** Insurance Company (Established 1824) have pleasure in announcing that in the re-organization of their Life Business in India there are several vacancies for the posts of District Organisers. Applications from gentlemen of good social standing with previous experience in the profession are invited. Reply to:—Chief Office for India, 6, Lyons Range, Calcutta. (5356)

### 278. TAILORS & OUTFITTERS

**Wanted expert Cutters & Tailors** in Men's Garments, on liberal pay. Apply Box No. 8218, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 327. AGENTS WANTED

**Wanted—Sole Agents in Bombay** for sale and distribution of a first class Film Magazine. Excellent reference. Apply Box No. 8226, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted for a First Class Sugar** Mill situated in U.P. separate Selling Agents for each of the following places:—(1) Punjab, (2) Bombay Presidency, (3) Madras Presidency, (4) Bengal and Behar and (5) United Provinces and Central Provinces. For terms and particulars apply to Box No. 5365 "Bombay Chronicle".

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## Public Notices.

Private and Confidential.

THE INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO., LD.

12, Mission Row, Calcutta
30th April, 1937.

To
THE SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Sir/Madam,

In view of the necessity for a complete reorganisation of the Accounts as the result of the amalgamation with the Bengal Iron Company, it will not be possible to present them to shareholders with a report on the working of the amalgamated Company for the year 1936/37 for some little time to come, which, it is estimated, will be at least four months. In view, however, of the satisfactory nature of the year's working, the Managing Agents and your Board feel justified in making the distribution out of profits which, they are satisfied, are available and, accordingly, have decided to make payment of an 'ad interim' dividend of one rupee per share. This dividend will be payable on or after the 18th May next to those shareholders who are entitled to receive dividends and who are on the register at the close of business on the 10th May, 1937. We take this opportunity, also, of giving shareholders a short statement of the position of your Company.

The amalgamation of the Bengal Iron Company with your Company became effective on the 2nd December, 1936. The combined pig iron production at your Hirapur and Kulti Works amounted to 681,616 tons up to the 31st of March this year, comprising 516, 264 tons from Hirapur and 165,353 tons from Kulti. The comparatively small production at Kulti was due to the fact that it was only in the middle of February, 1937, that the second furnace at the Kulti Works was blown in. It will not be out of place to mention that the Hirapur production this year was a record from the inception of the Company, although for a considerable period during the year the furnaces were put on to making foundry iron. The previous highest production was 460,358 tons.

59,100 tons of Castings have been turned out at the foundries at Kulti during the year despite the fact that the sleeper foundries were idle for more than two months for lack of orders. The production at the Eastern Light Castings Company amounted to 3,852 tons of high class light castings.

The sales of the year have been at satisfactory prices on the whole, but shareholders must remember that it was only about the end of the year that there was any substantial rise in the price of pig iron so that for the financial year the Company has had practically no advantage from the present high prices.

As to the future, your Managing Agents confidently hope that the production of pig iron for 1937/38 at the two Works will be approximately 790,000 tons. In addition to the sale of 400,000 tons of pig iron made to the United Kingdom for delivery over a period of two years at satisfactory prices, which was announced in the press a short while ago, further substantial sales of pig iron have been made to Japan and U.S.A. as well as to Great Britain at very satisfactory prices, and your Company is in a position to take advantage of the present demand as and when opportunity offers, and there seems little doubt but that the balance of the production available for sale during the current year—about 260,000 tons—will be disposed of at increasing prices.

In addition, your foundries are working at full output on profitable contracts and there is at present a very useful market for by-products.

On the basis of present market conditions it is anticipated that the profit of the Company will be in the region of Rs. 2 crores this year.

While a recent detailed survey of your Works by independent experts indicates that the plant is in first class condition, your Managing Agents and Board have decided on a programme of extension which will provide for any increased demands during the following years. Your Company has passed through a long period of depression which necessitated a rigorous economy all round. Now that we are entering an era of comparative prosperity, your Managing Agents have included in their expansion programme provision of further amenities for the staff and particularly for the labour employed at the Works. It is with gratification that they record the very loyal services rendered by the staff and the labour force during the past lean years.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.

6371.

## Public Notices.

**THE AHMEDABAD MFG. & CALICO PTG. CO., LTD.**
AHMEDABAD.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for Scrap Metal and Old Machinery which is to be sold as Scrap including two large Steam Engines and certain waste Plants, at the Calico and Jubilee Mills. Interested buyers may visit the respective Mills and see the undersigned for the settlement of the offers.

Office Assistant,
CALICO MILLS CO., LTD.,
Ahmedabad.

(5368)

SCHEDULE "A".

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.**
**(Rule 8.)**

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the Public information in accordance with Rule 8. Part II. of the Rules for places of Public Amusement in the City of Bombay, 1914, made under Section 22, Sub-Section (1), clauses (f), (i), (g), and (h), of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, by the Commissioner of Police Bombay, with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in Council, that we, S.J., P.J., & C.J., Dubash propose erecting a Cinema Theatre (Talkie House) on Municipal plots No. 283 between Mahalaxmi over bridge and Clerk Road on the ground leased from the Bombay Municipality admeasuring about 1840 sq. yards and assessed under Municipal G Ward No. 48 (8 at 11) Street No. 48G, 48H, 88B, 88A, and registered under Collector's New Survey No. 1|3422 part of

Notice is hereby given that any objection to the erection of the said Cinema Theatre should be received by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, not later than the 18th day of May 1937 that is to say within 14 days from the date of this notice.

P. J. DUBASH,
76, Custom House Road,
Bombay No. 1.
Bombay, 4th May, 1937.

(5385)

## Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAGHAVJI PURSHOTTAM has contracted with our client for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and encumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground containing by admeasurement 1166 square yards or thereabouts and registered along with other pieces of land under Collector's Old Nos 406 and 442, Collector's New Nos A/2290 and A/2319, Old Survey No. 58 and New Survey No. 1/7066 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 4/644 and 4A/644 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division together with the building standing thereon and known as Chandrakant Building and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes formerly under D Ward Nos. 3411, 3412, 3413 and 3414 and Street No. 224 (1, 2, 3) Forjett Street, but now under D Ward No. 3393 (1C) and (1H) and Street Nos. 57C and 1FF Raghavji Road all which premises are situate on the Northern side of Raghavji Road at Gowalia Tank in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Mrs. Shirinbai N. J. Dady, on or towards the West partly by the property of Mr. C. N. Cursetji and partly by the property of Mrs. Shirinbai N. J. Dady, on or towards the South by the property of Tyebji and Ebrahim Reshamwalla and on or towards the East by Raghavji Road.

Dated this 1st day of May, 1937.

BHAISHANKER KANGA &
GIRDHARLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

6372.


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DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

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Bill, Myrna and Asta, their dog—imagine the fun when they're back in another grand laugh-love-and-thrill treat! Greater than their first success!
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Produced by Hunt Stromberg

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NATAK MANDALI
BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE
BOMBAY.

On SUNDAY, the 9th May, at 3-30 p.m.
AMRITSIDHEE

On WEDNESDAY, the 12th May, at 3-30 p.m.
EKACH PYALA

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Skin Itch Cause Curbed Overnight

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| Manta | 10th | 25th |
| London | 24th | 8th June |
| Victoria | 25th | |
| Kifuku | 9th June | 24th |
| India | 24th | 9th July |
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## STEADY PROGRESS OF EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE CO.

### Chairman Reports Record Business Turn-over During Past Year

The 40th annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Empire of India Life Assurance Company, Limited, was held on Monday afternoon, at the Empire of India Building, Hornby Road.

Mr. Rustam K. R. Cama, Chairman of the Board of the Directors presenting the Report and statement of accounts said:

'You will have noticed the considerable increase in new business. 11,915 Policies were issued for Rs. 1,86,69,000 Sum Assured. This is an increase of 1,999 in number and Rs. 29,60,000 in amount over the totals of the previous year and is the largest volume of new business ever transacted in any year in the history of the Company. Large new business figures are not by any means the sole criterion of prosperity but it may be assumed that this Company which steadily secures an expansion of new assurances each year and systematically strengthens its financial position commands the confidence of the insuring public.

"The Life Assurance Fund increased by over Rs. 22,80,000 after placing a sum of Rs. 1,25,000 to Leasehold Property Reserve Fund, and including the Reserve Funds now amounts to Rs. 4,68,48,000. The total Assets are Rs. 4,87,-27,000.

"The investments are in gilt-edged securities of the highest class and all the Stock Exchange Securities are redeemable at par at fixed dates.

BILL MUST BE MODIFIED.

"I referred last year to representations that had been made to Government on Insurance Legislation and that in our view some of the proposals were scarcely desirable and we were not in agreement with them. Since then a Bill for consolidating and amending the law relating to insurance has been brought before the Assembly at Delhi. Several clauses of the Bill are far-raching in character at Delhi. Several clauses of the Bill are far-reaching in character and as I have said before while this Company would welcome and support legislation that would further the interests of Life Assurance and tend to the protection of Policyholders we are of opinion that the Bill will require considerable modification if it is to produce the results desired.

"At the Annual Meeting of Policyholders held a week ago Dr. N. H. Vakeel was re-elected a Director on their behalf.

"The Report and Accounts show the strength of the Company. Progress, without being meteoric, is steadily maintained. I take this opportunity to stress the importance of Life Assurance to all and particularly to the man of moderate means as the best way of providing for his dependants. I also claim that the financial strength and resources disclosed in the Report and Balance Sheet enable this Company to offer present and future policyholders advantages which compare most favourably with those obtainable elsewhere."

DIVIDEND AND BONUS.

In their Report, the Directors recommended a dividend of Rs. 2 per share, which with the bonus of Rs. 12 makes a total distribution of Rs. 14 per share for the year. The report was accepted.

Mr. F. E. Francis and Mr. E. B. Ghasvala were re-elected Directors.

Messrs. Batliboi and Purohit were re-appointed Auditors for the ensuing year.

## PLAGUE HAVOC IN U. P.

### Heavy Toll From Meerut District

MEERUT, May 3.

Plague is taking a heavy toll of lives in the United Provinces, according to the report of the Director of Public Health for the week ending April 24 when there were 506 attacks and 434 deaths. The Meerut district tops the list with 160 attacks and 125 deaths. Among the other districts affected by the disease, Azamgarh records 70 attacks and 58 deaths and Muzaffarnagar records 65 attacks and 60 deaths during the week.

A significant feature of the disease is that it is more prevalent in villages than in towns and despite the earnest endeavour of the authorities there is no sign of the abatement of its virulence.—United Press.

### Okha Port Shipping

OKHA PORT, May 3.

The Port Officer, wires:

S.S. "Surada" of the British India line arrived on the 27th ultimo, discharged 212 tons of sugar and other general cargo from Calcutta and left the same day.—A. P.

## RECONSTRUCTION WORK HANDICAPPED

### Quetta Strikers Resort To Picketing

QUETTA, May 3.

Quetta labourers including masons, carpenters and others, who have been engaged in big reconstruction works in the Cantonment and Railway colony have struck work, it is understood, as a result of a reduction in daily wages.

Since this morning, batches of strikers have been picketing all entrances into the Cantonment, urging others to join them.

The strike has seriously affected reconstruction Works in the Cantonment, which are practically at a standstill. So far, no compromise has been effected between the contractors and the strikers whose number at present is believed to be over 2000.—A. P

## QUETTA STRIKERS' GRIEVANCES

QUETTA, May 3.

About 4,000 workmen who have struck work attended a public meeting to-day where they were addressed by several speakers, who asked them to maintain a United Front and not resume work till their grievances were redressed and their demands met by the contractors.

A Committee is being formed, which will record their grievances, which include a wage cut and overwork, and who will negotiate on their behalf with the contractors.—A. P.

## BURMA TAXES INDIAN SUGAR

SIMLA, May 3.

A press communique announces that with the separation of Burma on April 1, the Indian sugar exported to Burma on or after that date is liable to a countervailing import duty equivalent to the excise duty on importation into that country. Sugar so exported may claim exemption from payment of excise duty in India. If, however, excise duty be paid prior to export, refund of it is admissible on the production on satisfactory evidence before the Collector that the sugar has been so exported and that the excise duty has been paid on it.

The Collector referred to is the Collector of the District, where the factory, from which sugar was purchased and which paid excise duty, is situated.—A. P.

## INDO-BURMA AVIATION PLANS

SIMLA, May 3.

Mr. Tymms, Director of Civil Aviation, returned to Simla on Saturday after a tour of Burma.

It is understood that a scheme for the seaplane route across India and Burma has been agreed upon and also the establishment of an aerodrome and seadrome at Rangoon.—A. P.

### Railway Communication Restored

In continuation of his telegram of Sunday announcing derailment of (up) special goods train while running between Donakonda and Nandyal, the District Traffic Superintendent, M. & S.M. Rly., wires on Monday from Guntakkal to state that through communication has been restored at 19/30 hours yesterday.

### Invitees To Sind Congress M. L. A's Conference

KARACHI, May 3.

It is understood that Dr. Khan Saheb, Dr. Gopichand, Acharya Kripalani and Pandit Nekiram Sharma will attend the Congress Party Members Conference, which will be held on May 29 and 30 at Kandiaro to chalk out the programme of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly.—United Press

### Viceroy Will Open Cattle Conference On May 25

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 3.

The Cattle Conference to be opened by the Viceroy on May 25 is expected to take an important step to consolidate the success of the recent impetus given to the improvement of live stock in India. With the recent numerous presentations of bulls to improve the livestock throughout India, one problem has become increasingly urgent namely the necessity for supervising and maintaining these bulls properly.

In fact, this problem has become so acute that at a recent meeting in Madras it was recommended that in future no gift of bull should be accepted unless accompanied by an adequate provision for its maintenance.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

## RAJKOT PRINTERS ON STRIKE

### Sequel To Owners' Failure To Accede To Their Demands

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT: May 1.

Hundred and ten out of the 118 Press workers of the local printing presses have struck work from yesterday morning, the owners having not accepted their demands.

The strikers are adamant and are holding meetings and marching in procession. The Press Kamdar Union is leading the strike, and the local Youth Leaguers are making every endeavour to help the strikers.

One of the members of the Press Owners' Association has accepted all the demands 'in toto' and has resigned from the Association, protesting against the owners' stiff and unjustified attitude towards the workers.

On the other hand, the Owners' Association has given a threat to the workers that in case they do not resume work before the morning of the 2nd instant, their deposit pays will be forfeited.

A huge procession of printers, metal workers and others marched into the street of the city in celebration of the May Day, arranged by the local Youth League. A meeting is to be held in the evening.

As a sequel to the recent strike in the Dhiraj Metal Works, 17 leading workers are to-day dismissed from work. The workers are seething with unrest, and a strike is likely.

## *INTERIM MINISTRY MUST GO*

AKOLA, May 3.

At the Murtizapur Taluka Conference held at Jamathi village in Akola District, on the night of May 2 under the presidentship of Dr. Khare, M.L.A., Nagpur, more than 2,000 peasants were present.

The President explained the present political 'impasse' and vehemently attacked the action of the Ministers in helping to form an interim ministry.

The interests of British Imperialism and of the Indian masses are not identical, and the new constitution has safeguarded British interests at the cost of Indian interests, he said. Hence the constitution is unwanted.

Eight resolutions were passed including demands for free grazing land, a land mortgage bank, a village Panchayat, assessment of land revenue on an income tax basis and expressing no-confidence in the interim ministry.

The Honourable Mr. Biyani, Vir Waman Rao Joshi, Mr. Gole and others addressed the Conference.

## MUNICIPAL PERFECT ROLL CAMPAIGN

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD May 2.

The municipal authorities, it appears, had decided not to take on roll the voters of the new Legislative Assembly.

On representations made by Mr. Ramchandra Pandya, B.A., LL.B., Mr. R. D. Shukla, M.A., Mr. M. C. Desai, B.A. LL.B., and Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya to the Commissioner N.D., orders have been received by the Municipal authorities to take the Legislature voters on the Municipal roll.

The next Municipal elections will be held in August.

KNOWS ITS JOB AND DOES IT

Research and experience have atlast yielded a tooth brush that does its task to perfection. For 'Mira' is the modern idea of tooth brush efficiency—study its sterilised water-proof bristles—the shape of its head—and its altogether sturdy build. Mira tooth paste is a concentrated, safe cleanser. Mira products come from a famous laboratory. Every article is tested before being offered to the public. Send for a Mira set To-day.

Mira

TOOTH BRUSH DENTAL CREAM

Mira goods are British Made

Group of the Dewjee's Kanara XI who will meet the Young Goans again on Cooperage grounds, on Wednesday

Group of the Young Goans who met Dewjee's Kanara XI in finals of the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament which ended in a draw on the Cooperage on Wednesday.

## Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament

### Two Matches Decided On Opening Day

BOMBAY, Monday.

Two matches a day comprises the first week's programme in the Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament, which started at the Christ Church School ground Byculla, on Monday evening.

DISTRICT POLICE BEAT METROPOLITANS

A feature of the first match this evening between the Bombay District Police and the Metropolitans, was the good goalkeeping by Castellino, the Metropolitan's custodian, but for whom, the Police should have been atleast four goals up in the first half. After a scrappy game, the Police won by 3 goals to nil.

The Police dominate the exchanges in the first half but hardly crossed over with a lead of one goal, D. Sawant, their centre-forward, being the scorer.

It was the same tale in the second half and D. Sawant again scored the second and the third goal to bring out the Police winners by 3 goals to nil.

The Result:—

BOMBAY DISTRICT POLICE 3 goals.
METROPOLITANS Nil

The teams were:—

BOMBAY DISTRICT POLICE: Thornlor; L. Pinto and S. Jagtap; Dalvi, Kalekhan and G. More; A. More, J. Sawant, D. Sawant, P. Daniel and C. Jagtap.

METROPOLITANS: Castellino A. Silva, Verma; K. Talwar, Mohan Singh, P. Connelly; Setur Gabriel, Hussein, Kaura and A. Saw.

UMPIRES: L. Hibbert and Peters.

### *B. B. & C. I. Rly Win Second Match*

The second match, this evening, between the B.B. & C.I. Railway and St. Mary's Old Boys resulted in a comfortable victory for the former by 5 goals to nil.

Early in the first half, the Railwaymen, were awarded a penalty-bully and the St. Mary's goalkeeper, in taking the bully, made use of his pads, which is disallowed and this gave the railway their lead. A little later, D. McHugh, the Railway centre-forward, put his side one more up. At half-time, the Railway were leading by 2 goals.

Immediately after the change of ends it was D. McHugh again who scored the third goal for the Railway after a solo effort.

The Railway men added two more goals to their score, Francis and D. McHugh, claiming one each, and they left the field winners by 5 goals to nil.

The Result:—

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY 5 goals
ST. MARY'S OLD BOYS Nil

The teams were:—

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY: Thompson; Wallace and Wynne; Fido, Page and Herredia; Francis, McHugh, D. McHugh and Tascano.

ST. MARYS OLD BOYS: Jackson; Feriera and Lauson; Silva Olliveera and Clews; Meyers, Gomes, DeSouza, D'Mello and D'Cruz.

THE UMPIRES: L. Hibbert and S. Bhoor.

### *To-day's Matches*

AT 4-20 P.M.: Y.M.C.A. 'B' vs. Byculla Mechanics Institute.

AT 5-40 P.M.: White Spiders 'A' vs. Vincent Club.

### GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

London.—At Saunton, Pennink, ex-Oxford, Captain, beat Leonard Crawley, the amateur champion (six and five), in the final of the English Amateur Golf Championship of 36 holes. Pennink lead two/nil at the end of the first round.

### DAVIS CUP.

Brighton.—In the Davis Cup First Round New Zealand eliminated China (three matches to two.)

Amsterdam.—In the Davis Cup first round, South Africa eliminated Holland three matches to nil.—Reuter.

### IRELAND ELIMINATED

MONTREUX, May 2.

In the Davis Cup, Switzerland beat Ireland by three matches to two.—Reuter.

### AMERICA'S CUP.

London.—Mr. Tom Sopwith's Yachts the "Endeavour First" and the "Endeavour Second," left Gosport for the United States to challenge for the America's Cup. Mr. Sopwith has not yet decided which yacht will be used Both are being towed across the Atlantic by a Belgian trawler.

Baron von Neurath is due to arrive at Rome to-day to return the visit to Berlin paid by Count Ciano last autumn.

## DADAR TENANTS ORGANISE

### Provisional Committee To Frame Constitution Appointed

With the boom in building and the soaring rents in strange contrast with the falling prices, tenants in Bombay have begun to realise the need for organising themselves in defence of their rights and interests.

At an informal meeting of tenants held at Dadar during the week-end it was decided to organise the tenants of Dadar for the betterment of their conditions.

In this connection a provisional Sub-Committee consisting of the following members was appointed to prepare the draft constitution of the proposed Tenants Association in Dadar: Dr. M. K. Vaidiar, and Messrs. T. C. Nagarkar, G. N. Kamath, E. S. Bhayat, D. S. Rao.

It is being arranged to launch the organisation at a public meeting to be held in Dadar in the next few days.

Those requiring further particulars may communicate with the Committee C/o M. K. Vaidiar, M. G. Medical Hall, Mayor Building, Dadar (Opp. Dadar B. B. and C. I. station).

## *FATAL FALL FROM HEIGHT OF 8 FT.*

BOMBAY, Monday.

A verdict of accidental death was returned to-day, by the Bombay Coroner's Jury at the inquest held on the body of Maruti Gangaram (45), who died in the J.J. Hospital yesterday, following a fall from a height of eight feet.

## BIJAPUR HARD HIT

### Jamnadas' Impressions Of His Tour

### OVER 60 VILLAGES TO GET RELIEF

POONA, May 3.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding the programme of the present ministry Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the Finance Minister, said that the programme drawn up must appeal to all lovers of the country who had the welfare of the agriculturists at heart.

"We are going on with it in the hope that the legislature will approve of it." "Let us be judged on our merits." he added.

"We shall be glad to give way to anybody who can show they have a better programme and are prepared to work it in practice."

A more extensive programme of relief may now be undertaken as a result of Mr. Mehta's tour extending to nearly a week, and covering over 60 villages in the Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Poona Districts. From official responsible for administration and personal contact with villagers, it has been possible, it is understood to ascertain the plight of the peasants and the extent of the relief needed

Mr. Mehta arrived here to-day after visiting over 33 villages in the Bijapur district, which is hard hit.—A. P.


# Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

**American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.**

Dr. T. A. Ellis

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

### Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

### Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

### Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.

# REAL HEALTH for Everybody

*"Sanatogen has an immediate and remarkable effect, shown by steady increase of strength and energy. At the same time the colour is brought back to the cheeks", writes a physician in the "Medical Press and Circular".*

Sanatogen is made especially to feed the nerves, to strengthen the blood and to recharge every cell of the weakened body with the elements that create new vitality. Sanatogen increases, in a natural way, your vital powers of resistance against the weakening influence of Malaria and other feverous diseases. 25,000 physicians have recommended Sanatogen in writing as an ideal strengthening food. It *must* do you good.

***Regain new Strength and Vitality by starting a course of Sanatogen to-day.***

# SANATOGEN

*The True Tonic Food*

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

NOT TOUCHED BY HAND

# AROUND THE COURTS

**BOMBAY, Monday.**

There was a serious stabbing affray opposite the Alexandra Cinema, Foras Road, last night, when the proprietor of a hair cutting saloon and his newly appointed assistant were the victims of a daring outrage at the hands it is alleged, of a dismissed assistant.

Phaya and Jumman, the injured persons, were removed to Hospital and detained for treatment. The assailant absconded and is still at large.

Refused to comply with the demand for money to have a drink is alleged to be the motive which led to the stabbing of Balkrishna Narayan at Khetwadi 4th Lane last night.

The alleged assailant, Santaram Ambaji, was arrested on the spot and marched off to the police station. The injured man was removed to the hospital.

In a fire which broke out in a cap merchant's shop in Grant Road early this morning, damage to the extent of about Rs. 2,500 was caused before the flames were extinguished.

At about 6 a.m. smoke was noticed issuing from the shop of Shivlal Nathoobhai, and the fire brigade was summoned. Two engines from Gowalia Tank Road and Babulnath responded to the summons and extinguished the fire within half an hour.

The cause of the fire is being investigated by the Lamington Road Police.

Fully clothed and fearless of consequences, a police constable jumped into the sea on Saturday afternoon and saved the life of a woman, who, it is alleged, had thrown herself into the sea, in order to end her life.

This was the story narrated by the Colaba police at the Esplanade Court, when they charged Minabai, wife of Barucha, with an attempt to commit suicide.

It was stated that on Saturday afternoon a police constable noticed the woman behaving in a rather queer manner near Apollo Bunder. While he was watching her, the woman is reported to have run to the sea wall and jumped into the sea.

The constable without waiting to take off his uniform plunged in after her and managed to hold her up till someone from the shore threw a lifebuoy.

She was then brought to the shore and taken to the G. T. Hospital where she is detained.

Pending her discharge from hospital, the hearing of the case was adjourned to May 10.

Bideshi Matabadal (35), a victoria driver was found lying dead at Gazdar Street off Girgaon Road, this morning at about 4 in his hack victoria, No. 1835.

Pending the report of the Chemical Analyser, the inquest was adjourned to May 15th.

Telegraph and lamp posts were knocked down by two motor-cars in the week-end.

The drivers of both the cars are alleged to have been under the influence of liquor while at the wheel; and one of them, who sustained injuries, is also stated to have disregarded the warning signal of a Traffic Constable. They were remanded on bail at the Girgaum Court, to-day.

After wrecking a gas lamppost at the junction of Damar Lane and a bye-lane at Gamdevi, Ramchander Bhagawandas was stated to have dashed the car against a wall while driving it along Hughes Road on Saturday.

Two occupants and the driver escaped miraculously, while the cleaner sustained injuries on the head. The cleaner was sitting by the side of the motor-driver.

Ramchandra Bhagawandas was placed before Mr. K. J. Khambata, Officiating Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, to-day.

While applying for bail, the Police officer stated that the accused was under the influence of liquor while at the wheel and that he drove his car on the wrong side of the road throughout.

Even after a dash with lamppost which came down with a crash and the lamp was smashed, the accused drove on until his further progress was blocked by a wall.

With a loud noise, the car rolled back, its right side completely jammed, the mudguards turned and twisted and the radiator smashed.

The car was on its way to Chowpatty.

Pending further Police enquiries the driver of the motor-car charged with rash and negligent driving was ordered to be released on bail by the Magistrate.

**Did Not Heed Warning**

On Friday morning another motor-driver, also alleged to have been under the influence of liquor, was seen by a Police Constable on duty going zig-zag on the road.

Although the Constable asked him to stop, the driver was stated to have driven away.

The motor-car stopped after an impact with a lamp-post and a telephone post, both of which were damaged.

The driver of the motor-car who sustained injuries was removed to the J. J. Hospital.

Ramaswamy Jagannath charged with rash and negligent driving was ordered to be released on bail, to-day, at the Girgaum Police Court.

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*Bombay Agents:* ORIENT DRUG AGENCY PRINCESS ST.



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## BODY OF UNEMPLOYED MAN FOUND IN SEA

An inquest was held to-day on the body of Bhikaji Kashinath Bhosle (35) residing at Chira Bazaar.

It was stated that the deceased was without occupation for five years. He was living with his brother. He left home last evening at 6 and never returned. This morning a policeman informed his brother that the dead body of Bhikaji had been found floating in the Sea at Back Bay Reclamation near the Sea Wall.

The Jury returned a verdict of death due to asphyxiation due to drowning, either accidental or suicidal.

## Looting Of Shops And Kidnapping Reported From Frontier

SIMLA, May 3.

One Hindu was killed, three wounded and one Hindu and one Sikh kidnapped as the result of a raid early in the morning yesterday in the village Paharpur in Dera Ismail Khan District.

The raid was carried on by a gang of 70 strong and the raiders looted 20 shops and burnt 10. The raiders are reported to have suffered casualties, defence rifles having been issued and the police stations warned.

Except slight sniping at the Jaler Camp and the cutting of telegraph wires, quiet is reported from North Waziristan on Saturday night. On Saturday night, a piquet near Wana in South Waziristan was sniped, but suffered no casualties. The Razmak Brigade is reported to have inflicted casualties on the enemy yesterday.

The Faquir of Ipi is reported to have visited Lashkars in Lower Khaisora and remains near Arsal Koti.—United Press.

*Rs. 30 Per Mensem*

# Living Wage For Civic Employees

## CITY FATHERS SUPPORT SOCIALIST MOTION

## Standing Committee Asked To Reconsider Its Recommendation

**Mr. M. R. Masani after months of fight was successful on Monday in enlisting sympathy of his colleagues on the Municipal Corporation to do something for the improvement of the prospects of the Municipal employees who get less than Rs. 30 a month.**

**The question of fixing minimum salary of the Municipal employees at Rs. 30 per month was taken up by Mr. M. R. Masani and Mr. Meherally about a year ago and it was sent to the Standing Committee twice before for consideration. The Standing Committee refused to accede to the request of Mr. Masani as the suggested increase in the salaries of the Municipal employees to a minimum of Rs. 30 per month would cost at least Rs. 12 lacs a year.**

**When the matter came before the Municipal Corporation on Monday at the motion of Mr. Masani it was once again sent back to the Standing Committee for reconsideration. This time however the Municipal Commissioner also expressed his sympathy and it is hoped something would be done.**

PLEA FOR MORE ELECTED SEATS

The Corporation also agreed to the resolution of Mr. Mathradas Tricumji to request the Government to increase the number of elected seats from 86 to 97.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji moved.

That His Worship the Mayor be requested to approach the Government with a request to undertake legislation for increasing the number of elected seats at Ward elections from 86 to 97 and the same to be distributed between the existing 7 wards as under:

| | |
|---|---|
| A Ward | 12 |
| B Ward | 16 |
| C Ward | 16 |
| D Ward | 15 |
| E Ward | 15 |
| F Ward | 11 |
| G Ward | 12 |

Mr. Mathradas suggested to give more seats to E, F and G Wards.

Mr. S. K. Patil seconded the proposition.

Mr. R. S. Asavle opposed the resolution and said it was a pious resolution as they knew that the Legislative Assembly was not likely to meet soon and amend the Municipal Act.

Mr. Sultan Chinoy supported the proposition and said if the seats in the Assembly had been increased, he failed to see why the Municipal Corporation should not have a few more seats.

WHY NOT 100 SEATS?

Dr. S. P. Mehta moved an amendment to refer the matter to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee with a request to increase the number of seats to 100.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram seconded the amendment.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai said after the introduction of Rs. five franchise, the number of voters had been increased and so the seats also should be increased.

Mr. M. N. Talpade suggested to increase seats according to the population or the strength of the voters.

Mr. S. K. Patil supporting the original proposition urged the House to make up their mind as to how many seats they wanted. Once they made up their mind on that question whether the Assembly met in July or later was immaterial.

Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole moved another amendment to raise the number of seats to 100 and give F and G Wards 13 seats each.

ORIGINAL MOTION CARRIED

At this stage closure was moved and both the amendments being put to vote were thrown out and the original proposition was carried.

MINIMUM SALARY

The House then considered the report of the Standing Committee regarding a recommendation that no person in the Municipal employment shall be given a salary of less than Rs. 30 per month. The Standing Committee agreed with the Municipal Commissioner's report that it was not possible to give effect to the recommendation to give a minimum salary of Rs. 30 per month as it would cost at least Rs. 12 lacs per month extra.

Mr. Sultan Chinoy moved to approve and adopt the report of the Standing Committee.

LET THEM RECONSIDER

Mr. M. R. Masani moved an amendment to send back the matter to the Standing Committee for reconsideration.

Mr. Masani said last August this matter was sent to the Standing Committee but nothing was done in the matter. Even European members like Mr. W. R. G. Smith and Mr. Wade had thought that some advance should be made in fixing the minimum salary. There were some Municipal employees who got as much as Rs. 13 and Rs. 17 per month. If it costs Rs. 12 lacs a month to the Corporation, they could raise the general tax by half per cent. and he felt sure the landlords would not mind it.

Prof. S. R. Davar said when this question came before the Standing Committee he had suggested some 'via media' and if the matter was again sent to the Standing Committee, he assured the House that the matter would be considered sympathetically.

Mr. M. N. Talpade also suggested to increase the general tax to pay the poor employees.

COMMISSIONER EXPLAINS

The Municipal Commissioner said when the resolution was first moved last year it was not properly worded. Mr. Masani and Mr. Meherally wanted minimum salary of Rs. 30 per month. Then again last year during budget discussion no one moved to increase the general tax to make up Rs. 12 lacs for the increase in the salaries of the employees. He did not want to oppose the amendment but if they wish to give effect to the resolution of Mr. Masani they should also be prepared to increase the general tax proportionately.

The amendment being put to vote was carried as substantive proposition.

JAMSHEDJI TATA ROAD

The House then agreed to name the 120 feet road running from Church Gate Station to the south west in the Back Bay Reclamation scheme as Jamshedji Tata Road.

The Corporation then adjourned till Thursday.

## BIHAR PREMIER WITH SPADE & SHOVEL!

### Yunus Invites Rajen Babu To Witness His Operations

PATNA, May 3.

In order to give a lead to the people in repairing their private embankments as a flood preventive measure, the Honourable Mr. Mohamed Yunus, the Premier of Bihar, is leaving for Chapra on the evening of May 6.

Armed with a spade and shovel, the Premier will start work on the morning of the 7th on the Admapur bund (embankment), 39 miles north-west of Chapra (Siwan Sub-Division of Saran District), where he will himself help to repair the embankment.

The Premier has invited Babu Rajendra Prasad to accompany him.—A.P.

## WRECK NEW CONSTITUTION

### Kisan Conference Decision At Godhra

GODHRA, May 2.

A Kisan Conference of Godhra peasants was held at Vaghjipura, 16 miles away from Godhra when Mr. Yusuf Meherally presided. The Conference was attended by 3,000 peasants and continued upto 2 in the morning. Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Mr. Dinker Mehta and Mr. Godiwala of Students' Federation, and other workers of Gujerat and Kathiawar attended.

The Chairman of the Reception Committee Mr. Chhotubhai Shukla narrated in brief the condition of the peasantry and laid stress on the demands of the peasantry.

The Conference passed a number of resolutions the most important being the demand for the declaration of famine and debt moratorium and land-revenues remission for 5 years.

By another resolution it was decided to request the National Congress to launch an intensive campaign for wrecking the new constitution and the interim ministries.

## GHATKOPAR MILL STRIKE

### Workers Arrested And Released

Mr. Modak of the Servants of India Society writes:—

Seven strikers from Hattersley Mills, Ghatkopar, were arrested yesterday by the Suburban District Police and later released on bail.

The arrest was made in connection with an alleged assault on a man from Kurla.

Two hundred strikers including several women presented themselves at the police thana Ghatkopar to find out why the men were arrested.

This morning, the house of the arrested persons in Kiroi village, were searched by the police and two sticks were seized, including the walking stick of an old man.

The strikers held a meeting this morning beyond the prohibited area.

The strikers are determined to put up strong fight till they get their demands.

## *Congratulatory Address Voted For Dr. Moses*

A public meeting of the Bene-Israel community, under the joint auspices of all the Synagogues and important institutions of the community was held on Sunday evening in the Sir Elly Kadoorie Hall, to consider the question of presenting a congratulatory address to Dr. E. Moses on his being elected the Mayor of Bombay. Mr. Jacob I. Aptekar was voted to the chair.

Mr. Shalome Abraham moved the resolution to present an address and appointing a reception committee to make arrangements.

Messrs. B. S. Ezekiel, M A Jacob, I. J. Samson and Jacob Gadkar spoke on the resolution.

The resolution was then put to vote and passed unanimously.


# Kidney Acidity Causes 12 Dangerous Diseases

**Check Your Symptoms. And Take Advice of World-Noted Doctor if You Suffer from Getting Up Nights, Dizziness, Circles Under Eyes, Nervousness, Loss of Vigour, etc.**

Look at all the symptoms on this chart. If you suffer from any of them you should realize that your Kidneys are more vital to your Life and Health than any organ in your body except possibly the heart.

### How Kidneys Control Life

Your Kidneys have been provided by Nature to clean and purify your system. The blood of your body circulates through 9 million tiny delicate tubes in the Kidneys 200 times an hour. Each day normally acting Kidneys filter and remove 3 pints of Acids and Liquids from your blood. If the Kidneys get sick or slow down in their work, there is a gradual accumulation of Acids and Poisons, and slowly but surely your system is devitalized and poisoned, making you old before your time, undermining your health, and endangering your life. The Kidneys not only are intended to clean and purify your system, but are also directly connected with the sympathetic nervous system so that when the Kidneys are not acting right, they may cause pains and trouble in any part of your body. For this reason, if you are not well and have tried many things without success, the real trouble may actually be in your Kidneys. In fact, if your Kidneys stopped working entirely, death would result in less than 48 hours, so you can see the importance of helping your Kidneys.

### You Feel and Look Old If Your Kidneys Are Sick

Some of the dangerous symptoms directly traceable to a system poisoned by poorly acting Kidneys are: Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Leg Pains, Dizziness, Frequent Headaches and Colds, Rheumatism, Swollen Ankles, Dark Circles Under the Eyes, Dry, Muddy Skin, Backaches, Lumbago, Loss of Vigour, Sciatica, Burning, Itching, Smarting and Acidity.

### Help Kidneys

Chemists and doctors throughout the world think that the right way to help the Kidneys function more normally is with the modern, up-to-date doctor's prescription called Cystex. It is scientifically prepared in strict accordance with the British and United States Pharmacopoeia to act directly on the Kidneys and is swift, safe, and sure in action.

### Helps Millions

During the past 10 years Cystex has helped restore Health, Vitality, Energy, and a feeling of Youthful Vigour to more than 5 million people who have used it. Former sufferers throughout the world praise it. For instance, John A. Foster of Toronto, Ont., recently wrote: "I suffered for 5 years with kidney and bladder troubles, also rheumatic pains and stiff joints. I was not able to raise my arms above my head and spent nine weeks in the hospital. They said I would not be able to work for some time, but after a few boxes of Cystex I felt years younger and well and strong." And doctors too are high in their praises of Cystex. Dr. C. Z. Rendelle, of San Francisco, Calif., recently stated: "Cystex has the power of flushing the kidney and bladder organs, helping to keep them sweet and pure, free from irritating acids and poisons. I can truthfully commend the use of Cystex."

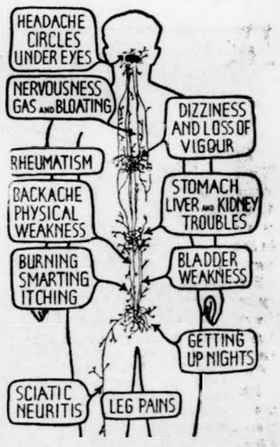
### 48-Hour Results

Because Cystex is scientifically prepared to Heal, Soothe, Tone, and Clean raw, sore, sick Kidneys and Bladder and to aid in the removal of Acids and Poisons from the system, it starts to work almost instantly. At the end of the first 24 to 48 hours most sufferers report an astonishing improvement. Within one week you will likely feel and look 5 to 10 years younger, be more vigourous, and really begin to enjoy life, because you have helped your Kidneys remove Acids, Poisons, and Wastes. This is Nature's way to Health and Vigour.

**Rs. 27.500**

### Money-Back Guarantee

If you feel older than you are or suffer from any of the dangerous symptoms mentioned, your Kidneys may be the real cause of your trouble. Get the doctor's prescription Cystex today. Put it to the test and see the great good it can do in your own particular case. Cystex is offered under a written money-back guarantee that by helping your Kidneys it will make you feel Younger, Stronger, and more Vigourous and satisfy you completely and thoroughly in 8 days, or you merely return the empty package and your money is refunded immediately. Your word is final. This written money-back guarantee is backed by a fund of $10,000.00 deposited by the Knox Company, manufacturers of Cystex, with the leading banks of the world, such as Westminster Bank, London, Eng., Canadian Bank of Commerce, Ft. Erie North, Ont., Bank of America, Los Angeles, Calif. You can't afford to endanger your Health—you cannot afford to waste time—and you can't afford to take chances with cheap, drastic, irritating drugs, which might injure your delicate Kidneys. Get the doctor's prescription. Cystex from your chemist today, under the written money-back guarantee that it must make you feel well and strong and satisfy in every way or cost nothing.



# City & Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 9, 1993
Muslim: Safar 21, 1305
Parsi: Avan 30, 1306
Hightide: 5-26 18-11
Lowtide: 0-01 1-21
Sunrise: 6h 10m
Sunset: 7h 2m

Mr. M. A. Jinnah's lecture on "Minorities Problem" to the Indian and European Progressive Groups, Green's 6-30 p.m

Municipal Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Bhulabhai to address at Dadar Kshatria Union Hall, 9 p.m.

### Wednesday, May 5.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

DADAR KHADI BHANDAR

Dadar Khadi Bhandar has removed from Kohinoor Cinema Building to De Silva Road, Dadar, from to-day (Tuesday).

GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, (Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort) when Mr. Behramgore Tehmuras Anklesaria will give a discourse in Gujarati on "The Yasna Ceremony."

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. 'Chitral' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 6th instant.

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Lourenzo Marquis and South Africa per s.s. 'Inchanga' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Wednesday the 5th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 6th instant.

PATHE

DAILY 3-30 , 6-30 & 10 P.M.

A Shot in The Night !
A Girl's Scream !

THE LATEST AND MOST EXCITING OF ALL BULLDOG DRUMMOND'S DARING ROMANCES!

with
RAY MILLAND
SIR GUY STANDING
HEATHER ANGEL
BOOK EARLY. 'Ph. 41561.

## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Michael Strogoff" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"After the Thin Man" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Strangers on Honey Moon" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jagat Kesari" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Manzil" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
LAXMI—"Pirate Treasure" Time as usual.
MAJESTIC—"Begunah" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-35 p.m.
MINERVA—"Atma Tarang" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Bulldog Drummond" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Tarzan Escapes" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Wings of the Morning" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Jawahir-e-Hind" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Dolls of Clay" Time as usual.

STEAMER MOOVEMENTS

Steamer 'Clan Mackenzie' left Liverpool on Friday evening on April 13.

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Chitral' with the mails from London of 22nd ultimo arrived at Aden at 11 a.m. on the 2nd instant and left there at 3 p.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 10 p.m. on Thursday the 6th instant.

The 'Chitral' will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at 8 a.m. the following day.

## "Clan Machhirter" Under Control

LOURENCO MARQUES, May 3.

To-day it was reported that the "Clan Machhirter" is under control. Efforts are being made to avoid flooding No. 2 hold and the temperature is lower.—Reuter.

## Governor Visits Talim's Studio

H. H. the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, Sir William Lamond and Staff Officer to H. H. the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior lunched at Government House on Monday.

The Governor of Bombay visited Talim's Studio at Girgaum Back Road on Monday.

## TO-DAY'S PUBLIC MEETING IN DADAR

### Bhulabhai To Address

Under the auspices of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee, Dadar, a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. at the Kshatriya Union Hall, Dadar, when Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai will speak on the "Present Deadlock and future programme". Sjt. D. N. Wandrekar M.L.A. and Sjt. Nagindas Master M.L.A. will also address.

The picture shows a large crowed of Turks offering Funeral Prayers for their greatest poet Abdul Haque Hamid.

## Death Of Turkey's Greatest Poet

### FORMER CONSUL-GENERAL FOR INDIA

(From A Corresponlent)

Mr. Abdul Haque Hamid's death is heard with sorrow. He was the greatest poet (Ustadi Azam) of Turkey. This great man was known in India too, because he represented Turkey here before the Great War as Consul-General. He was so much interested in India itself and Indians liked him so much that he wrote several books about this country which are counted among his best works. Some of books about India and eastern life are: "Makber," "Eshber," "Tezer," "Tarikhibni, Zeyyad", "Finten," "Nestren," "Abdullah Sagir," "Tayflar Gechidi" and "Duhteri Hindu" etc. Some of these can be counted as remarkable books on India, because in them he sang about Indian life.

"Jumhuriyet" of Istambul writes that this great man was trying to compose poems in his last moments.

He was the son of a famous historian, Mr. Hayrullah, and he had been in Paris as the first secretary of the Turkish Embassy in his youth. And after leaving his post in Bombay he was also Ambassador for Turkey in Belgium. He was over 85 years old when he died. The Turkish Government gave him a State funeral and the whole nation mourned his death.

Abdul Haque Hamid

## "COMPLETELY IN DOCTORS' HANDS"

### Subhas Bose's Promise To Lahore Congressmen

LAHORE, May 3.

A deputation of Congressmen waited on Mr. Subhas Bose to request him to appear at a public meeting even if only for a short time.

Mr. Bose said that he was completely in the hands of his Doctors but promised to comply with the request on his return from Dalhousie in a few months time.—A. P.

## Wedding Of Mr. P. G. Shah's Daughter

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Shah at Khar was celebrated last evening the wedding of their daughter, Vinadevi with Gordhandas, son of Mr. Ratilal Mancherbhai Shah. There was a large gathering present to witness the ceremony.

Prof. Dr. Hasan Resat, the famous Turkish doctor who is leading a group of Turkish doctors invited by the Afghan Government to teach medicine in Kabul University

## ANOTHER SUCCUMBS IN TELEPHONE ACCIDENT

KARACHI, May 3.

Leslie Gordon one of those injured in the Telephone Company accident died in hospital yesterday bringing the total killed to two while the condition of two other injured linemen continues to be serious.

A departmental inquiry is being conducted.

Two fatal plague cases were reported yesterday in the old town quarter, a congested area, and the health authorities are taking precautionary steps to localise the outbreak.—A.P.

### Another Dies

KARACHI, May 3.

Rahimtoolah, a Pathan linesman, who received serious injuries in the Telephone Company disaster on Saturday succumbed to his injuries thus bringing the total number of deaths to three.

As this grim tragedy has caused considerable concern in the city, the Sind Government have, it is understood, deputed an Electrical Engineer to investigate into the cause of the disaster

Two European officials from the Bombay office of the Telephone Company have arrived here in a chartered aeroplane to carry out the reconstruction work of the installation of the machinery.—United Press.

## TRANSFER OF B. B. C. I. STAFF FROM BANDRA

### Plea Of Surplus Is Not Justifiable, Says Union Secretary

The Secretary, B. B. & C. I. Railway Union writes:—

Marcel Fernandis Hon. Secretary of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Employees' Union. (Regd.) Beryl House, Bombay, No. 13, writes:—

It has been brought to our notice that some staff employed in the Bandra Marshalling Yard of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, are to be transferred to outside stations as they are declared surplus to the requirements by Mr. Bhimbhai Desai, job-analyser of the D. T. S., Office G. T. R. Out of a total of 113 the working strength, the following are to be transferred. They are five shunters, three lock-porters one point-cleaner, four shunting-porters, one goods-clerk, two shunting-load-van clerks, one head-train clerk.

A great discontentment prevails among the staff as they believe this to be a move on the part of the Railway. They have not yet recovered from the effect of the previous two periods of retrenchment in 1930 and 1933, which has resulted in increased hours of work without overtime payment. For instance the Fly-Shunting of the wagons, a dangerous work in itself threatening a life of the working men at any time, done by the staff working on shift from 17-0-0. O. C. to 1-0-0. O. C. Hrs. are made to put one of two hours extra after the scheduled time and for this no extra payment is made as compensation.

By reducing the strength of the staff, which is not at all justified in view of the above increased work in the yard, due to rise in Traffic, the remaining staff will have to work very hard, which may thus result in breakdown and involve loss of human lives due to over exertion.

Will the Agent of the B. B. & C. I. Railway look into the matter and do justice to the poor workers?

London, May 3.—In consequence of the inability of Duke of Connaught, who was 87 on May 1, to attend Buckingham Palace to-morrow, Sir William Birdwood will hand Field Marshal's baton to King to-morrow in the presence of other Field Marshals.—Reuter.

## INCORRECT & MISLEADING"

### Jinnah And Press Reports About League Committee Recommendations

BOMBAY, May 3.

"The report appearing in some newspapers regarding the recommendations of the Sub-Committee appointed to consider the constitution and rules of All-India Muslim League is entirely incorrect and misleading," said Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League in an interview to the Associated Press. "In the first place", said Mr. Jinnah, the present creed of the League is as follows:—"The attainment of full responsible Government for India by all peaceful and legitimate means with adequate and effective safeguards for Mussalmans" and not as is reported, "Dominion Status by constitutional means". It is equally incorrect and misleading to say that the office of the President is a permanent one. The present rule of the League is as follows:—

"The President of the League shall be elected by the Council of the League each year and shall hold office until the next annual session", whereas under the present rule the President of the annual session is elected only for the session, the other President continues for the whole year.

Dealing with the Press report Mr. Jinnah said that it was a fact that a small committee under the chairmanship of Nawab Ismail Khan had been appointed to consider the whole constitution and the rules and make such recommendations as the Committee might think proper to the Council of the All-India Muslim League for its consideration and until he received the Committee's report he was not in a position to say what amendments and changes the Committee had recommended. —A.P.

## ONE KILLED IN CAR COLLISION

### Accident On Ghodbunder Road

(From Our Own Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Monday.

The Convent school on Ghodbunder Road, Santa Cruz was the scene of a fatal accident at about 11 p.m. yesterday night to a car No. N.277 which collided with another car X4769 belonging to the Superintendent Watch and Ward Department Mr. E. F. Nelson.

It is alleged that a private car No. N.277 was hired by some Juhu joy riders and was reported to be driven by some person who had no license for driving whilst the real driver Gangaram Ganpat was reported to be in a drunken state and sitting along with him. When the said car came near the Convent school at Santa Cruz driver appears to have lost control of the car which collided with the car of Mr. Nelson which suffered damage to its front part. The passengers were thrown out of the car and the driver Gangaram sustained serious injuries was removed to Bandra hospital where he subsequently succumbed. The other passengers also received serious bruises. The man who was driving the car at the time of accident is absconding. Police Sub-Inspector Mr. Rane of Vile Parle is investigating. Mr. Nelson has escaped the accident with only severe shaking and slight damage to the car.

## JAIL BIRD ARRESTED AGAIN

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Monday.

Ismail Ahmad with several previous convictions and an externee from Bombay City and suburbs was arrested by the Vile Parle police Sub-Inspector Mr. Rane on the night of April 30. He will be prosecuted for the breach of the externment order.

### Poona Weather Report

POONA, May 3.

Associated with thunderstorms there have been fairly widespread rain in Assam and local rain in Lower Burma and Bengal with a few falls in Chota Nagpur and Bihar.

Temperatures were appreciably below normal over greater part of northwest India.

Western disturbance is affecting northwest frontier.

FORECAST: Thundershowers are likely to continue widespread in Assam, increase in north Bengal and Bihar, extend into Orissa and occur locally in Burma and Chota Nagpur. Local thunderstorms are also likely in the peninsula and scattered dust or thunderstorms along the Frontier and in Kashmir and Sind.—A. P.

This "Rennie" Pastille Ended Gastric Pains

A commercial traveller writes :—
"I have been suffering from a type of nervous gastric stomach for nine years, and this has made me at times feel absolutely depressed to the last degree. I spent pounds on stomach powders without results. I purchased a packet of Rennie and was amazed at the result. I now take these pastilles after every meal and in consequence I have yet to feel that old pain again."—K.P.

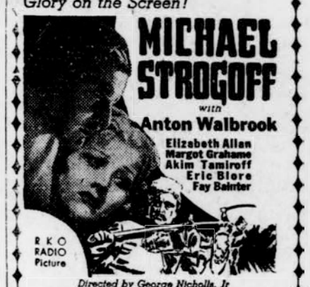
Digestif Rennie Pastilles go to the root cause of Indigestion. They contain antacids which neutralise excess acid—a common cause of digestive disorders. When excess acid has been neutralised, indigestion *simply cannot start.* And Digestif Rennie is more than an antacid. It also contains absorbents to free you of stomach gas, and ferments which *actively help to digest food.*

Digestif Rennie Pastilles are pleasant to take and each one is individually wrapped in paper. They are obtainable of Chemists, Stores and Bazars, packed in hermetically sealed tins

Wholesale Stockists.
CAMA NORTON & CO.,
P. O. Box 888, Bombay.

THE EXCELSIOR
AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Edgar Wallace's thriller
"STRANGERS ON HONEYMOON"
Starring
NOAH BEERY
CONSTANCE CUMMINGS
HUGH SINCLAIR

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Fiction's Mighty Hero Sweeps to Glory on the Screen!




Regal
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

STOMACH PAINS THAT "CUT LIKE A KNIFE"

Mr. J. F. S. was going cheerfully about his daily work when he was suddenly stricken with stomach trouble that required weeks of medical attention. How he was eventually cured is best told by himself:

"Just a few lines to say what great benefit I have received from using your grand preparation," he writes. "I had a sudden attack of stomach trouble and was under the doctor for a month with hardly any benefit, although the medicine was changed three times.

"Sometimes I had taken only half my dinner and had to walk about the room, the pain was so dreadful, like a knife cutting me. A hot or cold drink would cause agony.

"Having read about the cures effected by Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, I got a bottle, and after taking three doses got relief. Before I had taken half the bottle I was cured and have had no return. I recommend your fine preparation to suffering friends."

Don't tinker with stomach trouble. The genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, the one with the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the bottle, has put so many people right that it is almost certain to bring relief to you too.

Sold only in bottles in red-sealed cartons (powder or tablets). Never sold loose.

New Treatment for Stomach Troubles

"Alkalizing" brings instant relief for Indigestion, Wind, Flatulence and Acidity — Stops Headaches, Colds, Neuralgia, etc.

When you suffer from Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Wind or Flatulence; when you have a Headache or Neuralgia or a Cold, even when Rheumatism gets you down, it is almost certain you are suffering from Excess Acidity. Scientists tell us that to keep well and healthy our systems must be slightly more alkaline than acid.

But modern food and living all lead to Excess Acidity and then we get ill. Indigestion in all its forms is the commonest result. The simple, safe, sure way to cure Indigestion is to neutralize the excess acidity of the stomach with "Alka-Seltzer."

"Alka-Seltzer" Tablets provide something new. In "Alka-Seltzer" Tablets science has at last discovered how to combine the three essential ingredients doctors have used separately for so long. Drop an "Alka-Seltzer" Tablet in a glass of water and it makes a sparkling, refreshing, alkalizing drink that neutralizes the excess acid and gives almost instant relief from your pain.

Don't confuse this new effervescing alkalizing tablet with the ordinary type of remedy. "Alka-Seltzer" is a scientific product—a corrective alkalizing drink which first relieves the pain and then removes the cause. There is nothing so good as "Alka-Seltzer"—nothing to equal it. It is not harmful and not a laxative.

If you have Indigestion, Wind or Sour Stomach, if you feel pain and discomfort after eating; "Alka-Seltzer" will bring you relief when all else has failed.

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I TAKE 'ALKA-SELTZER' TO KEEP COLDS AWAY
COLDS
MY HEADACHES GONE! MY HEAD IS CLEAR!
MUST BE YOUR 'ALKA-SELTZER' DEAR-
HEAD ACHE
'ALKA-SELTZER' YOU'RE A BLESSING
FIXED ME UP WHILE I WAS DRESSING
MORNING-AFTER
Be Wise— Alkalize
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1937

# THE JUTE STRIKE

It is something that twelve weeks after the commencement of the Bengal jute strike the local Government are understood to be contemplating the establishment of suitable machinery to investigate the position with regard to the strike. But the vagueness of the proposal and some of the circumstances attending it are far from quite reassuring. In the first place, alarmed at the determination of the strikers and their growing numbers—they are now over two lakhs—but unable to disprove the reasonableness of their demands, the Jute Mills' Association has issued a statement which conveniently ignores the merits of the demands and raises the familiar Red bogey. The Association attempts to make out that the strike is "not economic but purely political with the workers being exploited for communistic and political purposes only, which have as their object the complete overthrow of ordered Government". Supporting this suggestion, the "Statesman" goes a step further and call upon the Government to face the "grave danger" as "something that does not concern the minister of Labour alone". It is a thinly-veiled but superfluous suggestion to the Government to leave too much to the Labour minister and not to forget his own special repressive powers. Immediately after comes the interview of the President of the Association and the President of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, not with the Labour minister alone, but with the Governor as well as the ministers. At the interview the Government promise to intervene in the event of a breach of the peace and also to establish a machinery to investigate the whole position. Whatever the Government propose to do, they will do well to put all their cards on the table.

## *Evading The Issue*

Meanwhile, the Strike Committee has issued its own statement taking to shreds the allegations of the millowners which are supported by the Labour minister. As regards the allegation about communist leaders, the strikers offer "to face a public Enquiry Committee and place all facts before it." But the very idea is ridiculous that tens of thousands of the poorest workers would risk prolonged unemployment, which must mean starvation to them, at the suggestion of political leaders unless they have serious grievances of their own. Moreover, political motives, if they operate among any of the workers or their leaders, ought not to be allowed to vitiate, or divert attention from, the economic demands. As regards the latter, the Jute Mills' Association contradicts itself by saying in one place that "no demands have been put forward by the workers" and in another, that "the demands now put forward are not the genuine demands of the workers, 95 per cent of whom have always been and are still content to continue to work happily". Despite the contradiction, it is clear that certain demands are now before the millowners but are not believed to be "genuine demands of the workers". It is absurd to contend that the demands urged by the accredited leaders of the workers are not genuine. However, if they have any real doubt about the matter, let the millowners agree to meet a sufficiently large body of leaders in addition to those who are believed to be communists, and let these be called upon to formulate their demands more precisely than they have done so far. As a matter of fact, the workers complain that the millowners have consistently refused to accord a hearing to any deputation of theirs.

## *Revise The Policy*

The demands admitted by the millowners to be "now put forward" are all economic demands, with nothing communistic or subversive about them. Most of them, the Strikers' Committee points out, are contained in the Whitley Commission Report and all have been admitted to be legitimate by the Labour minister. When the Labour Minister admits so much and the Premier, who had himself, as Pundit Jawaharlal points out, declared the demands to be legitimate some weeks ago, is so anxious to enablest worker, wny do they not use their influence to persuade both parties to refer the dispute to arbitration? The position is serious in all conscience when about two lakhs of men have been out of work for nearly three months and most of them are on the verge of starvation if not actually starving. The Congress Working Committee is convinced on inquiry that the Government are aggravating the situation by "taking the side of the employers in this dispute". The Committee's resolution on the subject states further: "The Committee places on record its strong condemnation of the repressive policy of the Government, which seeks to suppress the workers' struggle by promulgation of prohibitory orders under section 144 Criminal Procedure Code, the arrest of Labour leaders and workers and various alleged acts of police and military violence. The Committee, in particular records its strongest protest at the reported entry of police and military into the workers' quarters, the assault on one of the Labour members of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, the prohibition of these members from entering their constituencies and the firing on unarmed workers including little boys." As the Congress President truly says: "The ministers, who secured their election to the Provincial Legislative Assembly profusely swearing by their solicitude for redressing the grievances of the masses, are now behaving in a manner which shows that the voices of the down-trodden masses do not reach their pedestal". It is time, indeed, the Government revised their policy in this grave matter and made an honest attempt to secure a lasting settlement of the dispute on the basis, in the words of the Working Committee "of the workers' rights and satisfaction of their just demands".

# Japanese Election

The elections in Japan have sprung an agreeable surprise. As is well-known the influence of the Army over politics had been rapidly increasing for long time. It had been speaking with a voice almost dictatorial in matters relating, for instance, to Russia, China and Japanese Imperialist aggression. It led the Government and set the pace for it. That growing domination found its culmination, in due course, in the capture of the Government. The leaders of the Army became the Government and dismissed the old Diet amidst the protests of political parties. It was in this setting that elections were held. And the surprise is that the old political parties have won. But while a check has been called to 100 per cent militarist dictatorship the danger to peace from the Japanese side has not been averted. For the difference between the "political parties" and the army is only one of degree. Meanwhile, according to latest reports, it appears that the check is no check. For the Army Prime Minister has decided to continue and has practically demanded that the majority parties shall surrender. It remains to be seen how they answer the demand.

## *FROM ACROSS THE SEAS*

### *Gleanings From The World Press*

(From Our London Correspondent.)

The Germans are spending an enormous amount of money on individual propaganda abroad. A correspondent who is in touch with the Deutscher Fichte-Bund wrote recently asking for a further supply of literature. Both the reply and the literature are interesting.

"Some days ago,' says the letter, "we sent you a further supply of our literature being quite sure you will continue to distribute it among your fellow-countrymen in order to give them the right idea on National Socialist Germany and her desire for peace and friendship with all nations of good will, and especially between our two Teutonic nations. You asked us for some information regarding our Leader, and I shall send you a very nice book...."

Later on it "hopes very much that General Franco will win as soon as possible as you can imagine the great danger if the Bolshevist netherworld should gain the victory in the Spanish war.'

The letter is long, earnest and very naive. But now for the literature. There is a mass of it, but naturally the "very nice book" about Hitler is the gem. This is a fine book of photographs very well printed and expensively produced. Some of the photographs of mountains, lakes and forests are really lovely things in themselves. Unfortunately, in the forefront of them is that not very attractive or beautiful creature, Hitler.

You see Hitler walking down a mountain path with earnest youths and maidens following him. Hitler among the schoolchildren (there are masses of these), Hitler frowning impressively at a mountain range, Hitler in a very new suit of plus-fours being manly with a dog, Hitler (for some reason unexplained) glaring at a lorry-driver. Its object is clearly to bring out the humanity of the demi-god, but one cannot say that it succeeds.

* * *

On Wednesday, (April 14) last was the sixth anniversary of the proclamation of the Spanish Republic, and in celebration of the event Senor Azcarate, the Spanish Ambassador in London held a reception in his Belgrave-square Embassy.

Senor Azcarate, who began his career as a professor in the University of Granada, was for many years in the League of Nations secretariat in Geneva. He gave up a sinecure in order to serve his Government in London. He has made many friends here, for he is essentially a man of peace and sweet reasonableness, and would pass in Manchester for the mildest of professorial Liberals. He has one curious hobby. He collects penknives. The habit is not entirely unknown among literary men. Mr. H. G. Wells has the same foible.

In his London Embassy Senor Azcarate has a fine collection of Spanish Government posters. The most effective is a superb photograph of the head of a rugged old Spanish peasant. Inset is a picture of Moorish soldiers squatting in the main square of a Spanish village. The text below runs as follows: "The Spanish father, who lost his son in the Moroccan War, sees his native village turned into a Moorish market."

* * *

A new form of stay-in strike was recently staged in Paris. The directorate of a brewery, whose employees had already gone on strike, decided to occupy their own building.

While the strikers were gathered outside in the street discussing the situation, the directors entered the brewery, barred the doors and filled the barrels for delivery. Deliveries were actually carried out to the accompaniment of jeers from the crowd.

This is a good idea. Some British communists are looking forward to seeing His Grace the Duke of Northumberland, in the next big coal strike solemnly entering colliery to sit down good and hard upon his royalities.

* * *

The poet Swinburne, who was born 100 years ago, attracted a good deal of abuse in his time. But he could give as good as he got.

Edmund Goss has recorded a good example of this method of controversy. Swinbourne had taken exception to some remarks of Emerson's about him in a magazine article, and had written to Emerson to ask for an explanation. Walking with Swinbourne in St. James's Park, Goss asked him if Emerson had replied to his letter.

(Continued on page 10—Col. 5).

# From The Spanish Front

## British Women M. P's Tribute To Soldiers Of Liberty

(From Our London Correspondent)

VALENCIA.—Before returning to England the delegation of British women M.P.'s consisting of the Duchess of Atholl, Miss Eleanor Rathbone and Miss Ellen Wilkinson, accompanied by Dame Rachel Crowdy made the following statement to the press at Valencia.

"Before leaving Valencia we wish to give a few impressions received by us during our short but memorable visit. We have greatly admired the valour and heroism shown by the population of Madrid in the presence of air raids and bombardments. We especially deplore the destruction and loss of life caused by the shelling of districts such as Tetuan where the population is composed of defenceless non-combatants. The accounts given by the refugees from Malaga of what they suffered there has deeply moved us and we have been strongly impressed by the organisation of aid for these refugees created in a very short time in the midst of great difficulties. We have observed with great satisfaction the development of public construction and it has been agreeable to see that the Protestant churches are conducting services in Madrid as in Valencia. We wish to express our gratitude to the President and the members of the Government for their kindness to us and for the facilities they placed at our disposal especially their assistance in enabling us to visit the political and war prisoners, wounded and not wounded, who were all well cared for.

"Finally, we wish to say that we were greatly impressed by the tenacity and courage of the Spanish people and by their convictions, which we share, that they are fighting for liberty and for their country."

MADRID.—M. Friedrich Adler, General Secretary of Labour and Socialist International, Mr. Walter Schevenels, General Secretary of the International Federation of Trade Unions, M. Jean del Vigne, General Secretary of the Belgian Labour Party and Julis Deutsch, former leader of the Austrian Schutzbund, have arrived at Madrid, to inspect the damage done to the capital by insurgent artillery. Three shells dropped some twelve yards from the hotel where they are staying. The socialist leaders have been introduced to various Government and Army personalities, and are expected to leave Madrid to-night for Valencia.

MADRID.—In all the Madrid hospitals on Tuesday, April 20, the patients enjoyed a meal of meat and condensed milk, which have been sent all the way from Australia to the Spanish capital. These gifts were made by the Australian Committee for Aid of Republican Spain, and arrived in Madrid in three lorries. An Australian doctor came with the gifts and will collaborate with the medical staffs sent to Spain by other countries and who have placed themselves as the disposal of the Spanish Government.

MILAN.—Some days ago a group of twenty-five young artists were arrested here for showing their sympathy for Republican Spain. The painters Irolli, Mucchi and Nallu are in prison, as is also the sculptor Manzu. The arrest of these men has aroused considerable feeling in the artistic circles of Milan.

### *Mutiny Of German Troops*

MADRID.—German troops sent to fight for Franco have mutinied. Stationed at Victoria, rebel base for the attack on Bilbao, they refused, when ordered, to go to the front line.

Carlist and Falangist refugees reaching France have made this revelation. General Cabanellas, rebel commander in Franco's territory behind the Bilbao front, is reported to have sent three infantry companies post-haste to deal with the situation. A clash between the German mutineers and Cabanellas' troops is considered likely. Meanwhile there is also trouble in the rebel ranks at San Sebastian. Falangist leader in the town, Monero, has been assassinated and with him two of his chief lieutenants.

The censor has the front page of the Falangist newspaper "United de San Sebastian" and the situation is described as "extremely delicate." A number of leading Falangists have fled to France.

It is believed that these events are not altogether unrelated to the decree made by Franco on Monday, April 19, merging the Falangists and the Carlists. This was considered as a victory for the Falangists at the expense of the Carlists. Rivalry between the two organisations has grown considerably of late.

### *Prisoners Of War*

#### *Ill-Treated*

VALENCIA.—It was reported last month that a batch of Socialist prisoners at Villa Cizneros (in the Spanish colony of Rio de Oro in West Africa) had seized a ship in the harbour and had sailed it to freedom and safety in Dakar (French West Africa). Dramatic details are now available of the

(Continued On Page 9-Col. 4)

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**ILLEGAL AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL**

The Madras Advocates' Association is among the latest bodies to condemn the formation of an interim ministry as "illegal, unconstitutional and opposed to the terms of the Statute." Public opinion in India is almost entirely against such ministries but the Governors concerned not only sustain them but even aggravate their offence by not summoning the legislatures. However, such defiance of public opinion and constitutional obligations constitutes the strongest argument in support of the Congress demand for a definite assurance, and against the suggestion to leave everything to the good sense of the Governors.

**ANOTHER BOMBSHELL FOR JINNAH**

We congratulate Nawab Md. Ismail Khan and his colleagues on the radical changes that they are reported to have suggested in the constitution of the All-India Muslim League. The report must naturally upset Mr. M. A. Jinnah. But when he accuses it of being entirely incorrect and untrue he exaggerates. It may be true that the present creed of the Muslim League is even less humble than Dominion Status—although the question continually intrigues us as to when and how the 1920 creed was re-changed to the old one. But the point is that the League Committee, by recommending Independence makes short work of the main "fundamental" or "vital" difference between Congress and the League to which Mr. Jinnah had been clinging so desperately. The Committee, in fact, has sought to bring the League, so far as its creed is concerned, practically in line with the Congress. This is welcome enough. Equally welcome is the recommendation to abolish the post of a working President as distinct from that of the President of the annual session. All this tends to release the League from the demoralising domination of one man, Mr. M. A Jinnah. What we, however, particularly want to emphasise is that the Committee, in upsetting Mr. Jinnah's apple-cart, virtually admits that Muslim public opinion is politically radical, indeed "fundamentally" or "vitally" different from the claims of Mr. Jinnah.

**A BURMA LEAD**

While Bombay has just started a well-organised agitation for the repeal of the repressive press laws, Burma has given a welcome lead in this respect. The new Ministers are understood to have decided to refund the security deposits retained by Government from various presses and newspapers, to enable them to start a fresh and free career under the new era of autonomy. We are not informed whether this excellent step will be followed by the thorough effacement of the much-hated press legislation from the statute book, but we hope it will be so. The Burma gesture must hearten all those who are striving for the repeal of the various press laws in India. And, of course, it provides an excellent precedent for all our provincial ministries—pucca as well as puppet. Whether it will be followed or not is, however, another matter!

**OUTRAGEOUS**

Dr. Kurtkoti is reported by the Poona correspondent of the "Times of India" to have said in a public lecture that "Hindustan belongs to the Hindus." A similar statement was attributed to the Shankaracharya some time ago but it is so grotesquely untrue and unfair to the non-Hindus that it is difficult to believe that any right-thinking responsible person could make himself responsible for the suggestion. What can be more outrageous than the thought that crores of Indians, who have lived and buried their bones in this country for centuries, are not entitled to say that this is their own, their native land?

**THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY.**

"However liberal may be the concessions which have now (1909) been made, and which may at any future time be made, we have not the slightest intention of abandoning our Indian possessions. ... The foundation-stone of Indian Reforms must be the maintenance of British supremacy."

LORD CROMER

"The real reason for refusing Swaraj to (India) is not mentioned now in polite circles like the Houses of Parliament, although the writer well remembers the truth blurted out in the House of Commons, several years ago, that we hold India for Lancashire.'

Dr. V. H. BUTHERFORD,
(a prominent Labourite and ex-M.P.)

"We need India as a market for our goods."

VISCOUNT ROTHERMERE.

"Purna Swaraj will mean the elimination of British goods from India, and the final ruin of Lancashire."

Sir HENRY PAGECROFT.

## A Homoeopath Accepts Challenge

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am glad that a Homoeopath has come forward to accept the challenge to prove the alleged superiority of his system of treatment over that of Allopathy. As the object of putting this to the test is in a scientific spirit in order to settle the point as best and practicable as we can, before impartial and competent judges, it is necessary that certain conditions must be clearly understood and fulfilled for obvious reasons. In the first place, Homoeopath cannot select the cases on which he will try his treatment. Since Homoeopathy claims to cure cases that Allopthy abandons as incurable, or in other words, cases that defy Allopathy, eight such cases, in good and not in hopeless or moribund condition, and two of any serious acute cases generally fatal in the hands of Allopaths, such as Tetarus and cerebro-spinal fever or any other such diseases, will be given him. It will only be possible to put four beds at a time at his disposal in one of the Bombay Hospitals, but in all 10 cases will be given him in turn.

He will be allowed to have his own way with them as regards diet, nursing, drugs and so forth and he can establish any control he likes to ensure fair play.

Before handing over the cases to him, they will be carefully examined by competent Allopaths of our selection, and Homoeopaths of his own selection to ensure the question of proper diagnosis, condition of patients and so forth. An agreement in cases of chronic and incurable cases as to the reasonable time his treatment is likely to show some tangible improvement must be given; for any vagueness on the point must necessarily defeat the proper object of the test and the treatment may extend indefinitely. All ex-

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 7.)

"Armed with a spade and showel, the Premier (Hon'ble M. Yunus of Bihar) will start work on the morning of the 7th on the Admapur bund (embankment), 39 miles north-west of Chapra (Siwan Sub-Division of Saran District), where he will himself help to repair the embankment".

—A.P.

We hope a film photographer has also been duly requisitioned.

* * * *

A girl is reported to have offered a black flag to Mr. Mehta which "he accepted with a smile".

We are not surprised. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta is an expert in disguising himself—as you all know.

* * * *

Among the people who gathered at the Poona station to greet Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta were the Collector and members of the Democratic Swaraj Party, the Hindu Sabha and the Varnasram Swaraj Sangh.

We hope a certain inconvenient subject was avoided by common consent

* * * *

"Referring to the Sonya Maruti temple dispute about the ringing of the bell he (His Holiness Shri Shankaracharya, Dr. Kurtakoti) stated there could be no friendship with people who got offended if the Hindus asserted their rights".

—Anglo-Indian report of course.

How true! But suppose the Harijans said so?

* * *

"Hindus", said His Holiness, "must neither depend on the Muslims nor on the Russians from the U.S.S.R. for national independence".

This is, among other things, a challenge to Mr. Jinnah, who must immediately issue a statement calling upon Mussalmans to—boycott the Congress.

* * * *

The Committee appointed by the Council of the All-India Muslim League to revise its constitution recommends:—

(1) Change of creed from whatever it now is to Independence and, worse still, by "all legitimate means."

(2) making the League more popular and democratic, and

(3) abolition of the historic office of permanent President.

Then what, in the name of all that (or who?) gives life and significance to "the All-India Muslim League," will remain of the poor League?

❖

This is "complete overhaul" with an ungrateful, treacherous and inhuman vengeance.

We indignantly oppose the recommendations and strongly appeal to Mr. Jinnah that he should be pleased to warn Nawab Md. Ismail Khan, the League leader from Meerut, that if the recommendations are not withdrawn forthwith, the "All-India Muslim League" will decline to attend the Meerut session of the League.

* * * *

**When Kings Fall In Love**

—Headline.

They fall out of their thrones.

❖

Mussolini's paper "Il Popolo d'Italia" says that there is nothing remarkable in frequent contacts between Italy and Germany "in view of common action and vigilance over the progress of events in Europe" by them.

Nothing. Absolutely nothing. Who doesn't know very well the existence of Italo-German common action and vigilance over Europe—Baldwin, Hoare, Eden & Co. excepted, of course?

❖

Herr Hitler has threatened the churches that, unless they ceased interfering with State business "they would be forced back into their proper place of attending the religious needs of the people".

This rather lets down Franco and the landed aristocracy of the Church in Spain.

❖

The speaker was enumerating in impassioned tone the evils of the day.

'What we want to do,' he cried, 'is to get rid of Socialism' Radicalism, Bolshevism, Communism, Anarchism, and Sovietism'.

'And while we're about it,' chimed in an old man, 'can we throw in rheumatism?'.

# Workers Win In Half The Strikes

## Industrial Disputes During 1936 Cause Loss Of 23-1/2 Lakh Working Days

**"In approximately 49.3 per Cent of the total numbers of strikers occurring during the year workmen were successful in gaining some oncessions", says a Press Note issued to-day on. The Statistics Published by the Industries and Labour Department of the Govt. of India.**

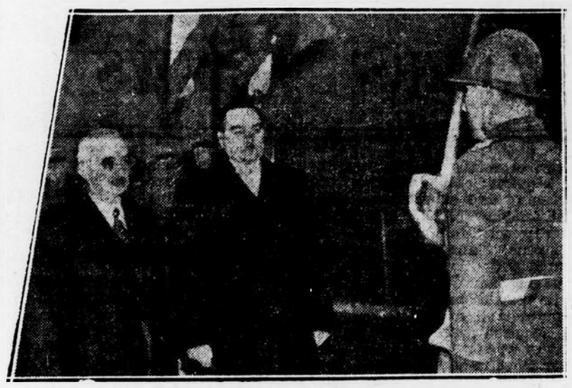
SIMLA, May 3.

"Industrial disputes in British India during 1936 have been just above the average for the previous six years.

"During 1936 there were no strikes of great importance apart from the Bengal Nagpur Railway dispute, which was carried over into 1937. The total number of strikes during the year, including four in progress on December 1935 was 157 and the total number of workers involved was 169,000 while there were 145 strikes involving 114,000 workers during 1935.

WORKING DAYS LOST

"The total number of working days lost during the year was 2,358-000, which is about two and half times the exceptionally low figure recorded for 1935. Cotton textile mills accounted for 37 per cent. of strikes, 34.8 per cent. of workers involved and 44.2 per cent. of loss of working days. In sixty-seven strikes (or 61.7 per cent.) demands related to wages or bonuses".



General Ismet Inonu, the Turkish Premier (Extreme Left) visited Jugo-slovakia recently. Photo shows him with the Jugo-Slovakian Premier.

# Preserving Peace In The Balkans

## *TURKISH PREMIER'S MISSION*

The Turkish Prime Minister Ismet Inonu visited Italy and Yugoslavia officially. And all the Balkan newspapers wrote long articles about Turkey's remarkable achievement in the last fifteen years. It seems this country, which is counted as a leader in the Muslim world and in the whole east is really the symbol of the world peace. Turkey's open and straightforward policy enables her to win the friendship of all the nations.

It is once more clearly seen that the Balkan Entente, which is made between Turkey and other Balkan countries is a strong factor in keeping world peace.—"Jamhuriat."

# SPANISH GOVT. SUCCESS

### Four Hundred Italian Dead Buried After Engagement

VALENCIA, May 3.

It is claimed that Government troops have successfully broken up attempted insurgent encircling movement on the line extending from Durango to the sea.

A communique states that 400 dead Italians have been buried by Basque Loyalists after the engagement Casualties on all fronts around Bilbao are estimated at 2,500 between dawn and dusk yesterday.—Reuter.

## CAPTURE OF BERMEO

### Handicap To Evacuation Of Refugees

HENDAYE, May 2.

Insurgents claim that their latest adwance has cut Bilbao from Bermeo roadstead from where all refugees evacuated in the past three months, and also that it has opened the way for an encircling movement north of Bilbao.

A Salmanca communique claims the capture of Bermeo and Mindaca and says that 3,000 Basques are retreating from the two captured towns to Bilbao. It adds that insurgents advanced from Bermeo and have taken the 2,000 foot height Montsoliuve dominating the road to Mangula.

St. Jean de Luz message says, the capture of Bermeo makes the question of a port for the evacuation of refugees more difficult than ever.

## *BRITISH CONSUL LEAVES BILBAO*

BILBAO, May 3.

The destroyer "Faulkner" left here with the British Consul, Vice-Consul and five British nationals. This is the final opportunity for the latter to depart as no further destroyers will call to take Britons off.—Reuter.

## *NEW TURN IN HOLLYWOOD STRIKE*

### *Actors' Guild's Decision Sequel*

HOLLYWOOD, May 3.

The strike threat has been temporarily postponed. The actors' guild with a membership of 5,600 voted in favour of postponing the walkout till after the Conference with representatives of the Film Producers on Wednesday night. The Guild, which is asking for sole bargaining power, has instructed its members to pass through the pickets.—Reuter.

## BLUM'S SECRETARY WINS BYE-ELECTION

SETE, May 3.

Popular Front candidates defeated Semi-Fascist "French Popular Party" second ballot by-election. M. Blum's Secretary Julesmoch polled 8,554 and his opponent Vuellemin 2,312.—Reuter.

## *Decline In British Unemployed*

LONDON, May 3.

That nearly all British industries shared improvement is reflected in the unemployment figures for the month ending April 19, showing a decline of 147,000 to 1,454,000.—Reuter's Special.

## DEATH OF JOHN DALLAS EDGE

LONDON, May 3.

The death has occurred of Major General John Dallas Edge.—Reuter.

(Major Gen. John Dallas Edge, was on the Army Medical Staff and served in the Burmese expedition, and in the South African and European wars).

## GORDON CLAY DEAD

LONDON, May 3.

The death has occurred of Brigadier General Bertie Gordon Clay.—Reuter.

(Bertie Gordon Clay served in the South African and the European wars and secured the King and Queen's medals).

## LATE SIR A. SOMERVELL

LONDON, May 3.

The death has occurred of Sir Arthur Somervell—Reuter.

(Sir Arthur Somervell was the principal inspector of Music to the Board of Education and Inspector of Music to the Scotch Education Department).

# Serious Turn In Jute Mills Strike

## STRIKERS CLASH WITH "LOYALISTS"

## Attempt To Work Mills Fails: Several Injured In Melee

CALCUTTA, May 3.

**It is stated that both the mills started work this morning with "loyalists" when strikers assembled before the mill gates and had clashes with non-strikers. The mills had to close again.**

### Clash With "Loyalists"

**Eighty-five jute mill strikers were arrested to-day—35 in front of the Auckland jute mills at Jagatdal in the Barrackpore Sub-Division and 50 in front of the Shamnagore jute mills at Bhadreshwar in the Hooghly district, following clashes between strikers and non-strikers.**

### Several Injured

**Mr. Stein, Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, and 17 others including some policemen were more or less injured in a melee at Bhadreshwar where there was free exchange of stones and brickbats among strikers and "loyalists"—United Press.**

## *DESPITE MILL STRIKE*

### *Calcutta's Jute Traffic Increases*

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 3.

It is understood, despite Jute Mill strike, Calcutta's handling of jute traffic has shown steady increase.

Latest official reports say, the total amount of jute received in Calcutta and the mill stations were 17,234 tons during the period ending April 10 against 8,921 during the same period in 1936.

Jute arrivals in Calcutta and mill stations including traffic for Howrah and for mills served by the East Indian and Bengal Nagpur Railways from 1/7/36 to 10/4/37 were 7,23,550 tons compared with the same period last year when the arrivals were 4,85,329. In commercial circles, it is believed the total crop is likely to be 100 lakhs bales against 87½ lakhs which is the official estimate.

According to the latest authoritative commercial view the monthly statement for nine months ending 31/3/37 and the supplementary statement of jute arrivals for the first half of April about 97½ lakhs bales had been accounted for and commercial circles are now of the opinion that there is still a good deal of jute in stock in upcountry and the latest revised estimate of 100 lakhs bales is likely to be exceeded. The latest revised estimate of crop is at least 10[illegible] lakhs bales.

## *LABOUR MINISTER FOR TRADE UNIONS*

CALCUTTA, May 3.

The Labour Minister Mr. Suhrawardy who arrived here from Darjeeling yesterday in connection with the Jute Mill Strike, received representatives of Calcutta Press at an informal conference at the Bengal Secretariat and explained the new orientation of the Labour policy of the Government and incidentally discussed the Labour situation.

Stressing that they were observing the policy of non-interference in Labour disputes, he announced the decision to provide a permanent machinery for resolving trade disputes and also the decision to recognise the Trade Union of workers, thinking that the latter would automatically improve the Labour situation.

HIS TERMS.

Referring to the present strike, the Minister in the course of a two hour talk observed that he had come to the conclusion that the strike did not arise from genuine dispute but was a political strike. Therefore the terms of settlement he offered on April 12 to the members of Central Jute Strike Committee and which was rejected by them could not remain open. The utmost he could offer was, if the leaders accepted the earlier terms unconditionally, he was willing to intervene.

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, the Premier of Bengal, returned to Calcutta to-day from Darjeeling to investigate the present situation in the present strike?—A.P.

## *Windsor In France*

SALZBURG, May 3.

Duke of Windsor with a cairn terrier left Salzburg by 16.45 express and is due at Paris tomorrow morning. Capt. Greenacre, Chief Inspector and Storrier, Inspector, and Attfield travelled with the Duke in France, where the Austrian Chief of Police accompanied him as far as the Austrian frontier. The Duke earlier arrived at Salzburg in his own car only four minutes before the train left without the fuss of ceremony as the news of his departure was kept a secret.—Reuter.

## *Priest Jailed*

MUTTRA, May 3.

Mr. Shivcharanlal Sharma wires:—

Mr. Chandradhar Joyal, Magistrate First Class, sentenced today Jugal Kishore, priest of Jumna Mandir, Muttra, for alleged sacrilege and theft under Secs 295 and 381 to four months' R. I. and Rs. 100 fine and 3 months' R. I and Rs. 100 fine respectively, the sentences to run concurrently.

Seth Poddar, owner of the temple Jumna Mandir had filed a suit against the priest for removing the idol of the temple and some other things.

## *KING'S CIVIL LIST UNCHANGED*

### *No Mention Of Duke Of Windsor*

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 3.

The King's Civil List of £410,000 will be unchanged on the recommendation of the Select Committee.

The Committee recommend the increase of the Duke of Gloucester's annuity to £25,000. Princess Elizabeth will receive an annuity of 6,000 which will become 15,000 on her attaining 21 if there is no Duke of Cornwall. The question of a marriage provision will be considered by Parliament in due time. If the Princess predeceases the King, the recommendation regarding Princess Elizabeth should be applied to his eldest surviving daughter. Princess Margaret will receive 6,000 annuity when 21 or married. The Duke of Windsor is not mentioned.

Queen Mary's existing annuity of £70,000 will be unaltered.

## *CLYDESIDE STRIKERS TO RESUME WORK*

LONDON, May 3.

Thirteen thousand Clydeside apprentices,, who have been on strike for the past month, will be resuming work on May 5 on the understanding that Engineering Shipbuilding Union will immediately approach employers' Federation on the basis of Apprentices Charter.

Boys demanded increased wages varying from 15 to 30 shillings weekly.—Reuter.

## *BROADBENT BREAKS BROOK'S RECORD*

### *Solo Flight From Australia To England*

LONDON, May 3.

**The Australian airman, L. F. Broadbent, arrived at Lympne at 1640 hours (B.S.T.). He left Darwin (Australia) at 1745 hours last Tuesday. He has thus broken the solo record for Australia-England flight of seven days 19 hours and 50 minutes established by H. L. Brook in 1935.**

**He is now engaged in an attempt on Cape-England record.—Reuter.**

# INDIAN TROOPS IN LONDON

### Messages To Coronation Contingent On Landing At Southampton

LONDON, May 3.

Contrary to the Indian coronation contingent's expectations Southampton was bathed in warm sunshine when the "Neuralia" docked at Southampton to-day. The troops thankfully put their great coats aside and all were smiling and chatting happily, having forgotten their seasickness, which, however, was not too prevalent on the voyage. An official welcome was accorded by Maj.-Gen. R. C. Wilson of the India Office, who read first in English then in the vernacular, messages of welcome from Sir William Birdwood and the Duke of Counnaught, the latter, from his sickbed.

## *CONTINGENT REACHES LONDON*

LONDON, May 3.

Most picturesque of all troops taking part in Coronation celebrations arrived to-day consisting of over 600 men of magnificent physique from India and Burma. Over 75 per cent are ex-service-men of Great War. Several came direct from North West Frontier campaign.

The arrival of the Contingent is prominently featured in evening papers, which publish pictures of groups of officers and men taken on the arrival of "Neuralia" at Southampton.—Reuter.

## *Viceroy's Message To Indian Contingent*

SIMLA, May 3.

The Viceroy cabled the following greetings to the Indian Coronation Contingent arriving in London to-day:—

"India sends her warmest good wishes to the Indian Contingent to the Coronation on its arrival in England, to represent the great traditions of her fighting services on this memorable occasion.—Viceroy."

## *Simla Prepares For Coronation Celebrations*

SIMLA, May 3.

Elaborate arrangements are being made for lighting Government buildings in New Delhi and Simla, on the occasion of the Coronation. About 70,000 bulbs will be used of which about 28,000 will decorate Simla. There will also be powerful flood lighting at Viceregal Lodge, Gorton Castle, Christ Church and a number of Government buildings including the Army Headquarters the Post and Telegraph buildings, the Railway Board and the Legislative and Foreign and Political Department buildings. The Central P.W.D. will be responsible for the arrangements.

There will be a "Mela" at Anandale and an entertainment for school children and feeding of the poor. Special divine service will be held on the Ridge on May 12, attended by the Viceroy, Lady Linlithgow, the Commander-in-Chief, Lady Cassels, the Governor of the Punjab, and all Civil and Military officers and their families. The public have also been invited to attend the service.—A.P.

# BEWARE OF COMMUNALISTS

### Punjab Drive For Bringing Muslim Masses Into Congress Fold

LAHORE, May 3.

A move to bring Muslims into Congress fold was inaugurated last evening at a largely attended public meeting held at Baghbanpura, a suburb of Lahore, when Dr. Khan Saheb, leader of the opposition in the Frontier Assembly, Mian Iftikharuddin, M.L.A., Dr. Satyapal, Babu Mohammad Din and other Congress workers addressed over 5,000 villagers.

In the course of their speech, the leaders told Muslims that Congress was the only representative political body in India, which could truly represent them and serve them and help them in the achievement of Swaraj. They appealed to Muslim masses to muster strong under the Congress banner and participate in India's fight for freedom. They advised them not to be led by communalist leaders, who were self-seekers.

At the close of the meeting, the Congress Committee established at Baghbanpura enlisted a number of persons as Congress members, the majorty of whom are gazetted appointments under the Muslims—United Press.

## "FUTURE OF INDIA IN HANDS OF INDIANS"

### Viscount Sankey's Speech At Reception To Zaffrulla Khan

LONDON: May 2.

The Ahmadiya community in Great Britain presented Sir Zaffrulla Khan an address of welcome at a gathering in the London Mosque, Viscount Sankey presiding said that the future of India lay in the hands of those living in India.

They could either make or mar the future but felt sure that India would be in safe hands of eminent persons like Sir Zaffrulla Khan whom he congratulated on the rapidity of his success.

Referring to provincial Governors Viscount Sankey said that their first concern must be the well-being of the people.

Sir Firoze Khan Noon, Mr. K. Das Gupta and the Mayor of Wimbledon also tributed Sir Zaffrulla Khan.

In replying Sir Zaffrulla Khan said that he felt proud at being selected to bring His Majesty the homage of my country.—Reuter.

## GOODWILL FLIGHT TO CORONATION

SEATTLE, May 3.

A surprise goodwill flight to the Coronation is being planned by the United States according to the "Seattle Times".

The flight will be made by three of the world's largest bombers for which army pilots and crews under secret orders are here.

An official announcement has been with-held owing to the doubt whether the test can be completed in time.

Extra petrol tanks are being hurriedly installed in view of the nonstop Trans-America and Trans-Atlantic flights to Croydon.—Reuter.

# Stop This Armed Invasion And Subjugation Of Tribes

## *PLEA IN COMMONS FOR RECONSIDERATION OF TRANS-FRONTIER POLICY*

LONDON, May 3.

**In the House of Commons Mr. Pritt in a long question on aerial bombardment in the North-West Frontier raised the non-combatant aspects and suggested that Government should reconsider the policy of armed invasion and subjugation of tribes beyond the Administrative Frontier.**

**Mr. Butler in a written reply declared that ample warning notices had been given. As far as it was known there had been no non-combatant casualties and no dams reservoirs had been destroyed and the crop damage was negligible.**

**He reaffirmed that the Government policy was to restore peace and order and maintain good relations with tribes with a view to gradual civilisation and economic betterment.—Reuter.**

## "WORLD'S BUSIEST SHIPBUILDER"

### Mr. Westwood's Boast In Blackpool Conference

LONDON, May 3.

British shipyards cannot produce cargoships fast enough to keep pace with orders although they are now producing one large cargoship daily.

"Britain is to-day the world's busiest shipbuilder", stated Mr. William Westwood in his Presidential Address at Blackpool to the annual Conference of the Confederation of Shipbuilding and engineering unions. He added, that there appeared to be no immediate prospect of the demand for new ships decreasing and all shipbuilding firms were busy. Practically all ships are being built for British shipowners.—Reuter.

### Studio Employees And Screen Actors Mobilise

HOLLYWOOD, May 5.

The strike situation is approaching a crisis.

Meetings are being held to-day of the various unions of studio employees and also the screen actors guild, at which the question of supporting the strike will be considered.

The crux of the situation depends on the votes of members of the guild at a mass meeting tonight under the presidency of the film star Robert Montgomery.

Joan Crawford, Franchot Tone, Frederick March and James Cagney are expected to participate.—Reuter

## *NO DISTURBANCE IN PERAMBER ON MONDAY*

MADRAS, May 3.

The situation in the disturbed area around Perambur is showing signs of gradual improvement. More and more shops are being opened and people are moving about more freely in the locality.

Over 50 persons were arrested from different parts of the disturbed locality yesterday. Of these 36 were sentenced to-day by the Bench Court, Egmore, for disorderly behaviour. Each of them was ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 10 and undergo one week's simple imprisonment in addition to being bound over for six months.

Mr. H. D. Latham, Deputy Commissioner of Police and Mr. Naziruddin, Assistant Commissioner of Police, are present at the area and the situation is well under control.—United Press.

## *BUS STRIKE BEGINS TO TELL*

### *Authorities Anxious To Bring Settlement*

LONDON, May 3.

The full effect of the London's bus strike was felt for the first time to-day with the return of daily workers from their week-end rest. From an early hour the streets were crowded with walkers. Underground Railways, despite the huge increase in traffic, were able to cope reasonably well with the floods of travellers.

The public so far has been bearing its troubles lightly, buoyed by the hope that a speedy settlement of the strike will result from the Court of Inquiry opening to-day, though it is generally feared that the strike may last at least till the week-end.

The threatened Smithfield strike has been averted. The meat-porters' mid-night meeting decided to accept the employers' offer of 25 shillings bonus for Coronation night and work will be started at 3 a.m. instead of mid-night.—Reuter.

## *Bevin Places Drivers' Case Before Court*

LONDON, May 3.

The constantly changing problem of London's traffic and the ever-increasing strain of driving a bus were emphasised by Mr. Ernest Bevin, General Secretary of Transport Workers Union, when the Court of Inquiry into London bus strike sat to-day.

Mr. Bevin said the bus industry had thrown up new intensified industrial factors. He quoted from the mens schedules to show the irregularity of lives as well as changes in meal times and uncertainties of meal reliefs. Physical reactions, the busmen had presented, complicated situation. Mr. Bevin mentioned discussion in 1925 with Lord Dawson of Penn, who was concerned about busmen's reactions. Lord Dawson thought that trouble arose through blood pressure. Another suggestion was that cause of trouble was probably carbon bonoxide. For a couple of years the Industrial Health Research Board had been investigating the matter.

The Union maintained if it was shown that intensification of working on London streets was producing ill health, there was bounden duty to do something to find a solution and the solution was to reduce intensification by shortening hours of labour.—Reuter.

*Our Cairo Letter*

# Nahas Pasha To Lead Coronation Delegation

## *WARM WELCOME TO MULLAJI SAHEB*

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

According to the latest medical bulletin, H.R.H. Prince Mahomed Ali Pasha, Head of the Egyptian Council of Regency, has been advised by Dr. John Parkinson, the famous British medical man, who came over to Cairo by a special aeroplane to examine the Prince, to take complete rest up to the middle of May.

It will be recalled here that it had been decided that the Prince was to lead the Egyptian Delegation to the London Coronation. But since he has taken ill, this has now been cancelled and it is announced that H.R.H. Nahas Pasha, the Premier, will lead it. It is also stated that Prince Abdul Monem, son of the ex-Khedevi of Egypt, may also join the Delegation as one of the members of the Egyptian Royal Family.

It is announced that the condition of Prince Mahomed Ali Pasha is definitely out of danger. However, he is prevented from seeing visitors as that would be injurious to his health. Every day, Premier Nahas Pasha (who proceeded recently to Montreaux in Switzerland for the Egyptian Capitulation Conference), King Farouq, King Ghazi of Iraq, Emir Abdulla of Transjordania and ex-Khedevi Abbas (brother of Prince Mahomed Ali Pasha) are enquiring about his health by trunk telephone calls.

The Syrian and Palestine Press has of late been criticising the new Cabinet of Iraq for the alleged starting of a movement by the Iraq Government against the Arabs sympathising with the cause of the Palestine Arabs. They are also charged with changing the national head dress of their people into a hat and thus trying to make them strangers to their own comrades.

The Iraqian Consul at Beyrouth (Syria) has appealed to the Governments of Syria and Palestine to put a stop to this anti-Iraqian movement and misrepresentation, stating that the reports as alleged in the Syrian and Palestine Press in this connection are not true. It is also stated that the Iraqian Government has published thousands of pamphlets in this connection denying the Syrian and Palestine Press reports and distributed the same throughout the Arab kingdom.

CORONATION PRESENTATION

Emir Abdullah of Transjordania is sailing for the London Coronation on the 28th of April.

He will present Their Majesties King George VI and Queen Elizabeth with a very valuable dagger, studded with precious stones, bearing the decorations of the Arab kingdom's symbols. It is stated that this dagger is the most artistic and best ever made in the Near East so far.

INDIAN STUDENTS' APPLICATIONS

The Dean of the Al Azhar University has received a large number of applications from Indian students for being admitted into the University for higher studies as well as for cultural studies. In the course of their letters, some Muslim students from India request the Dean to convey their humble wishes to King Farouq to grant them the same concessions His Majesty has been pleased to give in respect of other students (e.g., those from Kobe who have recently proceeded to Cairo and those from China who are shortly to arrive in Egypt), as regards free boarding and lodging as well as looking after their expenses so long as they are carrying on studies in the Egyptian scholastic institutions. The applications are under considerations and in all probability will be passed.

WELCOME TO MULLAJI SAHEB

His Holiness Syedna Taher Saifuddin, the Mullaji Saheb of the Dawoodi Bohras, has arrived at Cairo from Mecca after participating in the Haj ceremony. About four hundred Bohras have also come along with His Holiness from Jeddah by s.s. "Zamzan", the special Egyptian steamer plying between Jeddah and Egypt for the Haj service. On his arrival, the Mullaji Saheb was accorded a warm reception at Suez. From here he boarded the special train and arrived at Cairo, where also he was welcomed heartily with great pomp and ceremony by high officials of Egypt, under the leadership of Dr. Abdul Hamid Saheb, the President of the Young Men's Muslim Association. At present, the Mullaji Saheb is staying in the bungalow of the Association as their honoured guest.

MRS. FATMA BEGUM'S ADDRESS

Mrs. Fatma Begum, the well-known Muslim lady worker of Bombay and Editor of the Urdu weekly, "Khatoon", and her brother Mr. Abdul Majid, Editor of 'Paisa' (Lahore) arrived at Cairo from Mecca and were given a warm reception. In an interview with the Editor of the "Al Baligh" (Cairo), Mrs. Fatma Begum discussed many topical items regarding India and the Indians. She delivered an address at the Young Men's Muslim Association Hall and talked about the different subjects connected with India. Over six hundred students and scholars heard the speech and appreciated it very much.

# OUR READERS' VIEWS

### Reserve Bank's Governorship

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The appointment of Sir James B. Taylor as Governor of the Reserve Bank has set up a dangerous precedent which, in the interests of the country, must not be allowed to go unnoticed, if not unprotested against. Sir James has been a member of the Indian Civil Service and has acted in various capacities as Under-Secretary in the Central Provinces Government and in the Commerce Department of the Government of India, as Deputy Controller of Currency and Controller of Currency, and then as Additional Secretary in the Financial Department and has since the establishment of the Reserve Bank in April 1935, been one of its Deputy Governors. Thus Sir James has been a Government official brought up in the traditions of the Indian Civil Service, whose first principles have been to care more for the interests of Engl- than of India and burn inc- and any amount of it, at the s- of British economic and financial interests. Whatever might have been the justification for Sir James' appointment as one of the two Deputy Governors,—perhaps it was necessary for safeguarding the Government's financial interests—there certainly was no reason for making him Governthe Reserve Bank.

The appointment is without precedent in the history of Central Banking throughout the world. As Sir Cecil Kisch, the well-known authority on Central Banking says; "Whether an officially appointed element is included on the Board of the Central Bank or not, it is desirable to avoid, so far as may be, the presence on it of persons who have a special connection with Government or politics, which might possibly influence, or be thought to influence, the impartiality of their judgment. A number of modern charters accordingly recognise that members of the Government or of the Legislature or State officials should be debarred from serving on the Board. Provisions bearing on this point are to be found in the Federal Reserve Act, and the constitutions of the Central Banks of Chile, Poland, Sweden and elsewhere. (Central Banks 4th ed. pp 60-61).

During the progress of the Reserve Bank Legislation while the Government in this country took care to see that the Reserve Bank was made 'absolutely' independent of politics and the Legislatures it brought under the complete control of the Governor-General and the Secretary of State. In the case of a country like U.S.A. where the interests of Government and people are identical, there may not be any danger of official domination. But whereas in India foreign economic and financial domination and exploitation are to be especially guarded against, the danger of Governmental control becomes at once apparent.

The management of the Currency and Credit system of this country, especially at the present time, requires an amount of knowledge and experience and the possession of an adaptable mentality with reference both to the internal and international banking and credit situation which, Sir James, however capable he may be as a civil servant, cannot pretend to possess or to have acquired within the short period of twenty months of his Deputy-Governorship of an infant Reserve Bank which has scarcely yet begun to function as a Central Bank properly so-called. An experienced and able banker in the person of Sir Osborne Smith has been found unpalatable to the ways of the Finance Member and instead of inviting a banker of international repute with Indian experience or approaching the Bank of England or the Federal Reserve of U. S. A. or the Bank for International Settlements to lend the services of a capable banker, as was done by the Bank of Canada and the Reserve Bank of New Zealand, it has been thought fit to entrust the operations of the Indian Reserve Bank to a Government Official, who will do no more than carry out the dictates of the Governor General as advised by his Finance Member and as ultimately directed by the Secretary of State.

It may be recalled that under the new Government of India Act which we have been seriously asked to accept as our 'Swaraj' Charter, the financial stability and credit of the Government of India is a special responsibility left to the individual judgment of the Governor-General (S. 12 b), and legislature changes in the currency and credit system including the functions of the Reserve Bank, to his discretion (S.153). And both with regard to his discretion and individual judgment the Governor-General is required to be under the general control and carry out the particular directions of the Secretary of State (S.14)—which means in substance that Governmental policy in India is required to be guided by the categorical imperative, so to speak, of British interests. In addition to these statutory restrictions, if an Englishman in the Indian Civil Service whose term of office and other rights are completely protected by the Secretary of State even as against the authority and interference of the Governor-General (SS. 247 and 248) is entrusted with the operation of the currency and credit system, there can be no shadow of doubt that such operation including in particular the day-to-day policy of the Bank will be carried on first and foremost in the interests England and Englishmen and whenever there is a conflict of interests between England and India, the latter will without hesitation be sacrificed.

The preamble to the Reserve Bank Act enjoins the Bank 'to operate the currency and credit system of the country 'to its advantage.' Will this be possible when the Governor, Governing Director and Executive Head of the Bank is a Government official whose position in the Administration makes him naturally anxious to subserve to the wishes of the supreme Governing authority at Whitehall or Delhi? Can such an official, especially when he is a Britisher, be in a position to assure the country that he has both the will and the freedom to make the Indian national interest paramount in all his policies? It is urgently necessary that the Central Legislature and Indian Chambers of Commerce should take the matter up for consideration.—Yours, etc.

Madura. A. RAMAIYA.

### Indian Shipping Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have carefully read the leaderate on "Indian Shipping" appearing in your issue of 26th April, 1936, and I quite agree with your concluding remarks that "Businessmen must realise as soon as possible that only by exerting strong economic pressure on Britain can they get any justice for India's economic and political rights."

It is really surprising that Britain and Japan want to negotiate directly their share of Indian shipping while ignoring Indian shipping interests. Mr. Walchand Hirachand has struck the right note in warning the Indian public about the imperialist tendency of Britain to seek her own interests. Indians, by this time, ought to realise their dependent economic status and the attempts made by interested vested interests to stifle all attempts at growth of Indian shipping. India has got a large volume of export and import trade and hence she must have national shipping. The time is now ripe for representing India's case for national shipping and the Government of India must be made to press the claim. One is confident that Mr. Walchand Hirachand, who is shortly going to England, will represent India's claim.

Indo-Japanese trade is increasing day by day and so India ought to be in the picture when negotiations about Indian shipping trade are going on between Japan and Britain. India ought to be alert to see that she is not now exploited by alien interests.—Yours, etc.

BHIKHALAL B. KAPASI.

Baroda, April 26.

### *Railways' Chief For Bombay*

SIMLA, May 3.

It is understood that Sir Guthrie Russell, Chief Commissioner, and Mr. B. M. Staig, Financial Commissioner, Railway Board are leaving Simla, shortly to visit Bombay and returning on May 8. —A.P.

# Jamnadas Boosts Democratic Swarajists' Principles

## *IN COUNTRY'S INTERESTS, THEY WOULD NOT HESITATE TO OPPOSE CONGRESS!*

POONA, May 3.

"So far as the Democratic Swaraj Party is concerned, we have made no secret of our acute differences with the Congress. To us the interests of the country are so dear that if circumstances demand we would not hesitate to oppose the Congress if its policy and programme are against these interests. Without caring for popularity we are prepared to face any hostility, intolerance or spite in defending the interests of the country even against the Congress if unfortunately it becomes necessary" declared the Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Finance Minister, Bombay Government, in an interview to the "United Press".

Referring to the official programme the Finance Minister said:—

"That programme is being worked out in detail under each head and we shall be ready to make it public fairly in advance of the time of the meeting of the Legislature, so that the public may judge what this Ministry proposes to do for the welfare of the masses of this province We are quite ready to be judged on the merits of our programme and we are not afraid that our programme will suffer in comparison with any nationalist programme of any party in any part of the country.

WILL FACE LEGISLATURE

"The programme we have chalked out will need several years to complete but we wish to make a substantial beginning this year. The main difficulty is not that the Cabinet is unwilling to go in full steam ahead but that there are no funds, and a substantial taxation of those who are better off, will be essential if relief is to be brought to the peasant and worker. We shall place our demand for money before the Legislature, for carrying out our programme. It will be for the Legislature to decide whether and how far it wants our programme to be carried out".

Referring to the release of politicals the Hon. Mr. Mehta said:

"The whole question of what are called repressive measures, anti-individuals or anti-public bodies, is receiving an active consideration of the Cabinet".

HE STANDS ON MERITS

Supporting Mr. N. C. Kelkar's view about his acceptance of ministry Mr. Mehta said:—

"I myself will feel that I succeed only to the extent that I am able to carry through my programme. Mr. Kelkar has, therefore, stated what is absolutely a patent truth".

Replying to the question whether he hopes to get a majority, the Finance Minister at once remarked:—

"On merits we hope to get a majority But if merits do not count, we shall be only too glad to get out".

In connection with the Sonya Maruti Temple Satyagraha the Finance Minister made only the following remark:—

"I am closely following the happenings about the Sonya Maruti Satyagraha".—United Press.

### *Poona "At Home" To Jamnadas Mehta*

POONA, May 5.

Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Leader of the Democratic Swaraj Party, gave a tea party this evening in honour of the Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Finance Minister, Government of Bombay, when Mr. N. C. Kelkar and other prominent members of the Party were present. The Finance Minister held discussions, 'in camera', with them for over an hour.

After visiting various institutions the Hon. Mr. Mehta drove to the "Kesari-Marhatta" Institute where an "At Home" was arranged in his honour. After the "At Home" the Finance Minister was garlanded by Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar.

The Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta left for Bombay to-night.—United Press.

### *JAMNADAS VISITS SONYA MARUTI TEMPLE*

POONA, May 3.

The Hon'ble Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Minister for Finance, Government of Bombay, with Mr. Trotman, the District Magistrate, visited the Sonya Maruti Temple, the scene of satyagraha for the last one week, and personally inspected the sites of Temple and the Tamboli Mosque this afternoon.—United Press.

### *EIGHT MORE ARRESTS AT POONA*

POONA, May 3.

Eight persons, including S. R. Date, a prominent Hindu Leader, were arrested to-day in connection with the Sonia Maruti Satyagraha.—A. P.

### *POONA SATYAGRAHA CONVICTIONS*

POONA, May 3.

Mr. D. V. Gokhale, Joint-Editor, "Kesari," Dr. Palsule, and Mr. D. Ranade, a local reporter of "Lokashakti,," were sentenced to a fine of Rs. 25/- each or one week's rigorous imprisonment in default, this noon in connection with the Sonya Maruti temple satyagraha. —United Press.

### *25 Persons Offer Satyagraha*

POONA, May 3.

Twenty-five more persons offered satyagraha till this afternoon. To-day is the eighth day of the satyagraha. Total number of arrests effected hitherto exceed 60.—United Press.

### NO CONFIDENCE IN BOMBAY MINISTRY

CHALISGAON, May 3.

Mr. B. G. Kher, leader of the Congress Party in Bombay Legislative Assembly, arrived here today in the course of his tour in Khandesh District.. Mr. Kher fully explained the position of Congress regarding assurance demanded and also the resolutions of the Working Committee at a public meeting presided over by Mr. H. V. Kalankar, President of the Chalisgaon Municipality.

The meeting passed a resolution expressing "no-confidence" in the present ministry and demanding early meeting of the Legislature. —A. P.

## *BENGAL'S WELCOME TO JAWAHAR*

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by his daughter Indira arrived here this morning. Long before his arrival a large crowd had gathered at Howrah station to receive him.

Pandit Nehru will stay with Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose.

At a public meeting this evening he will speak on "The Present Jute Strike and Our Duty."

**The rush on the platform was so great that one young man who garlanded Pandit Nehru slipped between the platform and the train, resulting in one of his legs being cut off. He is now lying in a serious condition.**

Those present on the platform included Mr. Sanatkumar Roy Chowdhury, the newly elected Mayor. Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh and Suresh Chandra Majumdar.

Many people were unable to reach Howrah station owing to Howrah Bridge being closed at the time of the arrival of the train.—A. P.

### MUSLIM CONGRESSMAN ALSO INJURED

**Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's departure from Howrah station delayed by half an hour due to his personally attending to the injured man.**

**A Muslim member of the Bara Bazar Congress Committee also received injuries caused by the rush.**

**Both the injured men were taken to hospital.—A. P.**

### BOTH OF HIS LEGS SEVERED

CALCUTTA, May 3.

**Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru visited, K.L. Goswami (aged 25) both of whose legs were severed this morning at Howrah station and who** was removed to the medical college.

Goswami is a B. Sc. student of the Calcutta University. When Pandit Nehru saw him in hospital, Goswami was still unconscious and the Pandit intends visiting him this afternoon to cheer him up.

It is unlikely that Pandit Nehru will visit the jute mill strike areas. —A. P.

### *LESSON FROM THAT TRAGIC ACCIDENT*

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the course of a press statement regarding the accident that took place this morning at the Howrah Station, when two persons received injuries having slipped down the edge of the platform and got beneath the wheels of the running train, says:—

"The tragic accident which took place this morning at the Howrah Station came as a great shock to all of us. The accident, in all probability would have been avoided if there had not been scores of mail-bags thrown all over the platform. Why these mail-bags were lying there in a disorderly condition an hour after the arrival of Punjab Mail, I do not know."

Continuing Panditji says, "I would beg of all of our friends to take a lesson from what has happened to-day. There must be no running alongside a moving train or a moving car, no mounting on foot-boards and pushing at all at any time. If people stand in disciplined lines, all have a far better chance of seeing the person they want to see, to meet him and even sometimes to speak to him. Volunteers must also follow these rules."

In conclusion, Panditji expresses his deepest sympathy to the young man who has already lost his leg and hovers between life and death. —United Press.

# THE THREE MUSKETEERS

THE DEPARTURE.

One fine spring day in the year 1625 a young French nobleman, d'Artagnan, decided to say goodbye to the home of his childhood in Gascogne in order to go to Paris, where he intended to seek admission to Louis the Thirteenth's famous corps, the Musketeers. He took leave of his father, who presented him with three gifts—fifteen crowns, a horse and a letter of introduction to Monsieur de Treville.

"My son, this horse first saw the light of day on your father's estate thirteen years ago. Treat him well, and never sell him. Go to Monsieur de Treville, who used to be my neighbour, and give him this letter from me. He began in the same way as you are beginning, but now he is captain of the Musketeers. I know that he stands high in the esteem of his Majesty, and that the Cardinal holds him in great respect."

PATERNAL ADVICE

D'Artagnan the elder got up, and slinging his sword over his son's shoulders, said with an expression in his eyes full of pride and love:

"It is by his courage, only by his courage, that a nobleman makes a way for himself in these days. If his courage fails him for one second only, he is lost. Seize every opportunity that presents itself, look for adventure yourself. I have had you taught how to wield a sword; you have sinews of iron, fists of steel—fight the more for duels being forbidden since it consequently means that twice as much courage is needed."

Then Monseieur d'Artagnan embraced his son; kissed him affectionately on both cheeks, and gave him his blessing.

### A HOMOEOPATH ACCEPTS CHALLENGE

(Continued from Page 6.)

penses to be borne by the experimenter.

Besides judges belonging to the medical profession, two independent and respectable persons will be appointed as umpires. They will have their say on the question of results.

In order that there may be no question of the competency or incompetency of the experimenter, as it will not do for Homoeopaths to disown him in case of failure, he must satisfy the board that he possesses qualifications that would satisfy any responsible and respectable Homoeopathic college in India, and atleast one responsible and respectable Homoeopathic Association or Society in India.

In case of acceptance further details will follow.—Yours, etc.,

INTERESTED.

# Jute Mill Strike Has No Political Significance

## Demands Of Workers Are Purely Economic

### Central Strike Committee Refutes Jute Mill Association's Allegations

CALCUTTA, May 2.

The following official statement on the strike situation has been issued to the "United Press" by the All-Bengal Jute Workers Central Strike Committee:—

"The attention of the Strike Committee has been drawn to the press statement of the Indian Jute Mills' Association and the statements, letters appearing in some of the papers.

"The Jute Mills' Association has tried to clarify the issues involved in the strike and prove that the whole strike is motivated by political agitators.

"The Committee feels however, that if any political crisis has been created at this juncture, then the responsibility for it rests with the Government and the Association.

From the very beginning the issues have been economic, the demands of the workers were elementary trade union demands. The economic issues did not cease to be trade demands when during the last Assembly elections the candidates from the Trade Union Congress put forward their election programme."

**Programme.**

As an instance of the programme the Association has given the following (1) Permanent service, (2) Minimum salary, of Rs. 30 (3) Free quarters, (4) Provision for old age, (5) Provident fund and gratuity, (6) Leave with pay for one month and one month sick leave yearly, (7) Free medical help, (8) Unemployment relief, (9) Dole during unemployment, (10) Job for relatives, (11) free education for the workers.

All these demands were considered as legitimate by the Labour Minister. These demands in no way can be deemed as political nor as extravagant. They are simple and elementary demand of workers. In England and other countries during the early days of trade Union movement these constituted as charter for workers."

**Chartist Movement.**

"The Association should remember the days of Chartist movement in England. The similarity between the chartist demands and the jute workers' grievances although is an amazing coincidence, can hardly be termed as revolutionery socialism any more than the chartist movement of '32 can be regarded as more than a chapter of early trade Union movement.

"But what is the game? Why this cry of communism, when these demands are elementary trade union grievances? This psychology is a part of the general attitude taken by the Government in the past and continued at present.

"The deliberate obstinacy to abstain from discussion, refusal to accord a hearing from any deputation that may wait upon them, has been the characteristic feature of the Jute Mills Association.

**Present Leaders.**

The present leaders of the Strike Committee and the Trade Union Congress have come to occupy their present position of confidence amongst the Jute working masses not by any political trickery but by virtue of being the people's men. The elections only awakened the jute workers to rude necessity of their struggle for their rights.

"The Strike Committee is prepared to face a public enquiry Committee and place all facts before it. Will the Association face a public inquiry as regards wage system, service conditions and the problems related to the grievances of the workers? The findings of the Committee will be binding on both but the restoration of the wage cut is a condition precedent for the same.

**Not Believable.**

"The Jute Mills Association have given some facts and asserted that there has been 35 per cent. increase in wages, in the ration of 54-hour week. This is a revelation but hardly believable. The jute workers of Bengal constitute the lowest paid wage earning class in India.

"The demands of jute workers do not contain any political demand. Then why his emphasis on the political character of the strike? Is the Association free from political bias? It was not the duty, assumed with resumption, of the Association to point out that the strike is run by the Communists.'

**Communist Organisation.**

The public and the Government know that "Communist' organisations are illegal and the assertions are astounding. The Strike Committee condemns strongly the assertions made therein and is prepared to face public trial on the charge of communism and it is for the Government to do so unless the Association assumes the function of the Government.

"The attitude of the Government and the Association reveals the nature of the resent regime and the demand for assurances by the Congress become intelligible in the light of the happenings in Bengal.

"Lastly most of the demands embodied in the present strike are contained in the Labour Commission Report and if the Whitely report is no more a communist document, then the present strike based on almost on the findings of the same cannot be termed as such.

"Most of the issues raised by the Association is off the mark and in fairness to all the Association should concede to the demands rather than ride the hobby horse of communism".—United Press.

# JUTE OWNERS RAISE "RED" BOGEY

## Present Strike Not Economic But Purely Political, They Contend

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

The Indian Jute Mills' Association in the course of a statement in connection with the jute mill strike situation says:—

"Before the end of last year, activity was begun by various labour candidates to put themselves forward to represent labour in the Legislative Assembly. The election resulted in Communists capturing the labour seats and they are now the accredited leaders of the jute mill workers. These Communist leaders put forward extravagant promises to the jute mill workers which promises they could not possibly fulfil. An outline of the promises and the connection of the so-called leaders with Communism can be taken from the electioneering pamphlet of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee.

LABOUR DEMANDS.

1. Permanent post; 2. lowest salary to be Rs. 30 per month; 3. free quarters; 4. provision for old age (provident fund and gratuity); 5. leave with pay for a month and one month's sick leave yearly; 6. free medical help; 7. unemployment relief; 8. dole during unemployment; 9. job for relatives; 10. free education for the children of labourers.

"Friends, if we are to have the above grievances redressed, we must make, on the one hand, all the labour organisations more powerful, and on the other, to see that the real labour representatives are sent to the Council. If we try both the ways, the Bengal Government will be compelled to admit the demands of the labourers as legitimate. Friends, you will be glad to know that there are eight seats for the labour constituency. For these eight seats if we can send real representatives of the labourers, i.e., men who have devoted their life for the welfare of the labourers, then their interest will be safeguarded. For this reason, the All-India Trade Union Congress has selected Com. Sibnath Banerjee. Com. Sibnath Banerjee is well-known among the Howrah labourers' class. At present he is President of the All-India Trade Union Congress. During the last Lillooah strike, Com. Banerjee worked his level best for the labourers and has been known to be a man with real sympathy for the labourers. That is why he is to-day the President of the Labour Congress (Lillooah strike ended in a riot, police had to open fire and Sibnath was convicted for 1-1|2 years).

ELECTION PROPAGANDA

"Propaganda during the election was on the same lines as this pamphlet and the subsequent pamphlets which have been circulated amongst the jute mill workers are also on similar lines. These bear the usual communist slogans such as "Workers of the World Unite," etc. Having succeeded in capturing the labour vote these leaders were required by their constituents to implement the promises made to the workers. Their reply was that if strikes were carried out the workers would gain all their demands.

There are at this moment 36,900 looms idle representing 65 per cent of the total loomage of the Indian Jute Mills' Association.

The adjournment motion moved in the Bengal Legislative Assembly on 8th April, 1937, on the question of maintenance of Law and Order in the strike area produced speeches from the Congress benches and the labour members, which left no room for doubt about their attitude to revolutionary movements and intention to create unrest.

It is contended that this jute mill strike is not economic, but purely political with the workers being exploited for Communistic and political purposes only, which have as their object the complete overthrow of ordered Government.

The mills give direct employment to over a quarter of a million workers and surprise has been expressed that, when so many of the workers are willing to work a jute mill is unable to carry on.

NO DEMANDS PRESENTED

It must be understood that 'no' demands have been put forward by the workers, but their Communist leaders have seen fit to stress the "pitiful conditions under which the workers live." It is not generally realised that in fact very real amenities are provided for the workers by the vast majority of mill-owners. Such amenities include 'pucca' cooly lines for which purely nominal rents are charged, free water, free lighting and free medical attention for the workers and their families. Many mills have for a considerable period paid generous maternity benefits to their women workers and, in this connection, it is interesting to record that the payment of maternity benefits is one of the demands now put forward on behalf of the strikers. A Maternity Benefit Bill applying to industry generally which is now under consideration by the Government of Bengal will simply give the force of law to what the vast majority of the jute mills have already granted to labour of their own free will.

The demands now put forward are not the genuine demands of the workers, 95 per cent of whom have always been and are still content to continue to work happily."—United Press.

## *ZAMINDAR LOOTS TENANTS*

ALLAHABAD, May 3.

The local Congress authorities have received a report from a village in Handia Tahsil alleging that a zemindar looted 16 houses of the tenants by carrying away their belongings and terrorising them.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Dr. K. N. Katju, M.L.A., and Lal Bahadur Shastri, M.L.A., visited the village yesterday morning. It is learnt the villagers surrounded the leaders with their tales of woe, and the authorities are being urged to inquire into the matter and take necessary action. —United Press.

## FROM THE SPANISH FRONT

(Continued from page 6)

manner in which the escape was engineered and carried out with the help of the prisoners' Spanish guards.

There were 37 prisoners, at Villa Cisneros; men who had been sent there from Teneriffe, owing to their alleged "left" sympathies. They were fortunate to be alive, for a good many men in the Canary Isles had been shot out of hand when the insurgents seized the islands, merely on suspicion of being supporters of the legal Spanish Government.

The garrison of Villa Cizneros is composed of "Mia" Moors. Themselves brutalised by their Spanish officers, they treat the Spanish prisoners with appalling brutality. Work consists of making roads from the "Commandancia" to the various forts—work performed day after day in the burning sun by men enfeebled and half-starved, their throats parched by the constantly shifting sand of the desert. There was nothing to break the monotony of their lives except the arrival of the ships bringing mails and provisions to the garrison, an arrival which was awaited with a fearful eagerness. For on their return trips the mail boats took with them prisoners to be shot in Teneriffe. By March, the number of thirty-seven had dwindled to twenty-three.

Then some tribes rebelled in the interior, and the Mias and most of the Spanish command set off to restore law and order, leaving behind, as guard for the prisoners and garrison to the position, a few Spanish regulars. Only two of the private soldiers were fascists, while the others were completely sympathetic to the prisoners and to the Government cause. Though speech between guard and prisoner was punishable with death, plans for escape to Government territory were continually being discussed. Finally, one of the soldiers evolved a scheme which met with universal approval—to await the arrival of the next mail boat to board it and to sail away in it. For this, perfect co-ordination of movement was essential, and a "Committee of Prisoners" was formed. Until the arrival of the mail boat nothing could be done for though with the Moors and most of the Spanish officers safely away in the desert, the loyalists were numerically strong enough to take possession of Villa Cisneros, they could not hold it against the rebel forces which could be brought up from Agud, just across the river. And there was always the danger that news of the intended attempt would leak out. So the days between March 11 and 14 were days of nerve-wracking tension. At last, on the afternoon of March 14, it was definitely known that the mail boat would arrive in the mouth of the river at about 12 o'clock that night. The order was given to have everything in readiness. At nightfall the number of soldiers in the plot on duty was doubled; and a discreet but careful watch was kept on doubtful elements, harbour officials, etc.

At one o'clock in the morning of March 15, revolvers were rationed out between soldiers and prisoners. Then, while a small group of a dozen or so went to the harbour, the rest proceeded to the fortress. The sentinel immediately let them in, and from the armoury they collected weapons—two machine guns, sixty rifles, revolvers and ammunitions. The barracks was the next objective, the few soldiers there were sleeping, none of them resisted. A guard was left and the loyalists then set out to arrest the fascist officials. All submitted quietly, except the temporary acting commander, Lieutenant Malo, who opened fire with his revolver, killing one and wounding another. Then he fell, shot by one of the men from Teneriffe. Otherwise, no violence occurred; nobody was hurt or maltreated in any way.

Meanwhile the twelve soldiers accompanied by the local master pilot who had gone to the harbour, and fared excellently. As they arrived, the mail boat was anchoring. The pilot signalled to a sailor where to let down the landing ladder. The ladder was let down and the soldiers boarded the boat, the "Viera y Clavijo." They asked to see the captain, his officers and any passengers. This seemed a normal procedure and they all assembled. Immediately, they were made prisoners. Again, no resistance was offered. For the moment it had seemed as if the crew would panic; then they realised what was happening and joined forces with the soldiers. As soon as everybody arrived on board, they raised anchor and sailed for Dakar.

Altogether 84 soldiers, as well as the 23 survivors from Teneriffe sailed in the ship. Eleven soldiers remained behind in the fortress, completely unaware that anything unusual had taken place. The captain and the other officers, except for the two who joined the loyalists, were kept prisoners during the voyage in the luxury cabins. In the ship's log it was entered that the "Viera y Clavijo" had been requisitioned on behalf of the Spanish Government. On March 17 the ship arrived at Dakar in the morning, to the great excitement of the French inhabitants, who turned out 'en masse' to greet them. Immediately the refugees communicated with the Spanish Government and asked for further orders.

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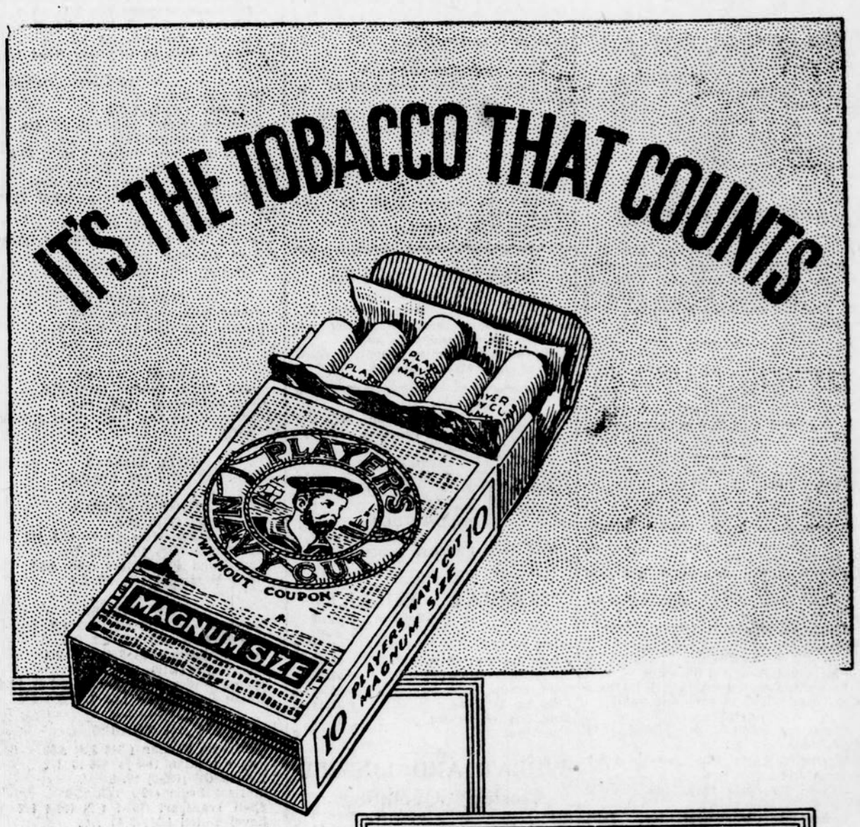


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# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON 10 POINTS UP

## Gold And Base Metals Firm But Silver And Wheat Quiet

BOMBAY, May 3

On Monday cross rates ruled steady.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADIER

New York cotton displayed steadier tendency on better Wall Street advices.

GOLD FIRM

London gold was firm but silver was easy.

WHEAT QUIET

Wheat was quiet. Jute and rubber ruled slightly easy. Base metals were firm.

SECURITIES UNDECIDED

The London Stock Exchange displayed a cheerful disposition with business showing signs of expansion on good buying support. Giltedged securities were rather undecided with operators cautious.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER '937.

| New York, May 3 | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 12.67 |
| To-day's opening | 12.77 |
| Difference | plus 10 |
| To-day's closing | 12.77 |
| Difference | plus 10 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER '937.

| Liverpool, May 3 | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 7.07 |
| To-day's opening | 7.07 |
| Difference | nil |
| To-day's closing | 7.11 |
| Difference | plus 04 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

| | |
|---|---|
| April May | Rs. 228-8 |
| July August | Rs. 234-8 |

### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 3

Cotton staged good show on better Wall Street advices despite poor Liverpool. The technical position was strengthened by better feeling elsewhere.

Trading commenced at 12.77 for October i.e. 10 points higher. Later however the market tended to decline touching 12.75 but this fall was not long materialised due to better feeling among operators.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.77 with a rise of 10 points for October delivery.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 3

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.97/12.96) 13.05/13.02
October (12.73/12.71) 12.77/12.75
December (—) 12.75/12.75

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 3

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (7.08) 7.16
American July (7.14) 7.20
Egyptian March (10.55) 10.80
Egyptian May (10.70) 10.65

### BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 3

Broach cotton for July August moved between Rs. 233-8 and Rs. 234-8 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. closed at Rs. 234-8 Broach April May was Rs. 6 lower.

## LONDON MARKETS

London, May 3

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3 1/2) 2-3 1/2

JUTE

New Crop May June (£22 3/16 paid and buyers) £22 paid
Dunlop May (£25 1/4 sellers) £25 1/4 sellers
Lightning May (£23 1/4) £23 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/16 value) 10 value
Forward July September (10 1/4 paid and buyers) 10 3/16 paid and value

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£14 3/8 sellers) £13 3/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata May June (£13 1/8 sellers) £13 3/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 11/16) £14 3/4 sellers

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 3

Liverpool wheat opened with July at 111 and October 103 3/4 with a steady tone. The market was quiet with operators watching the Stock Exchange. Later private bullish north American cables induced scattered buying and values advanced a little.

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 3

Chicago wheat market opened steady with July at 1.20 1/8. The market displayed better activity at the initial stage but prices tended to sag on poor foreign advices which induced hedge selling and July was quoted at 1.19 3/8

## EXCHANGES

### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

| New York, May 3 | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.93 7/8 |
| To-day's opening | 4.93 7/16 |
| To-day's closing | 4.93 11/16 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

| London, May 3 | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.94.06 |
| To-day's opening | 4.93.65 |
| To-day's closing | 4.93.72 |

FRANC RATE

| London, May 3 | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 110.35 |
| To-day's opening | 110.34 |
| To-day's closing | 109.24 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 3

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.93.62 and fluctuated within a narrow range on lack of good speculative demand.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.93.72.

Franc opened at 110.13 and eased a little to 110.31. The market remained erratic with an undecided trend.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 109.24.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.331) 8.300
New York on Bombay (37.35) 37.32
London on Milan (93.87) 93.80
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/8) 0.93 1/8
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£245 1/2 buyers £246 1/2 sellers. Irregular) £255 buyers £255 1/2 sellers. Firm
Lead (£22 7/8 buyers £23 sellers Weak) £24 1/2 buyers £24 5/8 sellers. Very steady
Electrolytic Copper (£62 to £64) £63 to £65
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

### SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 3

The following cable information was received from London to night "China sold. India bought. Business small. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

| | London, May 3 Previous closing Prices | To-day's Prices. |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | 20 3/8d. | 20 5/16d. |
| Forward | 20 7/16d. | 20 3/8d. |

LONDON GOLD

London, May 3

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-8) £7-0-10

### BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 3 10 p.m.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Silver ready | 52 | 9 | 0 |
| Silver 1st settlement | 52 | 12 | 0 |
| Silver 2nd settlement | 52 | 15 | 0 |
| Gold ready | 34 | 11 | 6 |
| Gold 1st settlement | 34 | 11 | 9 |
| Gold 2nd settlement | 34 | 10 | 9 |
| Sovereigns | 22 | 2 | 0 |

### WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 3

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat May | 5 | 10 | 9 |
| Wheat September | 5 | 12 | 0 |
| Linseed May | 8 | 1 | 3 |
| Linseed September | 8 | 5 | 3 |

The tone was steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery May 1937

Bombay, May 3

| | Rs. | a. | p |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rates at 11-0 a.m. | 7 | 15 | 9 |
| Rates at 12-0 noon | 8 | 0 | 3 |
| Rates at 3-0 p.m. | payment | | |
| Rates at 5-0 p.m. | 8 | 0 | 6 |

September delivery was about 0-4-0 annas higher.

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Rate

Liverpool, May 3

Wheat May closed at 111 3/4 as against the previous closing at 111 1/2

### 3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, May 3

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 94-2 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 94-1.

Fluctuations were as follows:—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Opening | 94 | 2 | 0 |
| Highest | 94 | 2 | 0 |
| Lowest | 94 | 1 | 0 |
| Closing | 94 | 1 | 0 |

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 3

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £89 3/4.

### INDIAN LOANS

London, May 3 2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£89 1/2) £89 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 1/2) £114
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 £106 1/2) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£108 7/8) £109

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 3/4) £76 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£101 7/8) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/2) £107 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 5/8) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/2) £101 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 5/8) £109 3/4

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 3 2-30 p.m.

Markets generally showed brighter sentiment. Business showing signs of expansion. Minings were firmer. Home industrials were firm on renewed buying. Internationals and oils were steady to firm.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-0) 15-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-0) 80-4 1/2 ex dividend
Hydro Electric (£7 3/8) £8 1/8
Musical Industries (19-6) 19-6
Princhin Johnson (43-0) 44-9
Imperial Chemical (36-9) 37-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (77-6) 78-9
Realisation 1930 (£93 1/2) £94
Dunlop Rubber (33-0) 33-0
Unilever Ordinary (39-1 1/2) 39-6
Ford Motors (27-3) 26-4 1/2 ex dividend
Cables and Wireless (£5 3/4) £6 3/8
British American Tobacco (123-9) 125-0
Carreas A (£8 1/8) £8 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (149-4 1/2) 151-10 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (30-1 1/2) 31-9
Distillers (110-9) 112-0
Bredfords Dyers (£9 1/2) £9 3/4
British Celanese (£8) £8 3/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (49-6) 49-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-0) 52-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-3) 11-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (28-6) 29-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (56-9) 61-3
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (62-6) 68-9 ex dividend
Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-0) 19-0
Donaro Tea (49-4 1/2) 49-4 1/2
Empire of India (30-0) 30-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-0) 39-0
Gula Kelampong (42-6) 44-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (37-6) 37-6 ex dividend

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (50-0) 50-0
Burma Corporation (16-3) 17-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (£18 1/2) £19 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (63-9) 63-9
Rand Mines (£7 1/8) £7 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 1/2) £12 7/8
Gedule New (£8 3/4) £8 7/8
New Modders (£28 3/4) £28 3/4
Sub Nigel (£10) £10 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (32-6) 32-6
Union Corporation (£8 1/4) £8 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£48 3/4) £50
Anglo Iranian (105-0) 106-10 1/2
Burma Oil (105-0) 107-6
Musical Eagle (18-7 1/2) 19-0
Shell Transport (103-1 1/2) 109-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£43 3/4) £45

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£58 1/2) £59
L and S Ordinary (£28 3/8) £28 7/8
L N E R Defd (£4 3/4) £4 3/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 1/2) £22 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£126 3/4) £126 3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£86 1/2) £85

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 3

Opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 58) dol 53 3/8
N Copper Mining (dol 51 1/8) dol 51 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 102 5/8) dol 102
U S Steel Preference (dol 137) unquoted.

### RETURN OF CONFIDENCE IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Franc Appreciating

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 3

On the Stock Exchange the return of confidence characterised the start of the new account with an influx of sustained investment demand on a wide range of classes resulted in general upmoving values and many substantial gains among leading industrials, oils and base metals.

Commodities generally exhibited steadier undertone following the cessation of recent forced liquidation

In foreign exchanges the repatriation of French funds caused franc to appreciate in terms of sterling from 110.35.

Wall Street was firm and then irregular to 109.40.

### JUTE SHARES STEADY

Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, May 3

Jutes ruled steady. Coals showed not much interest. Teas were neglected. In miscellaneous chief speculative stocks met with fair support and the rates marked up last closings. Other shares kept as usual. Government securities were quiet. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three and half per cent G P 94/2; five per cent loan 1945/55 119/4 small lots.

Banks: Imperial conty 377; Reserve Bank 126 small lot

Railways: Arrah Sasaram 64 small lot; Sara Serajganj 97/8.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 2/4; Kesoram 6/7 small lot; New Victoria ordy 1/5; New Ring ordy 79

Coals: Aldih 4/2; Amalgamated 26/4; Bengal 326 small lot; Burrakur 17/6 ex div; Equitable 36/8; Lakurka 6; Seebpore 20 premium; Standard 35; Talcher 2/4; South Karanpura 7/2.

Jutes: Auckland 185; Cheviot 180; Clive 25/8; Dalhousie 320; Howrah 55; Hukumchand 10/10; India 318 small lot; Kamarhatty 532; National 22/8; North Brook 40; Reliance 67; Union 410

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 11/7; Consolidated Tin 7/6; Indian Copper 3/7; Rhodesia Copper 3; Jubbulpore Electric 14/4; Hukumchand Electric 9/14; Indian Steel and Wire Products conty 60; do defd 467; Indian Iron and Steel 45/8; British India Corporation ordy 3/13; Dunlop Rubber ordy 20 small lot; do pref 104/8; British Burma Petrol 5/12; Glenaly Rubber 2.00; India General Navigation 128; Champaran Sugar 19/12;

Debentures: Four per cent 1913/43 Calcutta Port Trust 103/10; Three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 100/10.—A.P.

### BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

| | 1936-37 | 1935-36 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts from 1st Sept. 1936 to 29th April 1937 | | 2,573,129 |
| Same time previous season | | 2,371,399 |
| Exports from 1st Sept. 1936 to 29th April 1937. | | |
| United Kingdom | 64,359 | 88,884 |
| Continent | 301,271 | 304,551 |
| China | 10,100 | 79,087 |
| Japan | 1,082,485 | 882,265 |
| Coast Ports | 25,027 | 22,131 |
| U. S. A. | 6,685 | 2,006 |
| Total | 1,489,927 | 1,378,924 |
| Total exports by rail from 1st Sept 1936 to 29th April 1937 | | 97,760 |
| Estimated Mill consumption from 1st Sept 1936 to 29th April 1937 | | 729,286 |
| Same period last year | | 578.850 |
| Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and other mills in Bombay on 29th April 1937 | | 1,188,952 |
| Same time previous season | | 857,693 |

KARACHI STATISTICS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total receipts from Up-country from 1st Sept. 1936 to 22nd April 1937 | 2,104,688 |
| Same time previous year | 1,657,101 |
| Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. 1936 to 15th April 1937 | 1,383,529 |
| Same period last season | 1.207,772 |

### Rajwade's Narrow Escape

GWALIOR, May 3.

Mr. B. G. Rajwade, Revenue Secretary of the Gwalior Government, had a narrow escape from death yesterday when he was returning to Lashkar from Harsi Dam.

On coming to an uneven surface of the road, the car dropped 25 feet down the steep embankment.

Mr. Rajwade and the three occupants of the car leapt out of the car into the water and escaped without injury.—A. P.

### Move To Revitalise Punjab Hindu Sabha

LAHORE, May 3.

Elaborate plans to revitalise the Punjab Hindu Sabha which, in the opinion of political circles, has been showing signs of decadence since the elections have been formulated by the Sabha's Executive Committee, over which Dr. Sir Gokulchand Narang, ex-minister, presided.

Resolutions relating to the Panipat firing and the Frontier kidnappings were adopted and it was decided to establish a bureau to combat the unemployment of Hindu youths.—A. P.

## PRODUCTION OF SUGAR

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 3.

Competent observers feel the Sugar Committee have lightened the task which confronts the Sugar Tariff Board in regard to the measure for protection of the indigenous industry.

It is believed provincial Governments may accept the suggestion made by the Sugar Committee of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research generally to restrict the area under cane cultivation to the existing level and take steps not to extend cane crop area. This area has already increased by one quarter million acres from three millions in 1931-32 to four and quarter million acres in 1936-37 during the six years that protection had been accorded to sugar industry. Production and consumption of sugar and 'gur' have gone on together and cane consumed by the factories amounted last year to nine millions tons Fifteen million tons of cane have been used for manufacture of 'gur' and this is considered sufficient by experts and industrialists who believe that further extension of area under cane cultivation should be discouraged and efforts should be concentrated on improving the quality of the cane so that it yields more sugar and protect crop from pests.

Cross breeding experiments are being carried in Coimbatore and Karnul to achieve the desired object. It appears the work of the Tariff Board will be greatly facilitated by the conclusions of the Sugar Committee which concludes deliberations tomorrow

### FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6.)

"He has NOT, said Swinbourne.

Goss.—You will take no more notice, I suppose?

Swinbourne.—I have just taken exactly such notice as a gentleman in my position was bound to take. I have written him another letter

Goss.—I hope your letter was quite moderate.

Swinbourne.—Perfectly moderate. I merely informed him, in language of the strictest reserve, that he is a hoary-headed and toothless baboon.

* * *

The United States Senate Committee which has been investigating the cost of the Presidential election has calculated that the various party organisations spent just under £5,000,000.

The delay in issuing the report is due to the fact that the committee found it impossible to isolate actual election expenses. The report, therefore, examines party accounts for the whole of last year, assuming that practically the entire expenditure must have been for electioneering. Mr. Roosevelt's sweeping victory cost his party £1,845,000. The Republicans, however, spent almost £1,000,000 more than that on their unsuccessful campaign for Mr. Landon. The combined headquarters expenditure of the Communists, Socialists, prohibitionists and followers of Father Coughlin totalled a more £60,000.

More interesting is the comparative cost of the votes polled. Those cast for Mr. Lemke, the "Radio Priest's" protege, were by far the cheapest. They cost 5½d. each. Votes for Mr. Browder, the Communist, were an expensive luxury, costing 13s. 7½d. each. Mr. Landon's 15,600,000 votes. at 3s. 6½d. were next costliest. By comparison Mr. Roosevelt's 25,400,000 supporters were cheaply rallied at 1s. 4½d. a vote.

* * *

**Ipse Dixits.**

Morality is always the product of terror.—Aldous Huxley.

A child has no natural apetite for smoking, and if he smokes it is because he wants to be grown up.—A. S. Neill, Headmaster, Summerhill School.

The best way to gain a good education is to read newspapers.—Henry Ford.

Give me a new-born child, and in ten years I can have him so scared he'll never dare to lift his voice above a whisper, or so brave that he'll fear nothing.—Dr. George A. Dorsey.

It is not that I mind the jungle so much, for the jungle is cleaner than Mayfair has often been.—Dr. F. W. Norwood.

There is only one rule for being a good talker: learn to listen.—Christopher Morley.

Meat helps emotion. if Clark Gable ate steak before each scene he would be twice as romantic.—Louis Albers, head of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer restaurant

The great majority of people, though they have perfectly good brains, do not in the least know how to use them. We neglect our brains just as we neglect our limbs.—Hubert Phillips.

# SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, May 3

M M ss Varela of 1926 reg tons, Captain A Danbrook arrived from Busreh via Khoramshahr, Bushire, Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

Y K Kaisha ss Yoshida Maru No. 1 of 3386 reg tons, Captain K Eguchi arrived from Bombay via Kundla, Bedi Bunder, Karachi with general cargo.

L Edwards ss Kubfels of 4785 reg tons, Captain H Reineke arrived from Bremen via Hamburg, Antwerp, Port Said, Suez with general cargo.

B I S N ss Chantala of 1428 reg tons Captain F Pattinson arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf, Karachi, Kathiawar Ports with passengers and general cargo.

S S N ss Jalapalaka of 2630 reg tons Captain J Williams arrived from Moulmein via Rangoon, Colombo, Trivandrum, Cochin, Calicut, Cannanore with general cargo.

B I S N ss Gambada of 3252 reg tons Captain G H Johnson arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Galle, Cochin, Calicut, Cannanore, Mangalore with general cargo.

Asiatic S N ss Kohinoor of 3240 reg tons Captain J Murray arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin, Trivandrum, Cochin, Ponani, Calicut, Telicherry with general cargo.

F F Campbell ss President Harrison of 6242 reg tons, Captain H S Ehman arrived from Boston, U. S. A., via New York, Havana, Balboa, San Francisco, Honolulu, Kobe, Hongkong, Shanghai, Manila, Singapore, Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Killick Nixon ss City of Marseilles of 5309 reg tons, Captain E Olason sailed for London via Port Said with same bottom cargo.

Scindia ss Jalapadma of 2326 reg tons Captain L J Evans sailed for Rangoon with water ballast.

Scindia ss Jalavihar of 3581 reg tons Captain F T Lewis sailed for Rangoon via Tuticorin Colombo with local cargo and passengers.

M M ss Gamaria of 3232 reg tons, Captain D S Johnston sailed for Bassein with water ballast

O S K ss Tango Maru of 4238 reg tons Captain K Tuskuda sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

M B Kaisha ss Kurohi Maru of 2893 reg tons Captain Kutsuzawa sailed for Yokohama via Osaka with local and same bottom cargo.

M M ss Howra of 4096 reg tons Captain D Lonie sailed for Calcutta with water ballast.

M M ss Steel Ranger of 3450 reg tons Captain B E Smith sailed for Calcutta via Colombo, Madras with ballast.

T M ss Jehangir of 2157 reg tons Captain P M Merries sailed for Jeddah via Aden and Red Sea with local cargo and passengers.

### Vessels In Docks

Bombay, May 3

ALEXANDRA DOCK

3 Fukuyo Maru 3405 Karachi 5-5 O S K
6 Truenfels 5196 Karachi 6-5 L Edwards
9 Kybfels 4784 Karachi 8-5 L Edwards
14 Yoshida Maru 3386 Japan 6-5 N Y K
16 President Harrison 6242 New York 5-5 F F Campbell

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Ormora 2978 Calcutta 4-5 M M
2 Rajput 3398 Java 4-5 T Morrison
3 Barala 1899 P Gulf 5-5 M M
4 Varela 1926 Basra 6-5 M M
7 Gambada 3252 Rangoon 8-5 M M
9 Kohinoor 3240 Calcutta N F, T Morrison

PRINCES DOCK

F Jehangir 2157 Jeddah 3-5 T Morrisen
M Alipore 3241 N F M M (P & O)
N/O Jalapalka 2630 Kathiawar Ports, N F Scindia S N
P Netravati 699 M Coast, N F, B S N

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Takada 11-5-37 M M
Nalgora 13-5-37 M M
Chitral 6-5-37 P and O
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 13-5 P and O
Maloja 20-5 P and O
Lahore 5-5-37 M M

FROM LIVERPOOL

Hesinne 5-5-37 J Finlay
Clan Mcphee 16-5-37 James Finlay
City of Melbourne 7-5-37 K Nixon
Tarantia 8-5-37 Grahams Trading Co
City of Benares 15-5-37 Killick Nixon
Britannia 10-5-37 Graham's Trdg.

FROM HULL

Kabinga 2-5-37 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Trenenfels 30-4 L Edwards
Lindenfels 11-5-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

City of Auckland 3-5-37 F F Campbell
Steel Ranger 30-4-37 M M
Pres Harrison 1-5-37 F F Campbell

FROM DURBAN

Tairea 15-5-37 M M

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Burdwan 9-5-37 P and O
Tokushima Maru 18-5-37 N Y
Tango Maru 30-4 N Y K
Mayebashi Maru 16-5-37 N Y K
Mantai Maru 10-5-37 N Y K
Conte Blancomano 28-4-37 L Triestino

FROM SYDNEY

Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O

FROM TRIESTE

Victoria 18-5-37 L Triestino

FROM BASRA

Baroda 13-5-37 M M
Varsova 15-5-37 M M
Bankura 6-5-37 M M
Vasna 8-5-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jalajyoti 3-5-37 Scindia S N
Jalamani 8-5-37 Scindia S N
Jalamohan 8-5-37 Scindia S N
Jalaveera 9-5-37 Scindia

FROM KARACHI

Yoshida Maru 1-5-37 N Y K
Tango Maru 10-5-37 N Y K
Vita 6-5 M M
Dalgoma 5-5-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Hatimura 15-5-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gharinda 13-5-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Viceroy of India 15-5-37 P and O
Burdwan 11-5-37 M M
Dalgoma 12-5-37 M M
Kaiser-i-Hind 1-5/37 P and O
Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O
Narkunda 22-5-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 20-5 Grahams Trading
City of Hongkong 10-5-37 Killick

FOR SYDNEY

Chitral 6-5-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Pierce 28-5-37 Campbell F F
Pres Polk 14-5-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 18-5-37 L Triestino
Tukuyo Maru 13-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 23-5-37 O S K
Yoshida Maru 25-5-37 N Y K
Ningo Maru 15-5-37 N Y K

FOR JEDAH

Jehangir 3-5-37 T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Varela 6-5-37 M M
Barala 5-5-37 M M
Damora 12-5-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 28-4-37 M M
Kenya 12-5-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 8-5-37 M M
Truenfels 2-5-37 L Edwards
Kybfels 13-5-37 L Edward

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Tango Maru 30-4-37
S S Tukuyo Maru 1-5-37
S S Rajput 1-5-37
S S Netravati 1-5-37
S S Corfu (boats) 1-5-37
S S Kalavati 1-5-37
S S Howra 1-5-37
S S Barala 1-5-37
S S Varela 3-5-37

EXPORTS

S S Silvery for New York: 361 bales scraps of jute skrings for paper making Patel Co; 300 bales cotton waste L O Vora; 334 bags fleaseed A Virji; 170 bales cotton rags clean The Overseas Cotton Waste.

For Philadelphia: 118 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham; 37 bales wool raw C Lister; 80 bales wool raw D Abraham

For Portsudan: 16 bales cotton cold sarries T Nanachand

For Kingston: 42 bales cotton cold ps goods E Hayim; 25 bales cotton grey sheeting R Shantilal

For New York: 100 bags pistachio nuts H M Ghazanfur

For Suez: 111 bales cotton cold piecegoods D V Thakur; 75 bales cotton cold piecegoods G N Musly.

S S Yoshida Maru No. 1 for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw B Gangadhar; 100 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 154 bales cotton raw N Futehally; 100 bales cotton raw Kotak

For Osaka: 300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

For Yokkaichi: 300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

S S Tukuyo Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo

For Osaka: 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

S S Truenfels for Hamburg: 525 bags black pepper H Vrajilal.

IMPORTS

S S Jeypore Agents M Mackenzie and Co from Singapore: 1383 bags betelnuts; 19 cases component parts of rubber fittings; 558 bundles rattans; 887 bags sago flour; 31 bags arecanuts; 288 bundles pine apples; 99 bags dawar batu.

From Colombo: 4490 bags copra; 260 bundles mattress fibre; 19 loose Michelin covers; 22 chests tea; 107 slabs tin.

From Kobe: 110 cases cotton and rayon mixed piecegoods; 13 cases rubber balloon; 19 cases brasswood screws; 25 cases cotton yarn; 40 cases dye stuff; 650 bundles magnesium carbonate; 247 cases cotton piecegoods; 50 cases sewing needle; 240 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirting; 219 packages glassware; 11 cases stationery; 14 cases brushes; 22 cases empty tin cans; 25 cases transparent paper; 40 cases rayon goods; 70 cases cotton and art silk mixed yarn; 50 cases quarter tip; 91 cases paint; 359 cases glass bangles; 14 cases dry stuff; 15 cases porcelainware; 13 cases gate valves; 17 cases rubber in soles; 45 cases glass bottles, 12 packages combs; 25 cases toilet powder in tins; 25 cases felt hats; 113 cases rayon piecegoods; 20 cases canvas shoes; 50 cases celluloid ware; 40 cases spinning and weaving machine; 172 packages motor car tyres; 21 cases umbrella ribs; 23 cases wire nettings; 100 bags superphosphate; 30 cases galvd iron sheet; 15 drums shoe materials; 125 bales grey cotton shirting

From Nagoya: 470 cases porcelainware; 50 cases earthern tiles; 656 cases galvd earthen tiles; 166 cases clocks; 200 bags broken tiles; 95 cases glass bottle; 132 cases transparent paper; 1216 bags manila rope; 22 cases toys; 178 cases glassware, 38 cases porcelain insulator; 87 cases porcelain toy; 15 bales cotton p goods

From Osaka: 232 cases rubber balls; 35 bales grey cotton yarn; 900 bags sulphur; 50 cases enamelledware; 22 cases cardboard box; 1059 cases glassware; 40 cases spun silk yarn; 32 cases ginning parts; 64 cases empty tin can; 62 cases nut buttons; 35 cases confy; 600 bags portland cement; 300 cases glass bottles; 159 cases cotton piecegoods; 12 cases cotton hosiery goods; 14 cases m o p buttons; 21 cases horn buttons; 30 cases toilet powders; 16 cases paper fans; 70 cases toys; 128 packages clock; 100 crts gals top ridging; 18 bales rubber bettings; 426 cases glass bangles; 21 cases rubber goods; 17 cases umbrella furniture; 48 cases umbrella frames; 128 cases bicycle parts; 13 cases wire nettings; 160 cases art silk yarn; 25 cases glass tubes; 14 packages glass beads; 29 cases rubber goods; 100 packages mirrors (glassware); 45 cases playing cards; 33 cases elect light bulbs; 23 cases confectionery; 90 bales grey cotton shirtings; 35 bales twisted rayon yarn; 100 cases rayon yarn; 29 cases spun rayon yarn; 20 cases table fans; 501 cts porcelainware; 23 cases cotton yarn; 75 cases mattings; 79 cases empty tin cans; 37 cases cutlery; 23 cases celluloid ware.

From Hongkong: 20 cases half cain sugar; 17 cases fine gran sugar; 500 bgs refined sugar; 16 cases torches; 140 bgs green beans.

From Canten: 100 bundles cassia;

From Vancouver: 30 packages canned salmon

From Bangkok: 852 pieces teak squares

# Loan Cotton Sales To Continue

## Long Liquidation In New York

### SPOT COTTON DULL AND MILLS WELL STOCKED

Bombay, May 3.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market opened quiet and declined on disappointing Liverpool cables.

Prices later rallied on covering and moderate trade and foreign buying but the market met local and New Orleans selling and liquidation.

The Loan Cotton disposal programme which was scheduled to expire on Saturday has been extented in definitely by the commodity credit corporation which reports that 12,67,000 bales have been requested to be released upto April 29th. The sale programme will be continued on the same basis as heretofore subject to a change at 10 day's notice.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW

The market was nervous and erratic in sympathy with the Stock market and other commodities with renewed fears in connection with gold and Budget uncertainties and further earnings from Washington against speculation and rising prices exercising an unsettling influence. Some traders at present feel that the worst selling has been weathered and that the technical position has improved.

May liquidation has been apparently completed as after the first notice day May was relatively steadier than the remainder.

It is believed that the recent cool temperatures have only temporarily delayed planting with growers seeding as rapidly as possible apparently not immediately influenced by the recent slump in futures.

With mills well stocks, spot markets have been dull owing to the easier trend of prices. Cotton goods were easier in sympathy with raw cotton with moderate resale pressure.

Meanwhile, the market is fairly well liquidated and barring further unfavourable news it is opined that a good recovery should develope.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York market opened at a decline of 6 points with October 12.71. There was some improved demand and prices advanced 12 points from the opening level and October was quoted 12.83 which was the highest level. Later on prices declined 18 points on long liquidation and October was done at 12.65 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 9 to 12 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 10 points at 13.41c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 15 points. Spot Cotton prices were reduced 17 points at 13.16c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of 8 points with October 7.07. There was Bombay buying but traders were cautious. The market closed at a rise of 8 to 9 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices improved 6 points at 7.18d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was fairly steady. Sakels futures closed 10 to 15 points up and Uppers closed 6 points higher.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria market was irregular Sakels futures closed at a decline of 31 points to a rise of 15 points while Ashmouni futures advanced 30 to 29 points.

LANCASHIRE CLOTH

A Liverpool firm writes:—

Cloth.—Demand is not nearly as widespread as was the case a few weeks ago, but it is sufficient to absorb production. Prices are consequently very strong and producers have been able to secure better profit margins.

It is constantly being urged that prices have gone ahead too rapidly and that they are too high. After all they have been regulated by the laws of supply and demand. It has been the rush to buy in order to ensure reasonable delivery that has forced prices up to the present level and he would be a bold man who would prophesy that the highest point has been reached.

LITTLE PROFIT

Many producers, both spinners and manufacturers have been heard to declare that current prices, except in special instances leave very little profit after meeting all charges and allowing reasonable depreciation. If that is the correct statement of the position there is still scope for further price raising, independent of what happens to cotton. The event of the weeks has been the revival of buying power on the part of India. Buyers have now considerable difficulty in getting the delivery they desire and have to pay top prices. Practically all Indian outlets have joined in the movement and a very considerable turnover has been arranged.

KARACHI BUYING

By far the best centre has been Karachi. Big quantities of jaconnets and mulls and smaller lots of prints and fancies have been booked; Calcutta has given out many orders for dhooties, sarries, dyed goods and fancies and an acceptable demand for dyed fancies has been received from Madras and Amritsar.

Messages from India have revealed strong hostility on the part of mill owners there to any idea of tariff reduction and the retiring Chairman of the Bombay Mill Owners' Association has even gone so far as to describe Lancashire's propaganda in that direction as "not playing the game."

INDIAN COTTON.

Lancashire's gesture in increasing her purchases of Indian cotton in the last two or three years has evoked no appreciation on the other side. It has been characterised in India as merely "good business" on our part, due to the favourable parity of the purchase price and no credit is given for any desire to stimulate reciprocal trading.

South American markets are buyers of a wide variety of cloth in which dyed goods, split warp satins, and poplinets have predominated. Exporters to West Africa are picking up heavy bleaching cloths, brocades and heavy prints, wherever substantial deliveries can be ensured.

Enquiry has been received from Egypt but most of the offers show little appreciation of the true price situation, and only a scrappy business has been possible.

Several of the Continental markets have been interested in finishing styles, prints and fine cloths but the quantities booked have not been impressive. South Africa and Australia have been in the market for good quantities of poplins, sheetings, linings and dress goods. Home trade operations have covered a fairly wide range of cloth but warm sunshine here is needed to get summer goods moving into consumption more freely.

Yarn.—Many spinners have again sold substantially in excess of production. Ring beams in particular, both coarse and medium have attracted special attention.

Quite a healthy business has been fixed up in many Egyptian qualities. Some of the transactions in finer counts and in specialities were heavy. Only a modest amount of Hosiery and Thread yarn has been dealt with and Export business has been inclined to drag.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest (10-23 a.m.) 12.83 plus 06
N. Y. October Lowest (11-58 a.m.) 12.65 plus 12
Liverpool October Highest 7.08 plus 09
Liverpool October Lowest 7.05 plus 06

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Technical position vastly improved. Think sentiment now rapidly changing. Our opinion is that it is a good time to buy cotton, rubber and cocoa.

Liverpool.—Think have seen worst all commodities. Expect improvement.

New York.—Market has declined in sympathy with stocks and other commodities but fundamentals unchanged and technical position vastly improved through large reduction of speculative long interest and some speculative short interest now taking place of trades short hedges. Renewed confidence would result sharp advance.

New York.—Loan cotton sales to be continued. Forecast of fair weather all over the belt for the next week. Commission houses liquidating. Moderate demand from trade.

## BURMA CORPORATIONS UNDERVALUED

CALCUTTA, April 30.

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co have issued the following report:—

IRON AND BASE METAL SHARES.

As indicated in our last report the general shake-out in base metal prices is responsible for the continued debacle in the prices of Burmah Corporation and other copper shares. But we feel a stage has came when we should pause for a while and ponder over the situation. It is quite apparant that prospects for the Burma Corporation have in no way altered and although the shares, as a result of reckless speculation have gone down considerably, the current prices are intrisically undervalued. The investors should therefore pick up these shares at the current levels. The price of Burma Corporation fluctuated within a narrow range during the period under review 10/12 and 11/8 being the low and high levels. Indian Copper Corporation moved up to 3/8 but dropped back to 3/2 Rhodesia Copper hovered round 2/10. The recent drop in prices of Indian Iron and Steel shares was followed by a steady advance the price being pushed up to 48 but fell all of a sudden touching 37/8 but towards the close remained steady round Rs. 40. It is now difficult to account for the recession in the prices of these shares as the pig iron prices are maintained over the next year. The Company, it is reported, will give a dividend of Rs. 2 for the current year, and will give substantially more for the next year. Besides the shares have the additional attractions of new issue of shares at Rs. 25 for every 5 shares held and prior allotment in the New Steel Company in proportiod of one Preference of Rs. 100 each to 10 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each. The weakness in these shares can be attributed to the tremendous speculative position coupled with the weakness in London and American stock Exchanges.

JUTE SHARES.

There was hardly any movement in the prices of Jute Shares. If anything they were a shade easier. The strike continues. The manufactured goods market and raw Jute market were very steady but had no effect on Jute shares. It seems interest in steels and Burmas has quite overshadowed this section. The quotations are more or less nominal as it is difficult to put business in absence of buyers. Anglo-India were quoted at 375, Auckland 175, Barnagote 140, Bally 170, Belvedere 370, Champdany 162, Dalhousie 320, Standard 285, Union 390, Delta 380, Fort William 250, Gourepore, 600, Kamarhatty 530, Kanknarrah 430, India 330, Naihati 335, Lansdowne 170. In small denominated shares, Birla were a strong feature round 21/8, Adamjee good at 13 Agarpara 21/4, Clive 26/8, National 23, Hukumchand 9/10, Presidency 4, Reliance 68, Northbrook 41, Hoogly 50/8, Megna 32, Nuddea 44, Empire 31.

MISCELLANEOUS.

In Engineering group, Indian Iron and Steel on announcement of an interim dividend of 10 per cent were firm at Rs. 40, Indian Steel and Wire products ordinary receded in sympathy to Rs. 560 and Deferreds to Rs. 455, Burn and Co. ord. were good at 312, Hukumchand steel at Rs. 9/12, Indian standard wagon Rs. 66, Kumardhubi Eng. ord. 5/2, Marshalls Rs. 2/2, Indian Galvanizing 18, Braithwaite Rs. 8. In Oil shares B.B. Petroleum were done at 5/8, British Ceylon Corporation 6/4, B.I.C. ordinary steady at 3/12, Midnapore Zamindary 66.

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 3.

Following a decline of 10 points in New York cotton futures market, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 233/4 for Broach J/A, delivery and improved to Rs. 234/6 on scattered buying by Bazar operators, Later on business was restricted and fluctuations were narrow.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 4 to 6 points but it opened steady with prices unchanged. There was scattered buying in the local market and Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 234/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Broach A/M | 228 | 8 | 0 |
| Broach J/A | 234 | 12 | 0 |
| New Broach A/M | 242 | 0 | 0 |
| Oomra May | 216 | 8 | 0 |
| Oomra July | 219 | 0 | 0 |
| New Oomra D/J | 221 | 4 | 0 |
| Bengal May | 186 | 4 | 0 |
| Bengal July | 188 | 0 | 0 |
| New Bengal D/J | 181 | 8 | 0 |

### Cotton Tenders

Bombay, May 3

| | To-day | Total |
|---|---|---|
| Broach | 450 | 13930 |
| Oomra | 750 | 2400 |
| Bengal | 350 | 550 |

### Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 3

| | Extra Sprfine | Sup | Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M G— | | | | | |
| Bengal U P | | 191 | 188 | 185 | 182 |
| Punjab | | 191 | 188 | 185 | 182 |
| Oomra No. 3 | 223 | 220 | 217 | 214 | |
| C P No. 1 | 236 | 233 | 230 | 227 | |
| C P No. 2 | 227 | 224 | 221 | 218 | |
| Broach No. 2 | | 233 | 231 | 228 | 225 |
| Punjab Ame | | 241 | 239 | 236 | 233 |
| Surat | | 292 | 290 | 287 | 284 |
| Rajpipla | | 287 | 285 | 282 | 279 |
| Navsari | | 302 | 300 | 297 | 294 |

### Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 3.

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 270.90 plus 210 |
| July | 262.10 plus 180 |
| August | 260.10 plus 240 |
| November | 255.60 plus 190 |

### Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 3.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | 193/94 |
| Bengal Fine | 189/90 |
| C. P. 1 | 222/23 |
| C. P. 2 | 213/15 |
| Arvi | 213/15 |
| Ellichpur | 213/15 |
| Berar | 210/15 |
| Khamgaon | 210/15 |
| Mulkapur | 205/10 |
| Khandesh | 203/07 |
| Jalna/Sailu | 203/07 |
| Burwah Sanavad | 208/13 |
| Mathia | 187/90 |
| Broach Fine | 229/33 |
| Punjab/American | 229/37 |
| Sind, N.T. | 292/302 |
| Punjab 289F. | 312/17 |
| Jagadia-Ankleshwar | 277/82 |
| Kim-Kosamba | 282/84 |
| Surat | 285/89 |
| Navsari | 297/299 |
| Kampala | 417/19 |

### Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, May 3

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

| In full-pressed bales | 1-5-37 | This year | Since 1st Sept |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | | | 203,206 |
| Central India | 455 | | 321,541 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 34 | | 167,296 |
| Hyderadbad Gaorani | 51 | | 96,409 |
| Berar | 1,330 | | 546,371 |
| Central Provinces | 103 | | 111,389 |
| Total Oomras | 1,973 | | 1,448,195 |
| Dholera | 322 | | 87,513 |
| N W Provinces | 101 | | 9,360 |
| Rajputana | 181 | | 81,874 |
| Sind Punjab | 230 | | 307,696 |
| Broach | 1,050 | | 298,682 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 100 | | 39,245 |
| Westerns Northerns | 220 | | 29,949 |
| Cocoanada | | | 140 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | | | 7,923 |
| Persian | | | 14 |
| American | | | 10,556 |
| Egyptian and African | 14,295 | | 281,951 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | | | 22 |
| Total | 18,480 | | 2,603,122 |

### Exports From Bombay

| In full-pressed bales | 1st Sept to 29th April 1-5-37. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 380 | 372,315 |
| Japan and China | 8,800 | 1,092,585 |
| Coast Ports | 3 | 25,037 |
| Up-country by Rail | | 197,760 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | | 17,851 |
| Total | 9,183 | 1,705,588 |

### Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, May 1.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SAKELS— | | |
| May | 18.56 | —.31 |
| July | 18.82 | —.16 |
| November | 19.36 plus 15 | |
| ASH— | | |
| June | 17.08 plus 38 | |
| August | 16.34 plus 29 | |
| ZIGA— | | |
| May | 20.16 | —01 |
| November | 28.08 plus 36 | |

### Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
July 170 October 179 at Cross Rate 4.93 7/8
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 225/12—Liverpool May 7.04 Rs. 81 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1937 232/12—Liverpool July 7.10 Rs. 26 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1937 232/2—New York July 12.91 Rs. 60 at Cross Rate 4.93 7/8

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 3.

On Saturday London gold prices advanced 4 1/2d. to £7-0-8. Paris Exchange rate was 8 points down at 110.35. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was 4.93 7/8. London silver prices advanced 1/8d. to 20 3/8d. India was a small buyer offerings were light. Montreal market was dull and prices were unchanged. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1.2 17/32 The local market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover in silver. Following firm London advices gold market improved on covering by recent buyers.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| GOLD.— | | | |
| Ready | 34 | 12 | 0 |
| June shipment | 34 | 11 | 6 |
| July settlement | 34 | 10 | 6 |
| SILVER— | | | |
| Ready | 52 | 14 | 0 |
| June settlement | 53 | 1 | 0 |
| July shipment | 53 | 4 | 0 |

### Montreal Silver

Montreal, May 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 44.95 |
| July | 45.00 |
| September | 45.05 plus 05 |

## TRADING IN SHARES

From Wednesday to Saturday both days inclusive, the local share bazar will remain open for one hour only. On Monday, 10th instant the market will remain closed for Valan.

### Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, May 3

Weather cool. Eastern and Central Belts moderate rains, heavy rains in Arkansas, light rains in Oklahoma and Texas.

## LONDON METALS

London, May 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| Copper | £57 0 0 |
| Speculator | £23 15 0 |
| Lead | £24 2 6 |

### Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, May 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 15.76 |
| June | 15.89 |

### Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 3

| | |
|---|---|
| Groundnuts May | 41 11 0 |
| Groundnuts August | 43 7 0 |
| Castorseeds May | 35 1 0 |
| Castorseeds September | 37 9 0 |
| Cottonseed May | 20 8 0 |
| Cottonseed September | 21 15 0 |

### Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 1

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 132 3/4c. |
| July | 119 7/8c. |
| September | 117 3/4c. |

### Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, May 1

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 111 1/2d |
| July | 110 5/8d |
| October | 103/8d. |

### New York Sugar

New York, May 3

July 2.49 unchanged
September 2.48 —1
December 2.48 unchanged
January 2.43 —1

### Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 3

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Javas | Rs. | 13 | 14 0 |
| Shipment April June | Rs. | 4 | 14 0 |
| Shipment July September | Rs. | 4 | 13 0 |
| Shipment October December | Rs. | 4 | 13 6 |
| Kesar | Rs. | 11 | 0 0 |
| Saraya | Rs. | 10 | 12 0 |
| Java Spot | F | 5.65 | |

### American Cotton Figures

| F P Bales | 1936-37 | 1935-36 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 1-5-37 | 6522000 | 6707000 |
| Receipts yesterday 1-5-37 | 2000 | 4000 |
| Exports to date 1-5-37 | 5026000 | 5422000 |
| Stock at Ports 30-4-37 | 1614000 | 1834000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 30-4-37 | 1318000 | 1777000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 30-4-37 | 985000 | 731000 |
| Visible Supply 30-4-37 | 4506000 | 4912000 |
| Quantity in sight 30-4-37 | 12297000 | 11601000 |
| Quantity out of sight 30-4-37 | 11043000 | 9795000 |

### Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 3

Receipts of various commodities into Bombay upto noon on Saturday, May 1, 1937:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat | 18,319 cwts. |
| Linseed | 6,448 cwts. |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds | 460 cwts. |
| Gingellyseed | 1,192 cwts. |
| Poppyseed | 8 cwts. |
| Groundnuts | 1,148 cwts. |
| Castorseed | 672 cwts. |
| Rice | 45,623 cwts. |
| Myrabollams | 1,135 cwts. |
| Cottonseed | 7,807 cwts. |
| Gram | 4,575 cwts. |
| Joowar | 3,675 cwts. |
| Maize | 46 cwts. |
| Barley | 1,303 cwts. |
| Bajree | 1,351 cwts. |
| Indian sugar | 240 cwts. |
| Coal | 2,074 tons. |

### Osaka Cotton

Osaka, May 3.

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 78.00 |
| August | 78.00 plus 50 |

## MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, May 3.

| | |
|---|---|
| B. C. RATES— | |
| T T D D | 1/6 1/16 |
| LONDON— | |
| Banks selling T T D D | 1/6 3/32 |
| Banks buying T T | 1/6 5/32 |
| Banks buying D D | 1/6 3/16 |
| Bank, buying 3 mos. | 1/6 7/32 |
| NEW YORK— | |
| B C Rate T T | 271 5/8 |
| Banks selling T T | 269 5/8 |
| Banks buying T T | 267 3/8 |
| PARIS— | |
| Banks selling T T | 827 |
| Banks buying T T | 842 |
| JAPAN— | |
| Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from July) | 77 1/2 |
| Banks buying T T | 77 |
| AMSTERDAM— | |
| Banks selling D D | 67 1/2 |
| JAVA— | |
| Banks selling D D | 67 1/4 |
| HONGKUNG— | |
| Banks selling D D | 83 3/8 |
| SHANGHAI— | |
| Banks selling D D | 81 1/8 |
| SINGAPORE— | |
| Banks selling D D | 156 1/4 |
| BERLIN— | |
| Banks selling D D | 91 1/4 |
| CROSS RATE— | |
| New York/London 1st instant | 4.93.65 |
| Japan London— 3rd instant | 1/2 |
| Hongkong London— 3rd instant | 1/3 |
| Shanghai London— 3rd instant | 1/2 17/32 |
| Java London— 3rd instant | 8.98 |
| London Paris 1st instant | 110.35 |
| London Belgium 1st instant | 29.25 3/4 |
| London Switzerland 1st instant | 21.58 |
| London Berlin 1st instant | 12.28 1/2 |
| London Stockholm 1st instant | 19.40 5/8 |
| London New York 1st instant | 4.94.05 |
| London Amsterdam 1st instant | 9.00 3/8 |
| London Italy 1st instant | 93,87 |
| Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet. | |
| Gold— | |
| 30th ulto | £7-0-3 1/2 |
| 1st inst. | £7-0-8 |
| Silver London Ready— | |
| 30th ulto. | 20 1/2 |
| 1st instant | 20 3/8 |
| Silver London Forward— | |
| 30th ulto | 20 5/16 |
| 1st instant | 20 7/16 |
| Silver New York Ready | |
| 30th ulto | 45 |
| 1st instant | 45 |
| London Discounts 3 Months | |
| 30th ulto | 9/16 p.c. |
| 1st instant | 9/16 p.c. |
| London Discounts 6 Months | |
| 30th ulto | 11/16 p.c. |
| 1st instant | 11/16 p.c. |
| Reserve Bank Rate | 3 p.c. |
| Bank of England Rate | 2 p.c. |
| Money:—Call | 1/2 p. c. |
| 3 months | 1 1/4 p.c. |
| 6 months | 1 1/4 p.c. |
| Tone: Quiet. | |

## WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 1.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | Dol. |
|---|---|
| Ame. Power and Light Com. | 9 |
| Ame. Forn. Power Com. | 9 |
| Electric P and Light 7 p.c. Pfd. | 74 |
| Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd. | 67 |
| Consolidated (Gas) Edison | 38 |
| Columbia Gas | 14 |
| United Power and Light | 7 |
| Int. Tel. and Tel. | 11 |
| American Tel. and Tel. | 163 1/2 |
| Western Union Telg. | 62 3/4 |
| Baltimore and Ohio Rly. | 34 |
| Canadian Pacific Rly. | 13 |
| Great North Pfd. Rly. | 52 |
| New York Central Rly. | 46 1/2 |
| Southern Pacific Rly. | 56 |
| Union Pacific Rly. | 144 |
| Amr. Super Power | 2 |
| N.Y.N. Hartford H.R.R. | 20 |
| Brazilians Traction | 22 |
| Bethelehem Steel | 85 |
| United States Steel | 101 |
| Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt | 16 |
| Amr. Car Foundry | 56 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 51 1/4 |
| Int. Nickel of Canada | 59 |
| General Motors | 57 3/4 |
| General Electric | 53 1/2 |
| Socony | 19 1/4 |
| Chase Bank | 52 1/2 |
| National City Bank | 46 1/2 |
| Youngstown Sheet | 84 |
| United S. Smelting | 88 |
| Amerex | 28 1/4 |
| Acme Steel | 78 |

Improving tendency checked by recurring liquidation in U. S. Steel., outlook somewhat uncertain. Irregularities likely. Turnover 5 1/2 lac shares.

## HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 1.

Broach A/M 1937 Op. 228 1/2; Highest 228 1/2; Lowest 227 1/4; Closing 227 1/4

Broach July/Aug. Op. 234 3/4; Highest 235 1/2; Lowest 233 1/4; Closing 234 1/4.

Broach A/M. 1938 Op. 241 1/2; Highest 242 1/4; Lowest 239 1/4; Closing 240 3/4.

Oomra May Op. 215; Highest 215 3/4; Lowest 214 1/2; Closing 215 1/4

Oomra July Op. 218 3/4; Highest 218 3/4; Lowest 218; Closing 218 1/4.

Oomra D/J. Op. 219; Highest 219; Lowest 219; Closing 219.

Bengal May Op. 185; Highest 185 3/4; Lowest 185; Closing 185 3/4.

Bengal July Op. 187 1/2; Highest 187 1/2; Lowest 187 1/4; Closing 187 1/4.

Bengal D/J. Op. 180; Highest 180 1/2; Lowest 180; Closing 180 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (21-5-37) Rs. 7 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (30-6-37) Rs. 13 1/2

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-37) Rs. 31.

### Cotton Arrivals

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts into Bombay on 30th April | 11,513 |
| Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 | 2,584,642 |
| Receipts into Bombay same time last season | 2,382,949 |
| Increase | 201,693 |

# Scattered Realising In Steels

## Narrow Trading Session

### OPERATORS ADOPT CAUTIOUS ATTITUDE

**BOMBAY: May 3.**

**Declaration of Dividends on Tata Steel shares removed all uncertainty and the market was flat to-day.**

**The market opened at about unchanged rates and quickly advanced on Professional support, but later on, there was a marked absence of any important business and prices sagged under scattered liquidation.**

**Recent heavy liquidation has improved the technical situation of the market, but Operators are awaiting full details of the working of the Tata Steel Co., Ltd., and the extension programme. The market looks like fluctuating within trading limits and quick turns will be advisable.**

**On the whole the market was dull and business was restricted. After the recent experience Operators are cautious and outside business has decreased considerably.**

### TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 3.

| | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|
| 100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8) | 301 | 4 |
| 250 BOM DYEING (Rs. 25) | 882 | 8 |
| 100 CENTURY | 190 | 10 |
| 100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4) | 277 | 8 |
| 100 COLABA (nil) | 171 | 4 |
| 100 Coorla | 107 | 8 |
| 250 David | 75 | 0 |
| 250 Dawn (Rs. 10) | 375 | 0 |
| 1 E.D. Sassoon (nil) | 0-9-0 | |
| 100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8) | 133 | 12 |
| 100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8) | 203 | 12 |
| 100 Hindustan (Rs. 25) | 125 | 0 |
| 100 Indore | 46 | 4 |
| 100 Khatau (Rs. 2) | 100 | 0 |
| 100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8) | 303 | 2 |
| 250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8) | 603 | 0 |
| 250 Madras United | 11 | 0 |
| 1,000 Morarji (nil) | 1,100 | 0 |
| 250 Model | 56 | 4 |
| 50 MYSORE (Rs. 3) | 118 | 12 |
| 200 NEW GREAT (nil) | 240 | 0 |
| 100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1) | 51 | 0 |
| 100 Phoenix (10) | 312 | 8 |
| 25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2) | 77 | 8 |
| 1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50) | 2,300 | 0 |
| 50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-8) | 89 | 6 |
| 100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4) | 246 | 4 |
| 100 Swan (nil) | 110 | 0 |
| 500 Vishnu (Rs. 50) | 1300 | 0 |
| 1000 Western | 805 | 0 |
| **BANKS.** | | |
| 50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8) | 111 | 8 |
| 25-50 Central (As. 12) | 34 | 8 XD |
| 500 Imperial (Rs. 30) | 1522 | 8 |
| 125-500 I. County. (Rs. 7-8) | 375 | 0 |
| 50-100 Indl. (Rs. 2-8) | 139 | 0 |
| 100 Reserve Bank | 129 | 0 |
| 5 Union (As. 4) | 5 | 10 |
| **CEMENTS** | | |
| 100 Associated | 166 | 8 |
| 10 BUNDI (As. 10) | 41 | 0 |
| 100 Coimbatore (Rs. 10) | 221 | 4 |
| 70 Gwalior (Rs. 4) | 131 | 4 |
| 160 INDIAN (Rs. 24) | 540 | 0 |
| 50 Katni Def (Rs. 83-8-9) | 2322 | 8 |
| 100 KANTI ORD. (Rs. 10) | 391 | 4 |
| 75 Okha (Rs. 7) | 306 | 14 |
| 10 PUNJAB (As. 12) | 30 | 4 |
| 100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15) | 512 | 8 |
| 70 United | 166 | 8 |
| **INSURANCE.** | | |
| 30-500 Empire (Rs. 14) | 1,155 | 0 |
| 15-100 Jupiter (As. 12) | 15 | 0 |
| 15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4) | 43 | 0 |
| 20 Mercantile | 55 | 0 |
| 200 Oriental (125) | 5,800 | 0 |
| 10-50 Universal Fire (As. 4) | 5 | 7 |
| 10-50 Vulcan (As. 8) | 7 | 11 |
| **ELECTRIC.** | | |
| 100 Ahmedabad Old (6) | 170 | 0 |
| 1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45) | 1660 | 0 |
| 10 Ajmer (As 4) | 13 | 8 |
| 50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8) | 151 | 4 |
| 50 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6) | 190 | 0 |
| 10 Broach | 14 | 4 |
| 100 Karachi (4) | 267 | 8 |
| 100 Poona (4) | 285 | 0 |
| 100 Surat (Rs. 6) | 205 | 0 |
| 100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5) | 179 | 6 |
| 1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40) | 1487 | 8 |
| **RAILWAYS** | | |
| 500 Ahmedabad Prantij | 905 | 0 |
| 100 C. Province | 95 | 8 |
| 100 Dhond Baramati | 102 | 0 |
| 100 Gujarat | 94 | 0 |
| 100 Mandra Bhon | 97 | 8 |
| 100 Pachora Jamner | 97 | 0 |
| 100 Sara Sirajgunje | 101 | 0 |
| 500 Tapti Valley | 767 | 8 |
| **MININGS** | | |
| 10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8) | 54 | 0 |
| 30 TATA STEEL DEF. (Rs. 7-8) | 1440 | 0 |
| 75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6) | 322 | 0 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS.** | | |
| 100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5) | 282 | 8 |
| 50 B SUGAR (Rs. 7) | 171 | 4 |
| 200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40) | 900 | 0 |
| 250 BOM STEAM (Rs. 16) | 283 | 12 |
| 125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-9) | 695 | 0 |
| 50 Do Contry. (Rs. 6) | 231 | 4 |
| 8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil) | 5-14-3 | |
| 50 B. TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8) | 115 | 0 |
| 9 Burma Corp. (As. 8) | 11 | 8 |
| 2sh. Indian Copper | 3 | 8 |
| 10 Indian I. and Steel | 44 | 8 |
| 100 I BLEACHING (Rs. 4) | 143 | 12 |
| 50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2) | 49 | 8 |
| 100 I Radio Defd (12) | 650 | 0 |
| 100 I Radio Ord. (15) | 530 | 0 |
| 1,000 Port Canning (Rs. 25) | 616 | 4 |
| 15 Scindia | 26 | 10 |

### ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 3.

Century (190) 192 195 191 190
Bom. Dyeing (892/8) 895 896 890 880 882
Kohinoor (305) 308 303
Central India (280) 285 288 276
New Great (246/4) 248 240
Simplex (92/8) 93 90 89
Swadeshi (247/8) 252 245
Sundi (41/8) 41/8 41
Ind. Cement (546) 550 545 540
Punjab (30/4) 30/4
Shahabad (517/8) 518 513
Andhra (1672/8) 1670 1660
Tata Hydro (179/6) 179
Tata Power (1497/8) 1500 1492 1497 1492 1487
Tram. Ord. (151/4) 150/10 151
T. Steel Dfd. (1455) 1450 1475 1502 1495 1505 1475 1490 1460 1425 1445 1440
T. Steel Ord. (327) 325 330 329 331 325 326 321 324 322
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (178/8) 178/8 177/12
Bellapur (175) 173 172 175 170 171
B. Steam (286/4) 283 282 283
B. Burma (705) 707 711 702 707 692 695

### AHMEDABAD SHARE BAZAR

Ahmedabad, May 3

The following are to-day's closing quotations of the Share bazar.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calico | 526 | 4 | 0 |
| Gujarat cotton | 28 | 2 | 0 |
| Jubili | 181 | 8 | 0 |
| Marsden | 70 | 0 | 0 |
| Motilal Hirabhai | 53 | 12 | 0 |
| Monogram | 51 | 4 | 0 |

### GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 3.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 99/14
3 per cent 1951/54 101/2
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 102 14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/3
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 105/14
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 107/2
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 110/11
4 1/2 per cent 955/60 117/10
5 per cent 1939/44 105/8
5 per cent 1940/43 108/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 104/14

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945/55 119/8
4 per cent 1953/63 111/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 104/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 124

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P 974 107
4 per cent M Deb 1974 106/8
4 per cent M Deb 1959 117
4 per cent 1954 129
6 per cent K P T 1956 129
5 1/2 per cent B B T 1937 101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper ruled steady with a limited business.

### Trade Tendencies

Bombay, May 3.

Messrs. M and B. Stern have received the following cables:—

Cotton:—"Speculative interest temporarily lacking but believe. Market would readily respond any encouraging developments or adverse weather news and prefer purchases this level."

Wheat:—"Technical position now sound and although new crop prospects are favourable good demand continues rising."

Rubber:—"Would buy in weak markets for quick turn."

Sugar:—"Opinion unchanged."

Metals:—"Sentiment bullish but would only buy in weak markets."

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 30 PREMIER CON. | 93 | 0 | |
| 25 Tata Oil (nil) | 23 | 8 | |
| **PREFERENCE.** | | | |
| 7 p.c. Andhra Valley | 1510 | 0 | |
| 6 p. c Bombay Steam | 298-12 | | |
| 7 p.c. Bom Tram (TF) | 83-4 | | |
| 5 p.c Centra. India (T.F.) | 537 | 8 | |
| 7 p.c Katni 1st | 136 | 4 | |
| 7 p.c Katni 2nd (T.F.) | 146 | 4 | |
| 7½ p.c Punjab Cement | 15 | 0 | |
| 6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st | 104 | 8 | |
| 6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd | 100 | 0 | |
| 7 p.c. Tata Hydro | 150 | 0 | |
| 7-1/2 p.c Tata Power | 1550 | 0 | |
| 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st. | 200 | 0 | |
| 7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd | 177 | 12 | |
| 7 p.c Vishnu | 692 | 8 | |
| **DEBENTURES.** | | | |
| 3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley | 101 | 0 | |
| 6 p.c. Andhra Valley | 110 | 0 | |
| 4 p.c. Bom Telephone | 51 | 8 | |
| 7 p.c Sholapur | 80 | 12 | |
| 6 p.c Tata Hydro | 110 | 0 | |

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares ex forward [ex].)

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J3

REGD. NO.. B. 1068

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1937

JUPITER
is a composite office equipped to do insurance business in all departments.
J4

# Insult To India Agent In S. Africa

## Jawahar's Rejoinder To Jinnah

### REITERATES CHARGE OF COMMUNALISM

### Objection To Congress Work Among Muslim Masses Is Nothing But Communal

*(From Our Correspondent)*

ALLAHABAD, May 3.

**Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru replying to Mr. Jinnah's latest statement says, "the Muslim League is confined to a religious group and is essentially religious or communal organisation.**

**I can understand religious or cultural organisation acting on religious or cultural plane only and political organisation acting politically but to mix two is to create confusion and prevent proper decision to any issue.**

**Cleavages of political and economic opinion rightly represented by political and economic parties in public life but to form a religious or communal party which also dabbles in political and economic matters cuts across the real cleavages of opinion on live issues and thus is a unreal party in political sense.**

The mere fact that a person born or professes faith in Islam does not surely mean that he must also confer to political policy and programme of the Muslim League. If he agrees with the Congress policy and he joins it this does not mean that he wants disruption of Muslims.

Pandit Jawaharlal refutes to the charge that he is not to destroy other parties. He says that he believes in Congress policy and tries hardest to push that forward and convert others to that viewpoint. Mr. Jinnah and other groups are perfectly entitled to push their policy forward in the same ways.

"Why then does Mr. Jinnah object my working among the Muslims for the spread of Congress ideals? The objection is not political, it is communal and hence confusion in thought and action.

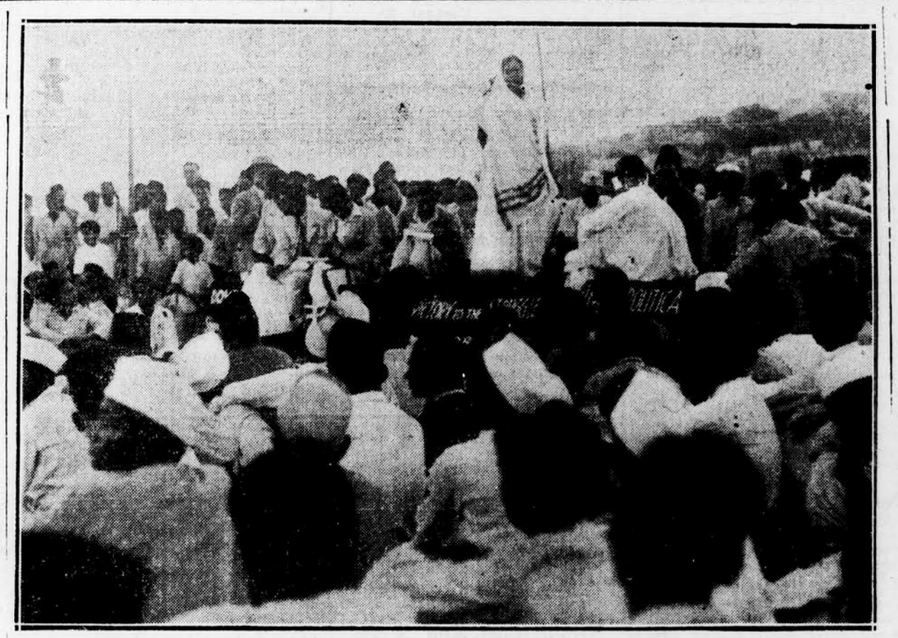
Let us agree to differ and work democratically for the spread of one respective viewpoints".

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru further says that he would welcome Mr. Jinnah as leader if his was a purely political party open to all demonstrations and with well defined policy. To appeal to the Muslims or to the Hindus as religious groups on political matters is obviously a wrong thing.

**Medieval Attitude**

It is a medieval attitude when politics and economics were in the background and it cannot possibly fit modern world. Mr. Jinnah knows, in the hour of our trial when we faced with the mighty proud Imperialism, many of the prominent leaders of the Muslim League sought alliance with die-hard leaders of the Conservative Party of England than, when there were no greater enemies to Indian freedom.

"Are we to submit to them now we who have refused to submit to the embetted power of that Empire?" Pandit Jawaharlal reiterates his faith in the world of order based on principles of socialism.



May Day meeting was held on Chowpatty Sands on Saturday evening. Mrs. Maniben Kara who presided, is seen addressing the gathering.

## CONGRESS LEGISLATORS MUST WEAR KHADDAR

### Mysore State Convention's Mandate

BANGALORE: May 3.

All the members of the Congress Party in the two legislatures, in Mysore State shall be dressed only in Khaddar, was among the decisions arrived at, at a Convention last night of representatives of the Taluk Congress Committees, candidates set up for the legislatures on the Congress ticket and the presidents of the various Congress Committees in the State.

Mr. Venkatapathaiya, President of the State Parliamentary Board, presided over the meeting.

The main object of the Convention, it is stated, was the formation of a Central Committee to guide and co-ordinate Congress activities in the State both in and outside the legislatures. The convention unanimously decided to establish a body known as the Mysore Congress Board.

It was resolved that the Board shall consist of not more than 15 members, of whom the President of the Convention of the year and the leaders of the Congress Party in the Assembly and the Council shall be 'ex-officio' members. It was also resolved that a Convention be held annually consisting of delegates to be elected on a basis of one for every hundred primary Congress members of the rolls of the various Congress Committees in the State with a minimum of one for every Congress Committee.

The next Convention will be held in Chitaldrug.—A. P.

## *Explosion In C. I. D. Barracks*

### *Sweeper Boy Gets Serious Injuries*

CALCUTTA: May 3.

A mysterious explosion which resulted in serious injuries to a sweeper boy, occurred at the Bengal C.I.D. barracks in south calcutta yesterday.

It appears that an almirah in the office room filled with old files and papers was being emptied by one of the officers with the help of the sweeper attached to the barracks.

The sweeper's son squatting on the floor was watching the operations when suddenly there was a loud explosion and the sweeper boy cried out. It was found that three fingers of the boy's right hand had been blown off.

On receipt of information the Deputy Inspector General of Police (C.I.D.) arrived at the spot, and started investigation.

It may be mentioned here that the Deputy Superintendent of the Bengal C.I.D. has his residential quarters upstairs in the building.—United Press.

## *Colour Bar Bills Revelations*

### Sir Raza Ali Not Allowed To Be Present During Hearing Of Evidence

(By P. S. JOSHI).

JOHANNESBURG: April 15.

**An event, unprecedented in the history of the Indians in S. Africa, which may have repercussions on the future of Indian Agency, came to the notice of the public, when the report of the Select Committee on General Pienaar's and Mr. Grobler's Bills, was published two days ago. It came to light for the first time that India's Agency was disgracefully insulted by the Select Committee, which with Mr. Hofmeyr, the Minister of Mines and Labour, (Chairman of the Committee) and Mr. Derbyshire voting in the minority, refused to grant leave to the Agent-General for India and his Secretary to be present during the hearing of evidence by the Committee.**

**This attitude of the Select Committee has given a compulsory burial to the unwritten law and the accepted principle that, India's representative has the right to attend the sittings of the Select Committee or the Government Commission dealing with the Indian question. This right was never challenged until the appointment of this Select Committee, mostly composed of anti-Indian reactionary forces.**

**Sir Raza Ali, as the representative of the Government of India, ought not to have taken this insult lying down. He should have taken the only respectable course of non-co-operating with the Committee by refusing to tender any evidence before it.**

This would have shown the courage of India and its strength to resent the intolerable insults.

JAPANESE STAND.

The Japanese Consul, on the other hand, showed the firmness, characteristic of their race. Mr. Tomot Sune Ohta compelled the attention of the Select Committee by stating unequivocally that representatives of wholesale Japanese merchants are people of standing, who demand fair and unbiassed treatment.

"It is not fair," he added, "from the point of reciprocity, to treat Japanese subjects with discrimination, when people of Union nationality in Japan are free from discriminations of any sort. The Bill defied the letter and spirit of Union-Japan Agreement of 1930 and would cause irritation in Japan.

Replying to a question Mr. Ohta declared frankly that "Japan required wool and it would be for the Japanese merchants to decide whether they would buy in the Union or Australia." This straight talk was enough to bring the Select Committee racialists to their senses, and they meekly excluded Japanese nationals from the definition of Asiatic, i.e. from the operation of the white women's Employment Restriction Bill, the racial baby of the Select Committee.

BRAVE HOFMEYR.

Only one consolation to the Indians was Mr. Hofmeyr's stand for truth and justice. He refused to be intimidated by the hostile committee and made a report of his conclusions and recommendations to the committee. Although it was rejected by majority in the committee, it is sure to convince the people of the absurdity of the legislation.

He stated that in the light of the evidence submitted to the Select committee, it found: (a) that there is no support for the view that a matter of this kind should be dealt with a provincial legislation. (b) That there is no substantial objection to the employment by non Europeans of either European males or European females whether the latter work under the supervision of Europeans, and the nature of their employment is not such as to bring them into frequent contact with non-Europeans.

(c) That while objections have been made on sentimental grounds against the employment of European females by non-Europeans, virtually no concrete evidence has been adduced at any abuses actually resulting from such employment.

(d) That the conditions of the employment by non-Europeans of European females were in the main satisfactory as ascertained by the Secretary for Labour and social welfare.

(e) That strong exception on both sentimental and economic grounds to the enactment of legislation on the lines proposed had been taken not only by the Consul General for Japan, the Consul-General for China and the African Peoples' Organisation, but also by the Agent-General for the Government of India and the South African Indian Congress.

DRASTIC PROVISIONS.

The Bill drafted by the Select Committee under the title of the White Women's Employment Restriction Bill provides that the Asiatics shall not employ European females except under Ministerial authority; that European females shall not work with or under the direction of Asiatics, and excluding Japanese nationals from the operation of the Bill.

This Bill is, undoubtedly, a stigma on the Indian race as it legalises the superiority of Europeans over the Indians and the other non-European races are not debarred from employing Europeans.

MRS. NAIDU FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

Incidentally, South African Indians have been cheered in this time of their trouble by a Bombay Africopa message that Mrs. Sarojini Naidu is leaving for S. Africa at the head of an Indian delegation to inquire into the anti-Asiatic laws affecting Indians resident in the Union.

## BLACK FLAG FOR JAMNADAS

### He Accepts It With A Smile

POONA, May 3.

The Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta arrived here this morning from Belgaum by the Bangalore Mail. Hundreds of people including members of the Democratic Swaraj Party, the Hindu Sabha and the Varnashram Swarajya Sangh gathered at the station to greet the Finance Minister. Among the prominent persons present at the station were Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Leader of the Democratic Swaraj Party, Mr. D. V. Gokhale, Mr. S. S. Karandikar and others.

On alighting from the special saloon the Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was garlanded profusely on behalf of various institutions from the city. A girl with black dress offered him a black flag which he accepted with smile.

After spending a quarter of an hour on the platform in meeting members of his Party and reviving the old acquaintances the Finance Minister was closetted with Mr. M. R. Trotman Collector. Afterwards both of them drove to the Shirur taluka.—United Press.

## *TATA WORKERS WILL SHARE IN PROFITS*

JAMSHEDPUR, May 2.

With a view to associating the employees of the Steel Company more definitely with its prosperity in good times the Board of Directors have now decided to introduce a regular profit-sharing scheme in the interests of the employees.

The scheme provides that when an amount to be paid to shareholders as dividend exceeds one crore each employee will receive a half month's pay as profit-sharing bonus for every twenty lakhs or part thereof paid as shareholders dividend in excess of one crore.—A. P.

## MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL OPENED

DOHAD, May 2.

The Municipal Hospital for the Dohad Town was opened to-day by Mr. M. S. Mani Asstt. Collector.

The following have been elected to the Jubbulpore Cantonment Board: Mr. Bajpai Mr. Penty, Mr. J. P. Roy, Mr. Moolchand, Mr. Gaffar Mr Sheikh Ahmed and Mr. Sangaya.

## DETRIMENTAL TO MOTOR TRADERS

### Khan Saheb Attacks Govt. Measures Taken In Rail-Road Question

LAHORE: May 1.

A pandal erected opposite the Railway Station was the venue of successive conferences first by Socialists' and Workers' representatives in the celebration of "May Day" at which speeches were delivered on the message and hope of the Labour movement and two hours later by the Sixth Session of the Punjab Motor Unions' Conference, held under the presidentship of Dr. Khan Saheb, the Frontier Congress Leader.

The Conference was preceded by a huge procession attended by representatives of almost all District Motor Unions.

Mian Iftikaruddin, the Punjab Congress M.L.A., who was chairman of the Reception Committee welcomed the delegates after which Dr. Khan Saheb in his Presidential Address criticised the measures taken by the Government in the Rail-Road question, which, he declared were to the detriment of the latter.

He discussed the impending measures affecting motor and bus traders, such as compulsory insurance of motor vehicles and the new Punjab Taxation Bill.

Sheikh Hissamuddin, the President and Pritamsingh Lambha, the Vice-President of the Punjab Motor Union stressed the importance of organising all the unions to counteract the influences acting against their interests.—A. P.

## *House-Searches For Communist Literature?*

JHANSI, May 1.

A number of searches were carried out last night, the eve of May Day, in connection, it is believed, with the distribution of communist literature in the name of the Communist Party of India. Among the places searched were the houses of secretaries of the Local Congress Committee and that of an ex-convict in the Meerut Conspiracy case. Nothing incriminating, it is stated, was found.—A.P.

## QUIET AT ALWAR

ALWAR, May 2.

The Tazia has been buried by Taziadars and the "Hartal" has ended.

The situation in Bahror is quiet.—A.P.

## *Kashmir Govt.*

SRINAGAR (Kashmir) May 3.

The Kashmir Government closes at Jammu to-day and reopens at Srinagar on the 10th.—A. P.

## NOTHING TRACED AS YET

CALCUTTA: May 3.

Further enquiries in connection with yesterday's explosion reveal that a sweeper boy, while picking up the rubbishes thrown out on the floor of the office-room, roughly handled some explosive substance lying hidden within the rubbishes, which exploded and caused injuries on his person.

The house of the sweeper boy was subsequently searched by the police but nothing incriminating was found.

Police seized from the room where the explosion occurred substances which are used in making the explosives. They were sent for examination by an explosive expert, whose report is being awaited.—United Press.

The Duke of Gloucester, who was accompanied by the Duchess, laid the foundation stone of the new Government buildings at Edinburgh on Thursday.

## Mayoral Election At Karachi

KARACHI, May 3.

The Mayoral elections are coming off to-morrow for which the four persons contesting are Mr. Lalji Mehrotra, a well-known Congressite, Mr. Hiralal Ganatra, the present Deputy Mayor, Dr. Rochiram Amesur and Mr. Durgadas Advani.

According to the rotation system in force in the Corporation this year it is the turn of Hindus.—A.P.

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.